THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. L., No. 188. Associated Press Service. ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1917.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. The Standard Southern Newspaper. Single copies, 5 cents. Daily and Sunday, 15 cents weekly.

STATE OF SIEGE DECLARED IN PETROGRAD

Italians Yield Under Mighty Blows

AUSTRO-GERMANS ONCE MORE DRIVE FOR VENICE PLAINS

In Fierce Fighting Around Monte Asolone Invaders, After Repeated Failures, Force Italians to Retire.

TEUTONS ARE TRYING TO CROSS PIAVE RIVER

At One Place Austro-Germans Crossed, But Were Driven Back to Water's Edge—Berlin Claims Capture of Over 2,000 Italians.

New York, December 19.—(By Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—The Austro-Germans have renewed in great strength their effort to pierce the Italian line and debouch upon the plains of Venetia, in the region of Bassano. In fierce fighting around Monte Asolone, in which the enemy again suffered severe losses and several times was repulsed, reinforcements in large numbers were brought up and the Italians were compelled to give ground. The fighting lasted throughout Tuesday and, according to the German war office, more than 2,000 Italians were made prisoner.

Likewise along the southern reaches of the Piave river, the invaders and the Italians are engaged in heavy fighting. A crossing of the Old Piave on pontoon bridges was successfully carried out by one enemy detachment, but later the Italians drove them back to the water's edge.

The fighting on the other fronts still remains below normal, although the artillery duels on various sectors continue intense. The artillery activity between the French and Germans in Champagne and in the mountainous regions near the Swiss border is increasing in volume, probably forecasting infantry attacks at an early date.

HEAVY FIGHTING AGAIN IN PROGRESS ON ITALIAN FRONT

Headquarters of the Italian Army in Northern Italy, December 19.—(By the Associated Press.)—Extremely heavy fighting has again developed both in the northern mountain region and along the lower Piave. The enemy has made five separate attempts to cross the Sile, or Old Piave. His main effort was about three miles above the mouth of the river, where pontoons and a bridge were used. The first party succeeded in getting across, but, after a series of furious attacks, were driven back to the water's edge, where it still is held.

Four other simultaneous attempts in the same region were repulsed in the main, but fighting continues, according to latest reports.

In the mountain region the enemy concentrated his whole pressure on the heights commanding the pass of San Lorenzo leading down to the plain and Bassano. He was repeatedly repulsed, but, with heavy reinforcements, succeeded in making some progress to the summit of one of the heights east of the Brenta river, and the Italian line was correspondingly retired.

The fighting was desperate, as both sides feel the importance of controlling this vital link leading to the plains.

Believed Line Will Hold.

With the French Armies in Italy, December 19.—(By the Associated Press.) There is growing confidence in the strength of the allied forces to hold back the Austro-Germans from breaking through into the plains. The snow, which after falling last week only in sufficient quantities to make the frontal positions plainly visible, but not enough to obstruct the enemy's progress, has now begun again, and, apparently, in earnest. Although the Austrians have had Bertia for three days, every desperate effort to advance has been frustrated.

A marked strengthening of the French positions since they took up their front has been noted, principally by greatly reduced casualties. The attacks have not ceased, nor lessened in violence, but the crack French troops have altered and deepened the trenches, on the one hand, making themselves more secure against the enemy and, on the other hand, are taking up positions that give them controlling observation advantages, such as the Austrians have

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Huge Army Repair Shop To Be Built In Atlanta Is Indicated by Dispatch

Dispatch From Washington Indicates That Work Will Commence on $2,000,000 Plant to Be Located Here.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HANDLED PROPOSITION

Will Be of Steel and Terra Cotta Construction, Covering 50 Acres, and Will Employ 1,500 Skilled Workmen—Five-Year Lease.

Major Edgar S. Stayer and Major Drury K. Mitchell, quartermasters' corps, N. A., now on duty in the office of the quartermaster general of the army, have been ordered to Atlanta in connection with the location of a site here for a $2,000,000 repair shop unit, the purpose of which is to keep in repair all equipment of the eight or ten army camps in the southeastern states.

Major Stayer and Major Mitchell recently came to Atlanta and informed the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce of the government's intention of such a repair shop unit in the southeast and asked for a proposition from Atlanta. The chamber of commerce offered the officers a site and guarantees which were said to be satisfactory. The announcement in a telegraphic dispatch from Washington Wednesday night that Major Stayer and Major Mitchell have been ordered back to Atlanta is taken to indicate that Atlanta's proposition has probably been accepted, although there has been no announcement.

One of Six Units.

President Ivan Allen, of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, who engineered the Atlanta proposition through its first stages, was delighted with the announcement of the dispatch, but stated that he had not been notified of an acceptance.

The repair shop unit contemplated by the war department is one of four to be built in the United States and two in France. It is probable that El Paso and Baltimore will be selected as sites for two of the other units in this country.

The repair shop unit requires a site of fifty acres, with accessibility to rail

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BUCKETSHOP FAKE SUSPECTS TRAPPED BY FARMER, B'GOSH

Detectives Believe Two Flashily-Dressed Men Arrested Last Night Are Responsible for Several Recent Swindles.

PROPOSED VICTIM ACTS ON ATTORNEY'S ADVICE

Georgia Farmer Led Alleged Swindlers on Until Time Was Ripe to Call in Sheriff and Make Arrests.

Last night O. J. Minter, a prominent Jasper county farmer, chuckled gleefully as he occupied an easy chair at a well-known hotel, while J. A. Bolton and R. B. Ross, classed by the sheriff's office and detectives as "two of the slickest crooks that ever struck Atlanta," occupied separate cells at the Tower. The three were the principals in a bucket shop game it is claimed, which developed splendidly as long as Mr. Minter played the role of simple Georgia farmer that he alleges Ross and Bolton took him for, but ended disastrously last evening at 6 o'clock, after he informed officers that the game was being staged, when Deputy Sheriffs Hardy, Mayfield and McKenzie made the arrests.

The detectives state they believe that in the arrests of Bolton and Ross they have men who have been operating bucketshop and race track games in this section for several weeks. This is the third case of the kind reported in the past two weeks.

The Stranger Approached.

Mr. Minter tells the story of his near

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CUT THE TAPE!!

GRAVE DISORDERS FOLLOW LOOTING OF WINE CELLARS

Lawless Elements Seem to Have Gotten Out of Control and Inaugurated Reign of Robbery in the Russian Capital.

ROSTOV IS OCCUPIED BY THE COSSACK FORCES

Reported That Gen. Kaledines, Leader of the Cossacks, Has Proposed Cessation of Civil Strife to the Bolsheviki, Stipulating Independence of Cossack Territory.

Petrograd, December 19.—The executive council of workmen's and soldiers' deputies has proclaimed a state of siege in Petrograd in an effort to repress disorders due to the looting of wine cellars and shops.

The commissioner of justice is preparing a decree reinstating the death penalty for "enemies of the nation."

Foreign Minister Trotzky has issued a decree stating that all consuls abroad are to be selected by the Russian colonies in the cities in which they reside, but that the ambassadors shall be named by the government at the Smolny institute.

The decree says that M. Nabokoff, ambassador in London, and M. Krupensky, ambassador at Tokio, must appear before the criminal court to answer to the charge of spreading false information regarding the armistice or that otherwise their lands will be confiscated.

M. Trotsky, in a speech dilvered today, laid down the responsibility for the suicide of General Skallon, former governor of Warsaw, and for the death of General Dukhonin on the shoulders of the allies and advisers of the imperial governments, who forced these men "to take the mad step of trying to prevent negotiations with the Germans regarding the armistice."

BOSTOV TAKEN BY COSSACKS.

London, December 19.—A Petrograd dispatch to The Post says the Cossacks finally occupied Rostov on Monday. The infantry joined the Cossacks, the rear guard surrendering.

General Kaledines, hetman of the Cossacks, has proposed to the bolsheviki government that civil strife cease, stipulating the independence of the Don territory and non-intervention by the maximalists.

A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says that a decree has been issued turning over the entire administration of the fleets to central committees.

RUSSIA WANTS RAILWAY MISSION.

Washington, December 19.—Private advices have been received from Russia by government officials, urging that the American railway mission not be withdrawn because the fulfillment of the United States' pledge to aid in improving Russian railroads was one way to maintain cordial relations with the people of that country.

Officials here said they did not know what evoked the cablegrams, as withdrawal of the engineers was not contemplated.

BILLY DECORATES HIS PULPIT WITH BIG SERVICE FLAG

Evangelist Receives Message That George Sunday Is Commissioned in Aviation Corps and Hangs Out Blue-Starred Flag.

By Paul Jones.

Announcing that George Sunday had donned the uniform of a lieutenant in the aviation service of the United States, Billy Sunday last night said that he now felt he was doing his bit, and asked permission of the great crowd of people to drape the pulpit with a service flag.

The tender affection of the evangelist for his oldest son is well known, and as he carefully placed the red flag with a blue star in its center upon the front of the pulpit, the crowd broke into tumultuous applause that lasted for several minutes. Billy was laying his love for his first born upon the altar of his country, and every man and woman in the building gave him their deepest sympathy and applause as he made the patriotic resignation.

He was on the subject of the Red Cross, which was represented by a large delegation, and which he praised in the highest terms, asking the cooperation of the people with what he termed the "grandest organization in the world." "Everybody should get behind the Red Cross," said he, and then related the fact that he gave $125,000, which was given him by the New York people to that organization. "It's a woman's war," said he, "and every building that I have anything to do with shall have carte blanc for anything that concerns the war.

"I am going to help all I can," said Billy, and he then told how George, his oldest son, who had been exempted from service on account of wife and babies, had said to him, "Dad, my country calls, and I want to enlist" "I want you to do it," Billy replied to his son, and told his boy he would take care of "Harriet and the two children" while he was away. The audience cheered.

Too Slow for George.

Then he continued: "George is in

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Failure Is Writ Large On Submarine Campaign Declares Naval Expert

18 BRITISH VESSELS SUBMARINE VICTIMS DURING PAST WEEK

Fourteen of Ships Were of More Than 1,600 Tons, and Three Under That Tonnage—One Fishing Vessel Sunk.

London, December 19.—Fourteen British merchantmen of more than 1,600 tons and three under that tonnage were sunk by mine or submarine during the past week, according to the admiralty statement tonight. One fishing vessel also was sunk.

The shipping losses by mine or submarine in the past week are slightly under those of the previous week, when 14 vessels of more than 1,600 tons and seven under that tonnage were destroyed.

One French Vessel Sunk.

Paris, December 19.—The losses to French shipping by mine or submarine for the week ending December 15 were exceedingly light. Only one vessel under 1,600 tons was sunk and none over 1,600 tons. One ship was attacked, but escaped. No fishing craft was sunk.

FRENCH CRUISER SUNK BY U-BOAT.

Paris, Tuesday, December 18.—The old French cruiser Chateau Renault, employed as a transport, was torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean on the morning of December 14 and the submarine which attacked her later was destroyed, according to an announcement made tonight by the French minister of marine. The passengers on the Chateau Renault, all of whom were

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Arthur Pollen Says That Ships Are at Last Being Built About as Rapidly as They Are Destroyed.

New York, December 19.—Arthur Pollen, British naval expert, who has sailed for Europe after spending six months in the United States, gave to the Associated Press a statement in which he said that the campaign of the allied navies against the submarine has at last resulted in keeping the world's ship tonnage from showing a monthly decrease, or will soon do so. Mr. Pollen gives credit for this success to the change in the chief command carried out by the British admiralty last spring and the participation of the American navy.

Allies Building Ships.

Mr. Pollen pointed out that six months ago the German submarines were causing a net attrition in the world's tonnage at the rate of nearly 25 per cent annually. While the present rate of attrition is difficult to estimate, it appeared that last month Great Britain launched as much tonnage as she lost; the first ship laid down by the United States since the war has been launched, and, within the next twelve months a substantial portion of the 6,000,000 tons provided for in this country will undoubtedly be afloat. Great Britain's shipbuilding program will similarly increase month by month, and moreover the campaign of the allied navies against the submarine will grow in value week by week, he said.

"The significance of this to the fortunes of war does not have to be pointed out," Mr. Pollen continued. "It means that Germany's flank attack on allied communications has failed and that there is no reason why ultimately the full military power of Great Britain, France and Italy, and more important of all, of the United States, should now be felt in the western theater of war This is a tremendous result."

Speaking of the change in the chief

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Ten-Year-Old Girl Leads Workers in Membership Drive

Atlanta Women Initiate Their Work in Red Cross Membership Campaign. Four-Minute Speeches at Theaters.

—"And a little child shall lead them."—Isaiah.

While across the waters yesterday there flashed the news to the Red Cross war council that hundreds of little children in northern France and Belgium were hungry and cold, a little Atlanta girl, Constance Cone, the 10-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Cone, made the best record in the Red Cross membership campaign, now being waged in Atlanta. She secured from Charles Marshall, of the Fielder-Allen company, a pledge for five $1 subscriptions for every month the war lasts.

Within the same hour the news came to R. H. Martin, chairman of the membership campaign committee, that 149 of the children, students of the Fulton high school, had joined the Red Cross.

Women Start Campaign.

While the women worked faithfully in the business section of the city, the

Continued on Page 4, Col. 5.

Avenged Murder Of Her Grandson By Killing Father

Aged Mrs. Bush Used Ax to Brain Sleeping Son--She Was Forced by Son to Aid in Boiling Grandson's Body.

Montrose, Col., December 19.—With the ax which her son, J. C. Bush, used to kill his 11-year-old son, Mrs. J. H. Bush, 72 years old, slew the father while he slept Sunday night, according to a confession Mrs. Bush made today. The murder of the child was discovered yesterday when Mrs. Bush told officers Bush had killed his son because the boy had stolen a sum of money. A daughter of Mrs. Bush visited the home after the murder and, after seeing suspicious bloodstains on the walls, reported the fact to the authorities, who began an investigation.

Mrs. Bush in her confession to the coroner says she was compelled to witness the murder of the boy and forced to assist her son in disposing of the dismembered body by boiling it in lye. After the murder, the confession says, Bush went to his room, taking the ax he had used with him, and went to sleep.

As Bush slept the mother entered the room and killed him with the ax, disposing of his body as he had disposed of his son's.

EIGHT SOLDIERS INJURED WHEN TRAINS COLLIDE

Baltimore, December 19.—Eight soldiers were injured shortly after midnight when two Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis railway trains met in collision near Baltimore highlands. The injured were brought on special trains to a hospital here.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light, variable winds.

Local Weather Report.

Highest temperature	46
Lowest temperature	26
Mean temperature	36
Normal temperature	44
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.00
Deficiency since first of month, ins.	2.13
Deficiency since January 1, inches	1.44

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	Temperature. High	Rain, 24 hrs ending Inches
ATLANTA, clear	44	46	.00
Baltimore, cldy	38	38	.00
Birmingham, clear	46	64	.00
Boston, cldy	34	34	.00
Buffalo, cldy	40	40	.01
Charleston, cldy	44	44	.00
Chicago, cldy	40	40	.00
Denver, clear	60	68	.00
Des Moines, cldy	42	46	.00
Galveston, cldy	54	56	.00
Hatteras, pt. cldy	42	46	.00
Jacksonville, rain	42	46	.00
Kansas City, cldy	44	44	.00
Knoxville, clear	42	44	.00
Louisville, clear	42	46	.00
Memphis, clear	52	54	.00
Miami, clear	62	72	.74
Mobile, clear	54	58	.00
Montgomery, clear	44	48	.00
Nashville, clear	44	48	.00
New Orleans, clear	54	60	.00
New York, cldy	38	40	.00
Pittsburg, cldy	42	42	.00
Portland, Ore., cldy	48	48	2.00
Raleigh, cldy	38	40	.00
San Francisco, p. c.	54	58	.00
St. Louis, cldy	48	52	.00
Shreveport, cldy	56	58	.00
Spokane, pt. cldy	40	46	.02
Tampa, cldy	54	64	.00
Toledo, cldy	38	42	.00
Vicksburg, pt. cldy	54	60	.00
Washington, cldy	38	40	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

USE THIS FORM TO SEEK MEMBERSHIP IN RED CROSS

Christmas Membership Committee,
Atlanta Chapter, Red Cross,
No. 1622 Candler Building, City.

Herewith find $.....for.....memberships in the Red Cross. ($1.00 for each membership.) Please send Red Cross flag to address below.

.....Street

.....Name

BUY YOUR RED CROSS MEMBERSHIP NOW!

COMMITTEE ACTS FOR NO INCREASES

Salary Committee Returns Ministerial Salary List to Council and Denies All Amendments Proposed by Councilmen.

When city council meets this afternoon to discuss the report of the salary committee with reference to the salaries of city employees holding ministerial positions, it will find itself in the same position it was before Monday afternoon's meeting, when the ministerial salary list was re-referred to the salary committee for consideration. This action had been taken because a number of amendments had been offered contemplating salary increases for officials for which no arrangement had been made by the salary committee.

At its meeting Wednesday afternoon the salary committee decided to return its original salary list without change or addition, denying all the amendments offered by councilmen.

The only changes recommended by the salary committee in the pay of ministerial positions were the following:

Recommended Changes.

Chief clerk to the comptroller, from $2,400 a year to $2,700; chief clerk to tax assessor, from $1,800 to $2,100; superintendent of Battle Hill sanitarium, from $1,800 to $2,100, and superintendent of the prison, from $1,800 to $2,100. These were on the original list prepared by the salary committee, and will be resubmitted to the council this afternoon.

The following is a list of the amendments that were referred to the salary committee and denied by them:

Recorder, from $3,000 to $3,600; city attorney, from $3,600 to $4,000; general manager of Oakland cemetery, from $1,800 to $2,100; tax collector, from $3,000 to $3,300; custodian of city hall, from $1,200 to $1,620; investigator for city attorney, from $1,620 to $1,800; assistant investigator, from $1,500 to $1,680.

While the members of the salary committee expressed themselves as favoring the increases they felt that the present condition of the city's finances would not warrant such action on their part.

In a number of instances the increases asked were only designed to restore the salaries to the amount they had been before the general salary reduction of a year ago.

A Lively Discussion.

There was a lively discussion over the amendment that had been offered to increase the salary of the city recorder from $3,000 to $3,600. Some of the members of the committee contended that it would be no more than right to restore this salary to $3,600, as this was the amount it had paid prior to the time Recorder Johnson was elected to the office. Friends of the recorder stated that the city had virtually hired him to a $3,600 position, but failed to live up to its agreement and paid him $600 a year less than he had a right to expect.

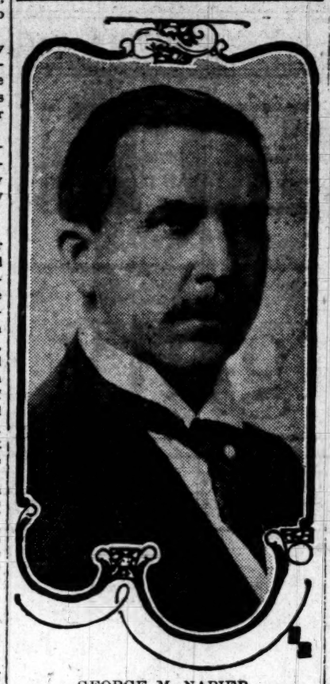
While the salary committee turned down the amendment to increase the salary of assistant investigator for the city attorney from $1,500 to $1,680, it is probable that council will place him with all other employees who are earning $125 or less, thus making him come under the scope of the new ordinance passed at Monday's meeting.

FOREIGN-BORN WARNED TO KEEP STILL TONGUES

New York, December 19.—Warning that if it becomes necessary to intern every enemy alien to win the war the government will not hesitate to act was given by Thomas D. McCarthy, United States marshal, in an address tonight to an audience composed chiefly of German-Americans. He urged his hearers to carry the message to their friends, "and tell them finally that America has never failed in anything she has undertaken."

"A man with six or seven generations of America back of him might have a right to express a grievance about conditions here," he said, "but a man who comes here from a foreign shore ought to be so grateful for his liberty here that he should go forth and cry this freedom from one end of the land to the other."

NAMED BY SHRINERS



GEORGE M. NAPIER.

CANNED GOODS SEIZED BY THE GOVERNMENT

Tampa, Fla., December 19.—Thirteen thousand dollars worth of canned goods comprising 3,000 cases of tomatoes from Baltimore and 1,300 cases from Bridgeville, Del., were seized by United States marshals here today on orders from the department of agriculture. It is alleged the tomato pulp was canned while in a decomposed state. The confiscated goods will be held until December 28 and destroyed if no claimants appear. The names of the consignees are not given in the libels filed here.

YAARAB SHRINERS ELECT G. M. NAPIER

Henry Heinz Named Chief Rabban—Affairs of Temple in Excellent Shape, With Membership of 2,654.

At the annual election of officers of Yaarab temple last night Colonel George M. Napier was elected potentate and was installed into office by the retiring potentate, Colonel Walter P. Andrews.

Other officers elected and installed were Henry C. Heinz, chief rabban; Ed M. Brown, asssitant rabban; Rev. Charles L. Bass, high priest and prophet; J. C. Joiner, oriental guide; James S. Floyd, treasurer; George E. Argard, recorder.

Past Potentate Forrest Adair, Potentate George M. Napier, Noble Henry C. Watkins and Noble Homer McClathey, of Rome, were chosen as representatives to the Imperial Council which meets in Atlantic City next June. This makes the nineteenth time Past Potentate Adair has been elected representative, being just one year short of being entitled to a life membership in the imperial council.

The report of the finance committee showed the financial affairs of the temple to be in excellent shape, despite large sums donated in the past year to charity. The total membership of Yaarab Temple is now 2,654, a gain of 264 members in the past year, and a total gain of over 500 during the two years of Past Potentate Andrews' administration.

BIG ARMY REPAIR SHOP TO BE BUILT IN ATLANTA

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and electric power facilities and water and sewerage. Upon this site not only the repair shop proper, but a small city of barracks and other necessary buildings for the accommodation of a small city of 1,500 skilled workmen is to be constructed.

The repair shop building is to be 700x700 feet, one story high, with a concrete floor space of eleven acres. There must be railroad sidings on three sides of the building.

Will Repair Everything.

In the building will be installed machinery for the repair of everything that the army uses from a coffee pot to an army truck. The labor will all be skilled and of a variety of workers, indicated by the scope of the work to be done in the shop. Army equipment from eight or ten camps is to be shipped to this shop for repair. It is estimated that the number of automobiles and trucks handled by the plant in a three-months project will approximate 7,000.

The entire shop unit is to be constructed at a cost of approximately $2,000,000.

When the army officers asked the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce for a proposition, President Allen, Secretary Walter G. Cooper and J. H. Ewing, of Smith & Ewing, immediately took the matter up and within twenty-four hours had found a site of the requirements outlined, with the exception that the eleven acres of the site which was to be used for the site of the shop itself was not graded. A guarantee of grading and of $10,000 to be used for this purpose was made.

Money Was Guaranteed.

President Allen stated Wednesday night that he is not yet at liberty to disclose the source from which this money was guaranteed, but that he would be able to do so within the next day or so.

It is understood that these guarantees and condition are all that are asked by the government, and that the government will extend the water mains and undertake such other improvements as may be needed to make the site utilizable.

Will Take Long Lease.

The government, if it decides to use the Atlanta site, will take a five-year lease on it, it is stated, and the shop building will be of a more or less permanent nature.

President Allen stated that he cannot disclose the location of the site until it is known officially whether or not Washington has accepted the site. An option is now held upon the site.

It is understood that the material for the building has already been bought and is ready to be shipped in such shape that the building can be constructed in standardized sections as rapidly as the material comes in. The shop building is to be of steel and terra cotta construction.

All the machinery, it is stated, has also been bought for the plant, and it is expected that the plant will be in operation within sixty days after the site for the unit has been definitely decided upon. The plant will require between 500 and 1,000 horsepower of electricity to operate it.

Washington Dispatch.

The entire proposition in so far as the chamber of commerce is concerned was arranged and closed within a period of twenty-four hours from the time the chamber was first notified that such a site was needed by the government. When the final data concerning Atlanta's proposition had been placed with the army officers the negotiations were then turned over to the public safety committee and the deal is now in the hands of that committee.

The following is the dispatch from Washington:

Washington, December 19.—(Special.)—Major Edgar S. Staver, quartermaster corps, and Major Drury K. Mitchell, quartermaster corps, national army, now on duty in the office of the quartermaster general of the army, has been ordered to proceed to Atlanta for duty in connection with the location of a site for a mechanical repair shop unit.

BUCKETSHOP FAKE SUSPECTS TRAPPED

Continued From First Page.

plunge into frenzied finance as follows: On Saturday he was in the lobby of the Winecoff talking to a soldier about his son, who is serving with the expeditionary force in France. Bolton, a flashily-dressed stranger, approached them, appeared affable and interested and joined the conversation. From the war Bolton switched the conversation to farming and quail shooting, according to Mr. Minter. He appeared particularly interested in the latter subject and intimated an invitation to shoot quail at the Minter farm, near Monticello, would be keenly appreciated.

When the conversation concluded Mr. Minter started across the street to the Aragon, where he was stopping. Bolton accompanied him and continued to talk about hunting, suggesting to Mr. Minter that he would like to visit him at Monticello. The invitation was extended and accepted. Bolton turned to depart, but suddenly discovered a pocketbook in a nearby chair, Mr. Minter states. The pocketbook was opened and contained a number of papers. To examine these carefully, Bolton suggested that they go to a room. Mr. Minter accepted the suggestion and they went to his room.

Bolton handled all the papers and among them he said was a card for "Mr. Ross" at the Ansley hotel, and this is what followed, according to Mr. Minter's story of the affair: They went to the Ansley, returned the pocketbook, papers and money. Ross appeared keenly appreciative and offered to reward Mr. Minter and Bolton with a $100 bill. Bolton declined the reward, stating that he and Mr. Minter were men of means and were glad to return the pocketbook.

Substantial Appreciation.

Ross then told them how he was engaged by a company to break up bucketshops and how he was succeeding. He declared that he had just made $15,000 that morning and that if they cared to share in the profits of another deal, in appreciation of their kindness in returning the pocketbook, he would permit them to do so. He immediately wrote two checks, one for $25,000 and one for $15,000, and started out for a bucketshop, which he alleged was nearby. Just as he approached the door he met an operator at one of the shops, a conference followed and it was agreed to turn the checks over to the bucketshop man with instructions as to how to put up the money. This was done and the operator departed.

Later, the report given the officers states, Ross suggested that Bolton and Mr. Minter go to the bucketshopp and get the winnings for the deal. Bolton suggested that, as the walks were covered with ice and Mr. Minter was a man of advanced age, he would go alone. This he did, but returned in a few minutes stating that the winnings, $70,000, were there, but the operator of the bucketshop refused to accept out-of-town checks. A conference followed in which Mr. Minter and Bolton were asked to be responsible for the $25,000 check and Ross agreed to assume liability for the $15,000 check.

A Plan of Action.

Mr. Minter left for his home to get the money and return. Arriving there he immediately conferred with his counsel, W. H. Key, of Monticello, and a plan of action was decided upon. They decided that Mr. Minter should return to Atlanta and meet the men, in the meantime notifying the sheriff.

He did not return early enough to suit Ross, however, who sent this message to Monticello:

"Everything fine. Come on soon as possible. Bolton has his. Wire me before you start."

Mr. Minter replied that he would be here Wednesday morning. He arrived, notified the sheriff, met the men in the morning, told them he had made arrangements to get the money and would have it if they met him at the Aragon at 6 o'clock.

Bolton and Ross were there promptly at 6 and so were Deputy Sheriffs Hardy, Mayfield and McKenzie and Mr. Key.

"It's all right; let's not make a scene here in the lobby," said Bolton as Deputy Sheriff Hardy made the arrest.

Everything Except Memory.

At the jail Bolton, whose clothes were tailored to the extreme of niftiness, posed as a tourist, declared his people owned the town of Boltonville, Wyo.; disclaimed acquaintanceship with Ross, denied being associated with Mr Minter in any proposed deal and finally said that if he were charged with any offense, he would "stand on his constitutional rights" and refused to answer questions.

Ross also made a fine appearance, and nature apparently endowed him with all the gifts a young man needs, except a memory. If he had talked with Mr. Minter or Bolton during the day he could not remember it, and just what train he arrived in Atlanta on and what road it traveled over had escaped his memory entirely, according to statements to the officers at the jail.

Following the examination both men were locked in the Tower in default of $5,000 bond each, which Solicitor Boykin requested they be placed under.

18 BRITISH SHIPS SUNK IN PAST WEEK

Continued From First Page.

either soldiers or officers, were saved. Ten members of the crew were lost.

The French cruiser Chateau Renault was laid down in 1896. She was 422 feet long, with a beam of 55.7 feet and displaced 7,898 tons. Her complement before the war was 600 men. Besides being used as a cruiser formerly, the Chateau Renault had been fitted as a mine layer.

SUBMARINE GETS CONVOYED STEAMER.

An Atlantic Port, December 19.—Sinking of the British steamer City of Naples, 3,714 tons, on December 5, while under convoy of destroyers, by a German submarine, was reported on the arrival here today of an American steamship. The British vessel was just ahead of the American ship when struck by a torpedo.

After the City of Naples was struck, destroyers dropped four depth bombs over the spot where the submarine was believed to have been. The American captain did not know whether these reached their mark and did not know what became of the crew of the British vessel.

SPANISH SHIP SUNK BY GERMAN SUBMARINE.

Paris, December 19.—The torpedoing by a submarine of the Spanish steamship Noviembre, 3,654 tons gross, is reported in a dispatch from Bairritz to The Excelsior, quoting advices received there from Bilboa. Thirty of the crew have been landed.

They say the ship was torpedoed without warning at night and that they were all thrown into the sea. After swimming about for an hour they were picked up by French patrol ships which put the submarine to flight.

Noted Outlaw Reforms And Dies as a Captain In the Salvation Army

Enid, Okla., December 19.—It develops on information made known today that Captain L. S. Starr, of the Salvation Army, who was found dead in his home here last Friday, was the noted reformed Oklahoma outlaw, Henry Starr, one of the last surviving members of the famous Starr band of robbers.

Following the breaking up of the band and of Henry Lee being sentenced to twenty-five years in prison here, it is said Henry Starr became converted at Topeka. He went from Kansas and Texas and engaged in Salvation Army work. It is said that once while living in Corsicana, Texas, he shot one man and killed another in a fight, but was acquitted of the charge. He was in Salvation Army work at Shawnee, Okla., before coming here two months ago.

WHEATLESS-MEATLESS DECLARED FAILURE

Oklahoma City, December 19.—Reports to Dr. Straton D. Brooks, state food administrator, and Mayor Overholser, of Oklahoma City, indicate that wheatless and meatless days here are virtually a failure, it was announced tonight. The failure of wheatless day reached such proportions, it was said, that bakers appealed to Dr. Brooks.

McAdoo Calls on Banks To Cash Without Charge Liberty Bond Coupons

Washington, December 19.—Secretary McAdoo tonight called upon all banks of the country to cash Liberty bond coupons without charging, saying that he had been informed that a few banks and trust companies were collecting money for this service.

Mr. McAdoo pointed out that the coupons are payable at any federal reserve bank on sub-treasury as well as at the treasury department here and that any national bank which is a general depositary of government funds is required to cash the coupons without charge.

"Though I realize," said Mr. McAdoo, "that the service rendered by banks and trust companies in cashing coupons is a substantial one, I am confident that no bank or trust company which is a depositary of the proceeds of Liberty bonds or treasury certificates of indebtedness will make a charge for collecting the coupons and paying the cash to the holder and it is my earnest hope that even those banks and trust companies which have not become such depositaries will perform this service without charge as a patriotic duty."

Wife Is Held Justified In Leaving Her Husband, Who Put Her With Huns

Chicago, December 19.—Judge Guerin ruled today that Mrs. Frederick Gelderman was justified in refusing to live with her husband when he insisted that they reside at his parents' home, where only German was spoken. He dismissed Gelderman's bill for divorce, which charged desertion.

Colds Cause Headache and Grip LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

Our Quality Home Made Bread / All Kinds
Surpasses the ordinary kind so far that if you once use it you will want none other.
GIVE IT A TRIAL.
The best is none too good for you, and that is what you get at
THE GLUTEN BAKERY CO.,
28 South Broad Street.

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.
For infants, invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

AUSTRALIA
Honolulu, Suva, New Zealand.
Regular Sailings from Vancouver, B. C. by the PALATIAL PASSENGER steamers of the
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
For full information apply Can. Pacific Ry., Healey Bldg., cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to General Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Use Constitution Want Ads

New January Numbers of
Columbia Records

From Concert Hall to Battle Front goes Percy Grainger.

The popular young Australian pianist, now "doing his bit" in a United States Army Band, is here introduced as an exclusively Columbia artist in his first record, Liszt's "Second Hungarian Rhapsody." An interpretation of charming individuality reproduced with an amazing fidelity that sets a new mark in pianistic recording. A6000—$1.50

Lazaro—flaming through "Di Quella Pira!"

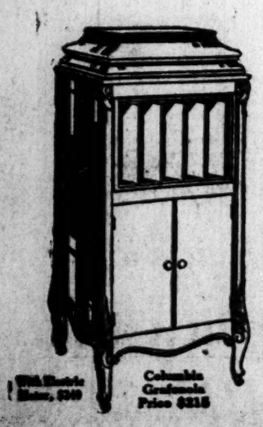
In this most dramatic song of Verdi's most dramatic opera, Lazaro gives us a thrilling example of the emotional possibilities of the human voice. A record that explains why opera audiences respond with such thunderous applause to Lazaro's singing of this solo. 47211—$2.00

Barrientos' Loveliest Love Song, "Caro Nome!"

For this record the celebrated Metropolitan Opera soprano has chosen "Caro Nome," from "Rigoletto," an aria that for over half a century has been continuously growing in popularity and adding to Verdi's fame as a master of melody. A beautiful song made more beautiful because a great artist has added simple sincerity of expression to a faultless technique. 48649—$3.00

Margaret Woodrow Wilson sings the People's Songs.

The daughter of our President has inherited his sympathetic understanding of the people. She has chosen to devote her genuine artistic talent to the simple songs everybody knows and loves. In a double record she gives this month most appealing renditions of "My Laddie" and "My Old Kentucky Home." A2416—$1.00



With Electric Motor, $240 — Columbia Grafonola Price $215

Sixty-five other numbers are included in this wonderful January list of Columbia records. Stracciari, Rothier, and Elena Gerhardt are also included among the artists. There are unusually fine selections of popular hits and dance music, as well as many specialties, including an absolutely unique record, "Life in a Trench in Belgium," a sensational word-picture of the great war.

Join the Red Cross today. 10 million new members by Christmas. All you need is a heart and a dollar.

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Every Month

Columbia Graphophone Company, New York

Buy well in advance—TODAY. Don't wait! Visit the store and select. You'll find everything you need.

You'll Find it at **Kamper's**
492-498 Peachtree Street.
Phone Ivy 5000

Order all your staples—Potatoes, Rice, Flour, etc., AT ONCE. Leave the last two days of the week for perishables.

Turkeys Fresh dressed on our premises. No finer Turkeys in the Atlanta Market. Sizes, 4 lbs. to 20 lbs. Order yours early. Price, per pound **35c**

Christmas Suggestions:

You'll find lots of good things on this list and many others in the store. Come and see. Order your supplies to last you through Christmas. The latter part of the week we'll make deliveries just as rapidly as possible. It is to your advantage to ORDER EARLY.

Christmas Candies
Stick Candy, in 2½-lb. boxes, per box 45c
Candy Novelties, each 20c
Assorted Candies, in small boxes, each . . . . .7c and 13c
Wiley's Candies, box . . . . . .50c and $1.00
Nunnally's Delicious Candies, assorted—½-lb., 45c; 1-lb., . .90c
Nunnally's Delicious Chocolate Covered Brazil Nuts, box . .$1.25
BLOCK'S CANDIES—In handsome boxes: Chocolates and Bon Bons—
½-lb. boxes . . .30c, 40c and 50c
1-lb. boxes . . .60c, 80c and $1.00
Large special boxes, each . .$3.50
MAILLARD'S CANDIES—Fancy boxes, each $1.00
Bitter Sweet Chocolate—½-lb., 75c; 1-lb. $1.25
Smooth Almonds, ½-lb. box . 50c
LOWNEY'S CANDIES — Fancy Christmas boxes, ½-lb., 50c; 1-lb. $1.00
Headley's Heart Shape boxes, ½-lb., 75c; 1-lb. $1.25
Headley's Nell Rose Chocolates, 1-lb. $1.00
U-All-No Mints, each . . . . . .15c, 25c and 35c
Marshmallows, per lb., 50c; 4-lb. box $1.50
Caramels, per lb. 40c
Calarab Candy Figs, lb. . . .30c
Also Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Crystallized Fruits
Red Cherries, per ¼ lb. . . .20c
Red Cherries, per lb. 60c
Pineapple Slices, per lb. 60c
Pineapple Slices, per 5-lb. box $2.75
Apricots, per oz., 10c; lb., $1.00
Angelique, per oz., 10c; lb. .$1.00
Ginger, ¼-lb. tins 20c
Ginger, 1-lb. tins 65c

Christmas Nuts
Mixed, standard quality, in 25-lb. boxes, each $5.50
Mixed, choice, 10 lbs. $2.40
Mixed, extra fancy, 10 lbs. . .$3.40
Almonds, hard shell, lb., 25c; 10 lbs. $2.40
Almonds, paper shell, lb., 35c; 3 lbs., $1; 10 lbs. $3.20
Brazil Nuts, lb., 25c; 10 lbs. $2.25
Filberts, lb., 25c; 10 lbs. $2.25
Hickory Nuts, lb., 10c; 10 lbs. 90c
Peanuts, raw, lb. 18c
Pecans, medium, lb. 40c
Pecans, large, lb., 50c; 10 lbs. $4.70
Pecans, Jumbo, lb., 60c; 10 lbs. $5.50
Walnuts, black, lb. 5c
Walnuts, English, lb., 25c; 10 lbs. $2.25

Fruit Cake
Our Own Baking is the FINEST QUALITY! In 2, 3 and 5-Pound Loaves.
Dark, per lb. 50c
Finest, per lb. 75c
Russian Style Fruit Cake, 5-lb. tins $3.50
Russian Style Fruit Cake, 2-lb tins $1.50
Sylvet Fruit Cake, 2-lb. tins $1.50
Pound Cake, per lb. 35c
Sponge Cakes, each 35c
Angel Cakes, each 50c
FRUIT CAKE MATERIALS

Plum Pudding
Individual tins, 15c; doz. . .$1.65
1-lb. tins, enough for six . . .40c
2-lb. tins, enough for 12 . . .75c
Hester Price, 2-lb. jars . . .$2.00
Plum Pudding Sauce, bottle . . . . . .50c and 75c

Christmas Fruits
Extra Fancy Western Apples, dozen . . . .40c, 50c, 60c and 75c
Per box, packed 88 to 125 to a box—
Roman Beauty, box $3.50
Spitzenberg, box $4.00
Stark's Delicious, box $4.00
Winter Bananas, box $4.00
Winesaps, peck 60c
York Imperial, peck 60c and 75c
Black Twig, peck 60c
Per barrel of 12 pecks . . . . . .$6.75 and $7.00
Malaga Grapes, lb. 40c
Red Emperor Grapes, lb. . . .30c
Fancy Grapefruit—Each 5c, 6 1-3c, 7½c, 10c, 12½c
Per box of 48, 54, 64 and 80 . . . . . .$4.56
Fancy Florida Oranges—
Per doz., 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c
Per box of 126, 150, 176 and 200 . . . . . .$5.00
Tangerine Oranges, dozen . . . . . .25c and 35c
Casaba Melons, each . . . . . 40c, 50c and 60c

Christmas Trees
Beautifully shaped Norway Spruce Trees, all sizes. Small Table Trees, Medium size Home Trees and Trees for large church functions.
PRICES ACCORDING TO SIZE
50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75. $2 and up.
Poinsettas, Wreaths, etc.

Mince Meat
Condensed, pkg., 13c; 2 for . .25c
Gotham, pints, each 60c
Gotham, quarts, each $1.10
G. & D., pints 75c
G. & D., quarts $1.40
Heinz, jars, each 35c

SNEAK THIEVES GET OVER $1,000 OF BOOTY

Mrs. J. R. Talbert, of 61 East Cain street, was the victim of a purse-snatching incident Wednesday night which the thieves secured a considerably larger haul than usual.

Near the corner of Ellis and Ivy street two negro boys, about 16 and 18 years old, grabbed her purse and disappeared up the dark street.

The purse contained valuables worth over $1,000, including a 2½-carat diamond pin, $45 in money, a Masonic emblem and a bar pin set with diamonds. The city police were immediately notified.

38 WHITE DRAFT MEN START FROM MOULTRIE

Moultrie, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Colquitt county sent 38 white selectmen to Camp Gordon today. The men went on a train which left at a very early hour; but, despite this fact, a large crowd was at the station to see them off. It was the fourth and largest contingent Colquitt county has yet furnished to the national army.

Delay About Ordnance For the American Army Placed On Government

Manufacturers Spent Millions to Anticipate War Needs and Then Ordnance Bureau Would Not Give Orders.

WE'RE NOT INTERESTED, SAID ORDNANCE CHIEFS

Months of Delay Also Caused by Change in Rifle. Witnesses, However, Say the New Rifle Is Much Better Than the Old Gun.

In their evidence today the manufacturers said efforts to get the ordnance bureau to give its orders for guns on the certainty that war was coming, were futile, and after the war was started delaying changes in specifications were made.

Vice President Stoddard, of the Marlin Arms corporation, declared that when he offered to begin work on guns on the certainty that war was coming, Colonel Rice, of the ordnance bureau told him: "We're not interested."

"It was utterly impossible to make the ordnance department realize the possibilities of war," said Mr. Stoddard, "and we simply folded our tents and went home."

After the manufacture of rifles began, it was testified, Colonel Thompson wanted to delay production several months by insisting on new standards, but the manufacturers appealed to General Crozier, chief of the bureau, and went ahead with the work.

Several months' delay in supplying rifles, private ordnance manufacturers testified, resulted from the war department's decision to modify the Enfield type. Factory machinery changes, the committee was told, reduced the output of Enfields for England, and production will not return to maximum until next May.

Delay About Contract.

A contract with the war department to produce modified Enfields was not completed until last July, President Henry S. Kimball, of the Remington company, testified. It was October, he said, before machinery changes could be completed to begin output.

Delays in congressional appropriations, Kimball also stated, further delayed the output. His firm hesitated to take a contract in the absence of definite appropriations.

The new modified rifle and also the American ammunition, Vice President Tyler, of the same concern, testified, are regarded as superior to British types. After war was declared in April, he stated, the war department immediately began negotiations with them to devote their factories, engaged on a British contract for 400,000 Enfields, to make the modified American type.

"The committee cannot understand why with war imminent in March no contract was made until July," said Senator Hitchcock.

If the department had not decided to modify the British Enfield type, Mr. Kimball said, his firm could have turned out the British type virtually without delay, but both he and Mr. Tyler said the new American rifle is superior, largely due to its ability to use much better American cartridges.

Both manufacturers declared it a "very wise move" to adopt the new type, notwithstanding the delay in production.

"It would have been too bad and a great mistake to have retained the old rifle, compelling continued use of much inferior ammunition," said Mr. Kimball.

Senators Hitchcock and Wadsworth asked if it would not have been better to insure that American, British and French ammunition should be interchangeable.

"If your policy of preparedness had been started early enough it would be possible," Mr. Kimball answered, adding that rifle machinery in the Remington plants was bought from England by the war department.

"The change in the rifle was absolutely justified by the facility to use the much superior American ammunition," he said.

Turning to machine guns the manufacturers said they were making the new Browning gun, "the finest ever seen."

Bureau Wouldn't Listen.

How private manufacturers anticipated government needs and spent millions in preparation without orders or with only informal verbal arrangement at most, was told by Vice President Louis E. Stoddard, of the Marlin corporation.

In February, Stoddard said, on verbal orders from Rear Admiral Earle, work on 5,000 machine guns was begun.

Stoddard said he offered to sell machine guns to the department for $500 each, but it was turned down. Since, under orders placed, the contract cost was twice that sum.

Delivery of the new light Browning guns for airplanes under an order given by the war department three weeks ago, is expected to begin this month, Stoddard said. The new Browning gun, he declared, is "absolutely the best ever invented."

If the war department, when asked for orders last February, had given them, Stoddard added, by today 40,000 Colt machine guns could have been delivered.

"The ordnance bureau simply wouldn't listen, wouldn't give any orders," he said.

Delay in producing the modified Enfield rifle, because of the war department's negotiations, was explained by Vice President Otterson, of the Winchester company. Negotiations began last April, he said, and contracts were not let until July 12. Deliveries began in August.

Before receiving orders, Mr. Otterson said, his company began in April to make 10,000 new Enfields, on a chance they would be satisfactory. The first large order was by written instructions from General Crozier, he said, on May 24.

Insisted on New Standards.

Then, the witness said, Colonel Thompson, of the ordnance bureau, insisted upon new and higher standardization, which would have delayed production between two and six months.

General Crozier then was called into conference with the manufacturers and decided production should proceed.

His firm, Otterson said, began deliveries in August, a month after signing of contracts, when new orders were received from Major Woodbury to push production, regardless of the new standardization requirements. His firm, Otterson stated, is two months ahead of deliveries.

Manufacture of rifles, Otterson said, was delayed by the war department's insistence upon greater interchangeability of parts.

"It was not insisted upon, finally," he added, "but all the uncertainty, the discussion and the change of standards resulted in delay probably of two months."

Otterson appeared disinclined to criticise either Colonel Thompson or General Crozier for arbitrary interference with the manufacturers' voluntary organization, but said early lack of official direction and organization had delayed rifle production.

Negotiations for manufacture by his firm of light Browning machine guns were begun last August, the witness stated, but none have been delivered. Within a month, he said, deliveries will begin and reach full capacity within four months.

Senator Hitchcock asked why the war department delayed in ordering Browning guns. The witness said that if orders had been received in May, deliveries might have been begun in September, indicating a delay of three months.

Ahead on Rifle Deliveries.

Charles H. Schlacks, general manager of the Remington plant at Eddystone, Pa., said his factory was far ahead on rifle deliveries. Manufacture began, he said, based only upon an informal understanding with General Crozier in June, and preparations had been started in April and $500,000 spent before a formal order was received. His deliveries began in September.

No war department order, Mr. Schlacks said, had tended to retard his plant's production. Colonel Thompson's demands for greater standardization, he stated, caused no appreciable delay, nor did the decision to modify the British Enfield rifle.

The new American rifle, Mr. Schlacks said, emphatically, is infinitely superior to the British type.

"There is no comparison in reliability or functioning," he said.

After the former German ambassador was dismissed, Mr. Schlacks said, he came to Washington and called attention of the house military committee members to the probability of war. He told them his factory was available to make rifles, but did not discuss the matter with the ordnance bureau. He heard nothing from that bureau, he said, until April.

Beat Department Thinking.

"We thought rifles would be required," the witness said, "but the ordnance bureau knew we had an available plant."

"But you thought of it before the war department," suggested Senator Chamberlain.

Before taking the war department contract, Mr. Schlacks said, his firm had finished a large British order, but that they had always been dissatisfied with the British Enfield type, believing it of faulty design and difficult in functioning. The United States, he said, bought the rifle machinery in his plant from England at a reduction of 50 per cent from original cost, which was about $10,000,000.

"PHONEY" CHECKS GET PRIVATE 12 MONTHS

By Frank Craigie.

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Gordon, O. Fretwell, a private in Company C of the 117th Machine Gun battalion, formerly of the First Georgia infantry, has been found guilty by a general court-martial of negotiating bad checks in Georgia and Florida and of escaping while a prisoner in the First Georgia guardhouse at Camp Harris last September.

Fretwell is sentenced to dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of all pay and twelve months at hard labor at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

The financial transactions which involved Fretwell in his trouble occurred at Wilachoochee, Quitman and Columbus, Ga., and Lake City, Fla.

NAB MAN FOR MAKING "DUTY" FOR SOLDIERS

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Gus Green ,a white man, will be careful who he undertakes to arrange "dates" with in the future between women of his acquaintance and men he does not know, for Green's lack of caution resulted in his being bound over to the dfeeral court under bond of $1,000 to await a hearing on the charge of violating hte order of the secretary of war against operating a lewd house within 5 miles of an army camp.

Green is alleged to have directed two provost guards to a room in a local hotel occupied by two white women. The provost guards notified the city detectives and they placed Green under arrest. Green claimed one of the women as his wife and the other as his sister-in-law. No charges have been made against the women.

BOOKS

Why not Books?

There is no message of love, good will or friendship that cannot be conveyed IN-A-BOOK.

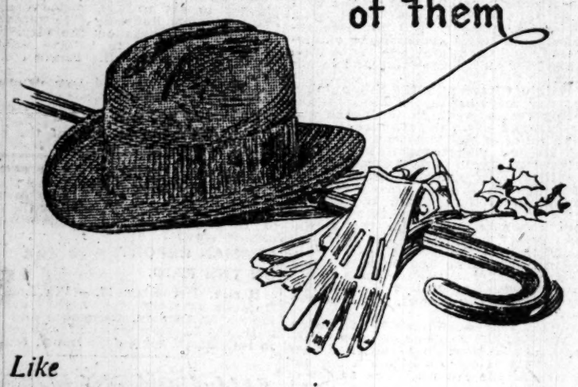
We have all the new and popular gift books.

Prices 50c to $1.50

Sou. Book Concern

71 Whitehall St.

The little things that count—we'll show you a fine range of them



Like Precious Stones--- they count for the very pink of refinement.

Such a gift is an expression of the good taste as well as the regard of the giver.

Touch up his wardrobe in the spaces where **you know** your gift will fit—there's ever this sort of niche in every man's list of personal effects—such a cue will just "hit the spot."

Try one of these pictured here ---or, others that we will take pleasure in showing you.

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

3-5-7 Whitehall

Imported Shirtings--- Exclusive

Shirts to Individual Measure

The individual who enjoys wearing shirts of exclusive pattern and color will find many rare fabrics in this line of foreign materials.

Superb make and perfect fitting garments are responsible for the reputation we have gained. Samples will be mailed to those residing out of the city.

JEWELL SHIRT COMPANY

34½ PEACHTREE—3D FLOOR

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

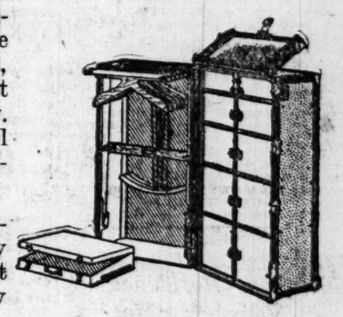
Atlanta——New York——Paris

In the Very Nick of Time

Wardrobe Trunks Reduced 20 Per Cent

Occasionally good dreams come true. This is such an occasion. If you had ordered it according to your own ideas, it could scarcely be more to your liking. Here are wardrobe trunks, finest in the land, at reductions. 20 per cent clipped from prices already fair, already low. It's an event to adjectiveize, and really we feel like clapping on all sails and rushing into 72-point type!

Mendel Drucker, Hartmann and Seward-robes—the very classics of travel things. They are beautifully done, inside and out. Now that they are reduced, gift givers and travelers may luxuriate in savings.



Kindly Note

Fitted, semi-fitted Suit Cases and Overnight Traveling Bags—perhaps the largest variety in the South.

$100 Trunks at $80. $50 Trunks at $40.
$90 Trunks at $72. $45 Trunks at $36.
$80 Trunks at $64. $35 Trunks at $28.
$60 Trunks at $48. $30 Trunks at $24.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Atlanta——New York——Paris

This Man Bought Furs

We sell furs as we do everything else, at a fair, legitimate profit above first cost. It is important to know that, for we take it that you do not care to buy furs from a shop that does not make money. The unwholesome atmosphere of an unsuccessful business is not exactly the right place to put one's good Fur money; it is not likely to buy the utmost.

Now that Christmas is just over the top it is fine to know that the variety offers picking as rare as at any time this season. Sets, coats and separate pieces of distinction, style and character; the rich, soft, caressing and exclusive qualities that so satisfy the soul of woman.

Yesterday a man came in and surrendered himself. He had braved the mysteries of a department store. He wanted a set of Furs for his wife. He knew nothing of Furs, and he admitted it. He went away very happy in the ownership of Furs that will make someone else very happy before sunset on December 25. His confidence was well placed. He bought Furs **right**. So will every other man who yields to generous gift impulses, and who buy Furs at Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose's.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. Atlanta New York, Paris Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

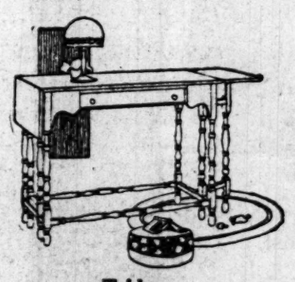
Going to Give Furniture?

It is ingratiating furniture, possessing the trick of winning your friendship. Through the press of the day's business there arises a vision of evening at home, by the hearth, in the deep and expansive comfort of your Morris chair. Shades of William Morris! How many crimes are perpetrated by chairs so called! It is a reverend name, at once an inspiration and an incentive to Furniture makers worthy of their salt; it is such makers that have supplied us. $25 to $40.

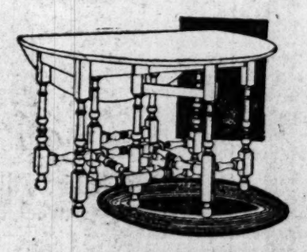
Other Furniture, expressly for her.

We have illustrated a few of the pieces with which this Furniture Store abounds. It is a gala gift shop just now, filled with buyers bent on making their Christmas gifts substantial, beautiful and yet economical, knowing as they do, that there is no economy, but woeful extravagance in any but substantial Furniture. If it costs a few dollars more, it lasts long years more. A little foresight will save a lot of money.

Morris Chairs $25 to $40

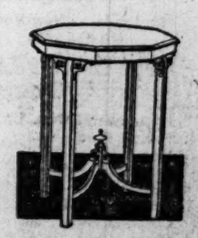


Tables $22 to $60



Gate Leg Tables $23 to $55

Tea Wagons $14.50 to $44



Tables $4 to $40

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

SANITATION WORK TO START IN CITY

U. S. Public Health Service Will Shortly Open Campaign Against Insanitary Conditions in Atlanta.

Atlanta is going to have a cleaning up such as Panama witnessed following the establishment of the United States public health service in the Canal zone. The same arm of the government that cleaned up Panama will clean up Atlanta, and will be assisted in the work by Red Cross officials and the city sanitary department.

This fact was made public by Lieutenant W. K. Sharp, of the United States public health service, Wednesday night. Lieutenant Sharp stated that the zone surrounding Camp Gordon has been under a process of sanitation which is nearly completed and it will not be long before a force of sanitation experts is organized to work in Atlanta.

"The three most important things to be considered in sanitation or disease-prevention," said Lieutenant Sharp, "are proper sewage disposal, food supply and water supply. The paramount factor of all sanitary work is the matter of sewage disposal. The greatest care must be exercised to prevent the water supply from being contaminated by sewage.

"Then there is the food supply. It is our intention to co-operate with the dairies and show the dairymen how to keep their milk clean and wholesome. Impure milk is a prolific cause of disease.

"We also give the restaurants considerable attention and show the proprietors the government standard of cleanliness and sanitation. If the restaurants come up to this standard they will be given a card, or certificate, showing that it is a good place in which to eat. These cards will be highly prized, as it will be recognized that restaurants that cannot display them do not come up to the standard of the government."

The officials who will conduct the sanitary campaign in Atlanta will also give careful consideration to the neighborhoods where very poor people live.

In all their work they will have the hearty co-operation and assistance of trained Red Cross workers, and nurses of the Red Cross will look after the destitute sick in the more squalid sections of the city. It is probable that during the campaign a series of illustrated lectures will be given to show that an ounce of sanitation is worth a pound of medicine.

Mrs. Kate H. Orme Died at Residence Wednesday Morning

The funeral of Mrs. Kate H. Orme, widow of the late A. J. Orme, will take place at the home of her son, A. J. Orme, 915 Peachtree street, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Orme, who has been an earnest and devout worker in charitable and church circles, died Wednesday morning at her home, 17 East Eleventh street.

She is survived by her son, A. J. Orme; her daughter, Miss Evelyn Orme; her mother, Mrs. A. A. Harman; two sisters, Mrs. Mary H. Randall and Mrs. A. H. Cox, and her brother, Charles A. Harman.

The pallbearers will be Bolling H. Jones, Spencer R. Atkinson, H. H. Cabiniss, Allen F. Johnson, W. D. Ellis, Sr., John M. Green, H. R. Durand, Walter T. Colquitt. Dr. C. W. Daniel, pastor of the First Baptist church, will officiate at the funeral service.

VAUDEVILLE OPPOSED TO LIGHTLESS NIGHTS

Washington, December 19.—Request by vaudeville theaters for exemption from the recent lightless night order on the grounds that their patriotic service deserves recognition was denied today by the fuel administration. The theaters had cited the fact that they had permitted use of their stages by Four-Minute Men and by solicitors for Liberty Bonds, Red Cross and other patriotic funds.

Replying to the request Fuel Administrator Garfield today wired the Vaudeville Managers' Protective association at New York:

"Although appreciating the patriotic services rendered by vaudeville houses to the country, we cannot permit exceptions in your favor allowing excessive use of fuel to generate power. War demands for coal are largely in excess of limited production. It is unfair to the pubic to allow display advertising. We rely upon your patriotic co-operation to induce your members to comply loyally with our ruling."

Unitarian Pastor Replies To Sunday In Open Letter

Rev. Ralph E. Conner Criticises Billy Sunday's Methods and Hopes Evangelist Will Undergo a Second Conversion.

Rev. Ralph E. Conner, pastor of the Unitarian church, who last Sunday in his sermon accused Billy Sunday of "camouflaging" and other alleged shortcomings, again "bobs up," as he expresses it himself, in an open letter to Mr. Sunday in which he further unburdens himself concerning the evangelist's ministrations.

Rev. Conner accuses the evangelist of being unduly irritated by the reported remarks of the Unitarian minister and after remarking that it is "the hit bird that flutters," he continues:

"As one who has followed your career with much interest, I notice that you are pursuing the same tactics here as in other sections of the country. You take the liberty to denounce all those who disagree with your crass and fossilized theology and when they protest against such treatment, you uncork the vials of your wrath and vomit your voluminous vocabulary of violent vituperation. You say you have no time to reply to your critics, but you always take time to shower them with scurrilous epithets. When you cannot answer an argument you throw a brick. Reprobates, liars, yellow dogs, skunks are the forcible if not elegant expressions that you apply to fellow-Christians who disagree with you. Believe me, all these hard names with which you exhaust the whole menagerie come home like your other chickens to roost and react like boomerangs upon your own head. We leave it to our mutual readers as to which one of us is most like the animal which, when opposed, emits a fetid fragrance and makes its escape in an enveloping stench."

Evangelist Does Harm.

Mr. Conner then quotes Jane Addams to the effect that "the essence of immorality is to consider oneself an exception," and accuses the evangelist of attempting, unsuccessfully, to have the thirty thousand soldiers at Camp Gordon during the grand review, "stop, look and listen" while he preached.

When Mr. Sunday first came to Atlanta Mr. Conner says he prayed for the success of his efforts, but later on was forced to express the hope that Sunday might do as much good as harm because he became convinced that the evangelist was doing a vast amount of the latter.

The evangelist is next accused of committing the unpardonable sin every day of his life, in attributing a right deed to a wrong and unworthy motive, telling a son of God that he is the child of the devil.

"When you took Robert Ingersoll's address bodily," continues Mr. Conner, "and called it your own, as the fatal parallel columns prove, and which you have never denied, you violated the commandment, 'Thou shalt not steal.' It does not answer for you to say that you appropriate everything good wherever you find it. Thought is common; expression is not. He who takes the output of my mind without giving me credit is as guilty as he who seizes the finished product of my hands or he who filches my purse. In God's sight and in ours and in your own heart you know that you are a guilty man.

Makes Hell Attractive.

"You have the boldness to come down to our southland and give as your very own, without question marks, unless you held your two fingers up on either side of your head as you delivered it, what the papers called your eloquent tribute to Robert E. Lee. Yes, it was a wonderful encomium, but it was not yours. Word for word you took that from Benjamin Harvey Hill's tribute to Lee and Davis, delivered here in Atlanta, February 18, 1874, before the Southern Historical society, and printed in the Library of Southern Literature, volume 6, page 2396, second paragraph."

Quoting the evangelist's statement that he had not been alone with a woman for the last thirty years, Mr. Conner declares this statement is an insult to every pure woman in the country. "Millions of men who do not claim conversion," he says, "are not afraid to meet any woman alone and they could do it without being conscious of sex for one moment. Better get converted again, and here's hoping that it will take deeper and better next time."

In closing, Mr. Conner thanks Mr. Sunday "for helping make hell so attractive; you have consigned so many good men there." He also thanks the evangelist for making "my own church prosperous. Since you came the congregations have been larger and the interest deeper than I have ever seen before. This seems to be the unanimous testimony of all our liberal ministers everywhere."

In conclusion Mr. Conner wishes Mr. Sunday a merry Christmas and a happy New Year.

BILLY DECORATES HIS PULPIT WITH BIG FLAG

Continued From First Page.

the aviation corps, and those aeroplanes only go about 125 miles an hour, which is too slow for him. I am also having a hard time to hold down Billy, Jr., who is only about 17 years old, and I am afraid he will be down here trying to join an aviation corps soon."

When the cheering had subsided, Mr. Sunday introduced Lieutenant W. K. Sharp, of the national public health department, who has come to Atlanta to make a health survey of the city. The lieutenant explained his work in one of the most entertaining five-minute talks that has been delivered at the tabernacle. He displayed not only a knowledge of his subject, which proved most interesting to the people, but gave them a fine sample of his wit and humor. His talk made such a hit with the audience that when he turned and surrendered the platform to Billy Sunday, the evangelist declared, shaking his head, "I can't preach after you."

Lieutenant Sharp declared that it was the purpose of the government to look into the restaurants of the city, and attach cards to those which were so conducted as to be fit for a white man to eat in; to inspect the dairies, and to see that these were kept clean and not made a prolific source of disease; to co-operate with the Red Cross nurses in going among the poor people and instructing them about contagious and infectious diseases, and how to cure as well as to prevent them.

Various Announcements.

After Lieutenant Sharp had finished, Billy said that the people might as well co-operate with the work the health officer had just explained, as the government would put it over, anyway. "It's going to be done, with or without your consent," said he.

Mr. Sunday then announced that Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, would sing in the Auditorium in this city Saturday night, and said that all the white people could go and hear her, while he preached to the colored folks at the tabernacle.

Rody announced the annual debate that is held by the Boys' High school, which takes place today at 1:30 o'clock in the City Auditorium, and urged the people to hear the boys debate the subject, "Resolved, That the United States should have entered the war sooner."

Just after the song service, John J. Eagan, chairman of the tabernacle finance committee, took the platform and made an appeal for a good free-will offering for Billy Sunday, when the collection is taken next Sunday, Mr. Eagan spoke of the great godo that had been accomplished by the evangelist and his party in this city, and said that the people would get out of the meeting good in proportion to what they had put into it. He was cheered by the people as he closed his fine address.

Mrs. Asher and Rody gave the people "In the Garden," the beautiful duet which has proven one of the most popular musical numbers that have been heard during the meeting.

A Bouquet For Billy.

A beautiful bouquet of cream roses was presented to Mr. Sunday by the Epworth league of East Point, and was acknowledged in fitting terms by Rody for the evangelist.

Dr. H. C. Morrison, of Kentucky, the dean of southern evangelists, and a popular figure in Atlanta, prayed most eloquently before Mr. Sunday began his sermon.

Mr. Sunday addressed the people on "What Must I Do to Be Saved," which proved to be another of his most forceful sermons. It was delivered in the evangelist's faultless style, and carried deep conviction to those who heard it. About two hundred people hit the trail, among whom were a large number of soldiers from Fort McPherson, who had come in a body to hear the sermon.

Another interesting delegation present was the Southern Methodist Evangelists, who have been in session in this city for two days. They were introduced to the audience and cheered as they stood.

The closing prayer of the service was led by "Bob" Jones, one of the best known evangelists of the south, whose home is in Montgomery, Ala., and who was introduced to the people as the successor of Sam Jones. Mr. Jones prayed a most beautiful prayer, in which he asked the blessing of the Almighty upon Billy Sunday and his work.

The following delegations were present last night:

Delegations Present.

American Hat company, D. A. R., Epworth League, East Point M. E. church; Fort McPherson, Methodist Evangelists, Red Cross, Business Men, Business Women, Doctors and Nurses, Industrial, Soldiers, Secretaries.

NO CHANCE AFTER DEATH, SAYS BILLY

"There is no chance to repent after death," says Billy Sunday, "and he who preaches it not only preaches a lie, but he removes the motive for morality."

This and other strong statements were included in a sermon Mr. Sunday preached Wednesday afternoon to a large crowd on the subject, "No Chance After Death."

To take away the assurance of punishment after death and lead men to believe that they have a chance to repent and be pardoned after they have been placed in the grave, the evangelist declared, would be to loose the floodgates of folly. "Old sinners wouldn't give a rap for virtue and law. Take away hell and see what would happen to this old world in forty-eight hours," said he.

"He who preaches the doctrine of repentance after death and that there is no hell encourages people to live in indulgence and sin," he declared.

Hell Proper for Sinner.

That it is right and proper that there should be a hell, the evangelist said he believed just like he approves of jails and prisons for those who violate the law on earth. For any man who persistently refuses to heed the laws of God and to take advantage of God's willingness to save, he said, "Hell's a square deal."

He took a rap at the new thought and the new theology that excludes hell from its teaching, and said that such teaching had soothed the people into somnolence with regard to spiritual things. "You can't believe in rewards without believing in punishments," said Billy, "and if there's no hell, then there's no heaven."

Billy declared many people argued that God was too good to send people to hell, and that He would not punish sinners everlastingly for that reason. "You little fool," cried Billy, "how can you say that God is not just? God will boost a sinner if he will only climb, but God Himself cannot pardon a sinner while he is in a state of rebellion."

Raps Universalists.

The evangelist gave the Universalists and the teachers of probationism a rap when he said: "Universalism is a lie, and probationism is a lie."

Mr. Sunday showed that all ancient nations included punishment as well as rewards in their beliefs, and that although many modern pulpits and polite society had banished the word, the fact did not put hell out of business. "Hell is the basis of Christianity," said he, "and the plan of redemption would be senseless without hell." If you read a book, or hear a sermon or a lecture that do not contemplate hell as a part of the universe, those who speak or wrote have uttered lies, according to the evangelist.

He ended his sermon with a tribute to the old-fashioned religion that he said men learned at their mother's knees; the old-fashioned plan of salvation and the old-fashioned hell.

After the service the evangelist went with Rodeheaver and Brewster to Camp Gordon, where they were to entertain the soldier boys at 3:30 o'clock.

TEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL LEAD THE WORKERS

Continued From First Page.

women of Atlanta initiated their part of the membership campaign.

They began by morning speeches in the Red Cross work rooms and at Red Cross house Mrs. Linton Hopkins, chairman of the day. Madame O. K. Slifer spoke at the Red Cross work room, she standing for the two flags, the one of her native France, the other the Stars and Stripes.

Mrs. Spencer Atkinson spoke at the Red Cross house yesterday afternoon. There were women four-minute speakers in all the movies during the afternoon, and last night Billy Sunday finished the patriotic program designed for Woman's day, when he paid high tribute to the work of women in the Red Cross. He had to inspire his eloquence the upturned earnest faces of several thousand earnest women, who occupied seats reserved for Red Cross workers and sympathizers.

In their midst were Mrs. Preston Arkwright, Mrs. Robert Foreman and Mrs. Linton Hopkins, who are leading the women's part of the membership campaign.

The Day's Work.

During the day yesterday only a partial report of the activities of the men's committees could be secured, but these indicated a splendid response on the part of the business sections of the city, while the ward committees, under the chairmanship of Mrs. E. H. Ginn, had only begun their work.

Lindsay Hopkins was among the individual citizens taking out a life membership for $50. Mrs. A. L. Waldo reported a life membership, and several others have been secured but not reported. From the Grant building Mrs. J. J. Oglesby reported 121 members. The committee of women at Cone's Drug store reported 63; the Fourth National bank, 35; Mrs. H. L. Schlesinger's committee at Davison-Paxon-Stokes, 87 members.

The Norris Candy company, Frank Lowenstein, manager, reported 85 members. Mrs. Marion Harper reported 148 from the Atlanta National bank. The Carter Electric company reported 85; the Tripod Paint company, 18; the Cable Piano company, 64; the Dixie Seal and Stamp company, 10.

Partial reports from the automobile companies credit the Buick committee with 60 members; the Hudson, 70; the Oakland, 170; the Cadillac, 70; Crumley-Sharp company, 41; the Goodrich Tire company, 85; the Goodyear company, 59; Hudson Motor company, 63; Prestolite, 20.

Woman's Voice in the Movies.

Although the heroine of the movies in her silent interpretation is all-satisfying to the hundreds who go, it was a stirring incident to hear a woman's voice in the Atlanta movies yesterday. Between the reels in the afternoon there were four-minute women speakers, appointed by Mrs. Linton Hopkins to start the women's part of the membership campaign. In well trained voice and earnest tone they made eloquent pleas for the Red Cross. The Red Cross, they explained, is the way that all the world at home can help fight it out, while the brave ones who can go are at the front.

The work of the Red Cross was briefly told, and the way the money is being spent, human interest stories were told, and the war brought right home to the very hearts of the people who heard these patriotic Atlanta women speak. Among the speakers were: At the Lyric and the Grand, Mrs. Edward T. Brown; at the Strand, Mrs. W. C. Jarnagin; at the Vaudette, Mrs. Frank Inman and a committee; Mrs. Frederick T. Hodgson and Mrs. Preston Arkwright at the Criterion; Miss Caroline Cobb, at Alamo No. 2; Mrs. Ransom Wright, at the Rialto; Miss Sarah Mays, at the Odeon, and Mrs. Ulric Atkinson, at the Forsyth.

The Message From Halifax.

While the Red Cross committees were busy soliciting on the streets, and the women pleaded for the cause in the movies, the question, oft asked, "What becomes of the Red Cross funds already collected?" was being answered in the following stirring article in the last edition of The Survey:

"Thank you. Send one million units pneumoniac sepum." This message, flashed over the telegraph wires Sunday evening from the stricken city of Halifax, tells with dramatic brevity the story of the added misery that faced the inhabitants of that town and the neighboring village of Dartmouth, when the horror of a driving blizzard was superimposed upon the explosion of a munitions ship and fire that had already killed thousands of people and wrecked thousands of homes. With no protection from the snow but houses with windows blown out, plaster down, chimneys gone and walls and roofs rent, the people of Halifax felt a new menace, less spectacular in its coming and slower in its inroad upon life and health, but none the less certain and harder to be met adequately. Food and clothing are quickly thought of when disaster overtakes a community, and generosity promptly transports these to the place where they are needed. But the less obvious resources of medical science are apt to be lost sight of. Even here, however, organization has made great strides in the past ten years and the necessaries of medical comfort are usually found on the first trains that enter a devastated area. Pneumonia, however, has not been regarded as a usual concomitant of disasters and therefore has not been planned for on a large scale and in advance.

"Within fifteen minutes Ethan Allen, Saturday morning that a blizzard was halting rescue work in the shock and fire-ravaged city, the department of civilian relief of the American Red Cross had already dispatched a number of carloads of supplies and a strong group of skilled relief agents to assist in the work. To W. Frank Persons, director general of civilian relief, the coming of the blizzard meant one thing—death from exposure and from the slower processes of pneumonia. He therefore telegraphed to the authorities at Halifax with whom he had been in touch, asking whether anti-pneumonia serum was needed. Not until 8 o'clock Sunday night did the answer, quoted above, reach him.

Within fifteen minutes Ethan Allen, manager of the Atlantic division of the Red Cross in New York city, had been reached by telephone at his home and advised of the request. The names of the half dozen places in the United States where anti-pneumonia serum is made were given to him. Several of these are in New York city, one in Philadelphia. With Mr. Allen, at his home, was John Magee, director of military relief for the Atlantic division, and to him Mr. Allen turned over the securing of the serum."

THOMASVILLE SCHOOLS HAVE PLENTY OF COAL

Thomasville, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Thomasville public schools closed today for the Christmas holidays, and will reconvene on January 2. The schools have had the largest attendance in their history. A supply of coal was laid in for the winter, so there is no trouble for lack of fuel.

10 BRITONS KILLED BY GERMAN AIR RAID

And 75 Others Injured--Material Damage Not Great. One German Raider Shot Down.

London, December 19.—The Germans, in their latest air raid on London, carried out last evening, harmed no naval or military property and did little other damage. They caused the death, however, of ten persons and their bombs injured seventy others, besides five persons injured outside of the capital.

Again the raiding forces suffered losses. One machine came down in the sea after being hit and two of its crew of three were captured. The British official report of the raid says there is reason to suppose that another of the Germans came down in the English channel.

Only about a half dozen of nearly a score of raiders that made the attempt succeeded in reaching London. The others were driven back by gunfire and some of the machines that reached the area over the capital were engaged above it by British machines.

The following official communication in regard to casualties was given out:

"Last night's air raid casualties were: Ten killed and seventy injured in London, only five injured outside London.

"Several fires occurred. The material damage was not serious. There was no damage to naval or military establishments."

One of the German airplanes which took part in the raid was brought down and another is believed to have been destroyed, the war office announces. From sixteen to twenty raiders, divided into six groups, endeavored to reach London, but only five succeeded in dropping bombs on the city.

There is reason to believe another raider dropped into the English channel, says the report.

A British pilot fired two drums of ammunition into a raider as it was dropping bombs on London from a height of 13,000 feet.

After the main attacks of the raiders ceased a single airplane flew over London at about 9 o'clock.

The raider known definitely to have been destroyed was hit by the fire of anti-aircraft guns and finally dropped into the sea off Kent. Two of the crew of three were captured alive by an armed trawler.

GERMAN REPORT ON THE RAID.

Berlin, December 19.—(Via London.) German aviators last night dropped bombs on London, Ramsgate and Margate, the German war office announced in its official statement issued today.

FALL FROM TOY HORSE KILLS WAYCROSS BOY

Waycross, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Malcolm Laton, the 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Liles, of this city, died last night as the result of falling from a little rocking horse several days ago and striking his head on the floor.

"Experience" is like the sunshine of a cloudless day. It is the merry Christmas week attraction at the Atlanta theater.

Give Him a Tool Cabinet
--but be sure it's a

KEEN KUTTER Tool Set No. K1, complete with 16 Highest Grade Tools and 10 other miscellaneous articles. Price, $17.00.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY

Manufacturers and Distributers

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The Dealers Listed Below Sell and Guarantee Them:

Hightower Hdwe. Co.	Atlanta
Fulton Hwde. Co.	Atlanta
Hardy Hdwe. Co.	Athens
Gholston Bros.	Comer
Yates Hdwe. Co.	Hartwell
Hogsed Hdwe. Co.	Toccoa
Cornelia Hdwe. Co.	Cornelia
Piper Hdwe. Co.	Covington
Woodruff Hdwe. Co.	Winder
Drummond-Morris Hdwe. Co.	Rome
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Smith Hdwe. Co.	Jefferson
Borrow Hdwe. Co.	Bowden

"The recollection of QUALITY remains long after the PRICE is forgotten."—E. C. Simmons. Trade mark registered.

Come early in the day
You can get better choice

Daniel Bros. Company

45 to 49 Peachtree

Ladies specially invited to visit

The place for

Christmas gifts for men

YOUR shopping days for Christmas are nearly over and if you haven't selected "his" gift you can yet do so from our great showing.

If for husband, son, father, brother or sweetheart, you'll find just the thing you want him to have and one he'll enjoy; ladies buying for men will find gifts of quality, service and economy.

Give him a house coat—it'll look good.

Here's gifts favored by men

House Coats and Smoking Jackets arouse any man's appreciation as few other gifts do; some handsome ones . . . . . $5 to $20

Lounging Robes and Dressing Gowns always appeal with their ease and comfort at rest . . . . . $5 to $40

Exquisite gifts of silk

Luxurious Silk Cravats in royally rich coloring . . . . . 50c to $3½
Walking Canes, good gifts . . $1 to $7½
Silk Umbrellas, a necessity . $2½ to $7½
Silk Mufflers, very fine . . . $1 to $7½
House Slippers, for rest . . . $1 to $3½
Fine Silk Shirts, used by all . $4 to $10
Silver Belt Buckles, look good . $2 to $5
Silk Pajamas, comforting . . . $4 to $10
and many other good gifts.

Gifts for the soldier boys

All the things a soldier needs for camp or field in qualities he likes and prices you want to pay.

Open every night until Christmas

Gifts held until wanted or sent by Parcel Post.

We'll please you---that's sure.

Christmas boxes and cards free

Daniel Bros. Company

45 to 49 Peachtree

Because Sister Married Brother Shot Her Dead And Then Killed Himself

Norfolk, Va., December 19.—News that George W. Dailey, residing at Pentress, Norfolk county, last night shot and instantly killed his sister, Mrs. William Dudley, and then sent a bullet through his own brain, reached here today. Dailey lived but a few hours. The woman was shot three times in the region of the heart. There were no eye-witnesses.

Mrs. Dudley was a bride of four weeks and her brother is said to have bitterly opposed her marriage. A letter to his brother was found in his pocket, in which he declared his intention of killing Mrs. Dudley.

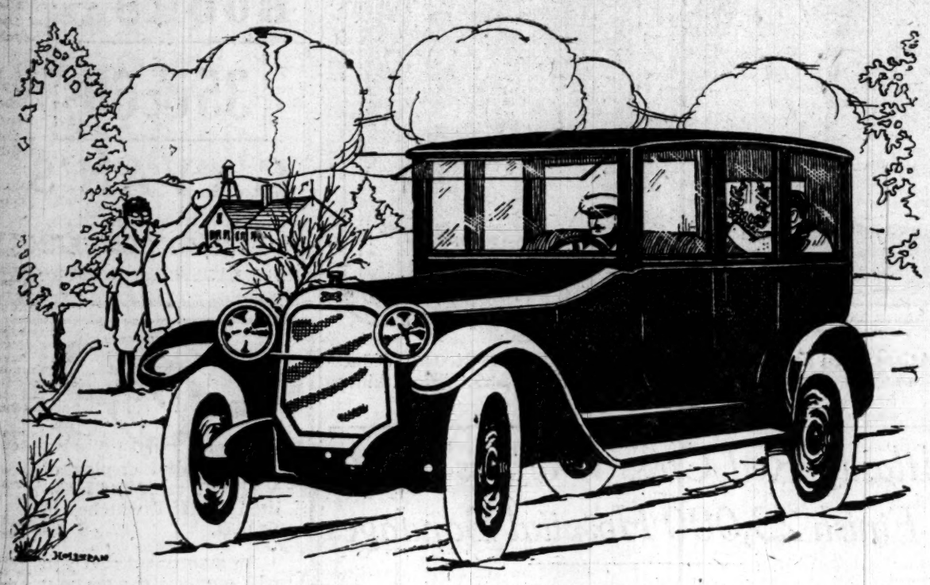
Angry About Furloughs, Fifty-Five Drafted Men Flee From Camp Sherman

Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio., December 19.—Disgruntled because only five per cent of the draft soldiers here will be given Christmas holiday furloughs, fifty-five Cleveland men in the 331st Infantry took French leave from camp last night and were being sought by the military authorities today.

Scent From Tombstones Leads to the Discovery Of Quantity of Liquor

Wichita Falls, Texas, December 19.—Significant fumes issuing from among a number of tombstones which had been jostled about while being shipped to the city, attracted the attention of revenue officers and resulted in the discovery of a quantity of whisky packed in a box among the stones. Two negroes have been arrested as violators of the internal revenue law.

Xmas Gift De Luxe



A Chandler Six Closed Car

You can choose either a beautiful Chandler Sedan, Limousine or Coupe—it's the ideal family gift—one that will give pleasure, health and happiness to each member of the family 365 days of the year!

If you choose your Christmas car carefully—from well-known medium-priced cars—you will choose the Chandler—for what it is and what it does.

Let us place one of these handsome Chandlers at your front door Christmas morning.

The J. R. Holland Automobile Co.

316 PEACHTREE

Jacksonville ——— Atlanta ——— Tampa

Jobbers and Manufacturers of Atlanta

The Atlanta Sample Case

In

The Sunday Constitution

Offers you Superior Opportunities to Secure the Attention of the Trade to Your Line.

TRY IT FOR RESULTS

Call Main 5000 and a Representative will see you at once

CONSPIRACY CHARGED TO GET NEGRO JOHNSON

West Virginia White Girl Tells Shameful Story in Boston Court.

Boston, December 19.—An effort to prove that the United States attorney for West Virginia has been deceived by a group of conspirators engaged in an attempt to get the negro, John Johnson, back to that state will be made by Johnson's counsel in the proceedings before the federal commissioner here. Offer of proof to this effect was made today in the trial of Johnson as a fugitive from justice from Charleston, W. Va., where he is wanted to answer an indictment charging violation of the Mann act through the alleged transportation of Edith Godbey, a white wofan, from Catlettsburg, Ky., to Charleston.

Richard W. Hale, former United States commissioner, senior counsel for Johnson, asserted that the Godbey woman, the government's principal witness, was one of the alleged conspirators, "although more sinned against than sinning." "We will show," continued Mr. Hale, "that she is dominated by persons who have her under their control and that she fears personal injury unless her testimony is favorable to their case."

"It is the voice of Jacob and the hand of Esau, the voice of the United States and the hand of the state of West Virginia reaching out to get this man," William H. Lewis, a negro, another of Johnson's array of counsel, told the commissioner.

The woman was on the witness stand all day.

Woman's Story of Shame.

Miss Godbey frankly told of her relations with Johnson, saying she first met him five years ago at the home of her washerwoman, where he gave her a drink of whisky. The next thing she remembered, she testified, she was alone with Johnson, who threatened to kill her if she mentioned it to any person in Charleston. Her relations with the negro continued, she said, until December, 1916.

The witness declared Johnson repeatedly attacked her, once with a knife, which was broken after the blade was driven into her arm and leg. She exhibited a scar on the forearm which she said resulted from the wound inflicted by the negro.

In November, 1916, after she had been knocked down and kicked Miss Godbey said she threatened Johnson with arrest, and he promised to leave town if she would not complain to the police. She agreed, she said, and next heard from him by letter. Upon receipt of the letter the young woman said she went to Catlettsburg, Ky. Johnson met her there and took her to a house where she stayed that night and next day.

Miss Godbey said she returned to Charleston, using a railroad ticket bought by Johnson, who sat behind her on the train. Answering a question by Mr. Goldberg, she declared that she was still terrified by the negro and that she gave him $15, part of which she borrowed, with which to buy a suit of clothes.

Effort to Break Story.

The cross-examination of the woman by Lewis apparently indicated an attempt to show that the witness never went to Catlettsburg. In reply to his questions she said that she could recall little about the journey or her stay in the town.

The cross-examination went into detail about the facts leading up to the woman's testimony before the federal grand jury in Charleston against Johnson. She admitted returning to Charleston from a nearby town about the time Governor McCall, of Massachusetts, refused to grant a requisition for the return of Johnson to West Virginia, and that it was only by accident she met a police officer with whom she talked about Johnson. Later she said she was sent for by the chief of police in Charleston and subsequently to the county prosecutor's office and the grand jury room.

The cross-examination will be continued tomorrow.

RESTRAINT OF TRADE LAID TO COLGATE & CO.

Firm Indicted by the Federal Grand Jury—Statement by Washington.

Norfolk, Va., December 19.—An indictment charging unlawful monopoly and restraint of trade was returned today in the United States court, eastern district of Virginia, against Colgate & Co., whose home offices are in Jersey City. The indictment is answerable at this term of court.

The defendants, manufacturers of soaps, perfumes and other toilet articles, are charged with fixing wholesale and retail prices for their products and of enforcing the schedule by a refusal to sell to dealers who declined to be bound by any agreement for a fixed price scale. The indictment charges that such action is a violation of the federal act, approved July 2, 1890, and constitutes unlawful practices in restraint and monopoly of trade and suppression of competition.

The case is said to have resulted from the defendant's refusal to sell their products to certain Norfolk dealers, who declined to be bound by a price fixing agreement and who had cut prices on certain of the company's products.

Washington, December 19.—Maintenance by manufacturers or wholesalers of agreements with detailers to sell at specified prices always has been regarded by the department of justice and the federal trade commission as constituting suppression of competition and restraint of trade in violation of anti-trust laws. The charges against Colgate & Co., whose officers were indicted at Norfolk, are similar to those in the Paris Medicine company case in which the federal district court at St. Louis recently upheld the government's contention completely and ordered discontinuance of re-sale price practices.

It was found that the medicine company gave extra supplies of patent medicines without cost to dealers who entered into agreements to maintain retail prices at rates prescribed by the manufacturers. The company was enjoined from making these agreements or even "indicating" re-sale prices to dealers. The court also forbade such evasive practices as refusing to sell to dealers who would not adhere to the price agreement or maintaining any other sort of selling terms discriminating against a cut-price dealer.

New York, December 19.—Commenting upon the indictment of Colgate & Co. at Norfolk, Va., today, Sidney M. Colgate said here today that the department of justice had offered the company the alternative of abandoning its "established policy of price protection, or being sued by the government," and that the company chose "to accept suit, feeling compelled in justice to fair dealers everywhere, the public and ourselves to take a definite stand for our mutual well being."

Mr. Colgate said the company had for more than forty years refused to sell its products "to those dealers who were unwilling to sell them at prices suggested by us," and that many other manufacturers have pursued a similar policy.

"It has always been our intention," he added, "and we believe that the facts will show, that it has been our practice to carry out this policy for the good of all of our customers as well as for the good of the general public."

COAL OPERATOR LANDS ON SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Alleged Road Deliberately Ignored Garfield's Order and Confiscated Coal.

Bristol, Tenn., December 19.—C. D. Bondurant, president of the United Collieries Company of St. Charles, Va., in conference with Special Agent A. O. Chandler, of the federal trade commission, here today, charged that the Southern railway deliberately ignored a special order of Fuel Administrator Garfield to deliver a car of emergency coal to the Pressmen's home at Rogersville, Tenn. Mr. Bondurant charged that the Southern railway had confiscated every car of coal sent out from his mines since last Thursday and that he had been unable to deliver coal to any of his contract customers.

Mr. Bondurant told the investigator that the superintendent of the Pressmen's home at Rogersville had appealed to Dr. Garfield for coal to prevent actual suffering among the inmates. When he got no action he requested Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, to appeal to Mr. Garfield. Telegrams submitted showed that Mr. Morrison has secured Dr. Garfield's promise to have a car delivered to the home and it was in evidence that Dr. Garfield had ordered the Southern railway to deliver the coal. The car was delivered to the railroad by the Collieries company. The St. Charles agent received the car, and it is claimed appealed to the division superintendent for instructions, although Dr. Garfield's order was attached to the bill of lading. It was also claimed the superintendent wired the agent that "Dr. Garfield does not run the Southern railway and to proceed as usual."

The agent did not sign the bill of lading, and it is alleged the car was confiscated by the road.

Mr. Bondurant also charged that the Southern railway officials in making up estimates on which the fuel administration assessed the mines 42 per cent of its output for railway purposes, deliberately "manipulated the figures to deceive and mislead the fuel administration." He said that his total maximum capacity was named as the basis for the assessment of his mines and that more than the entire actual output is required to fill this requirement.

Mr. Bondurant told the investigator that by reason of the confiscation of his entire output many individuals and institutions, including schools, hospitals and the state hospital for the insane at Marion, Va., are without coal. He said that some schools and colleges will have to close if the practice is continued.

BOOKS

For Boys 35c & 60c

SEND—FOR—LISTS.

GAVAN'S

71 Whitehall St.

HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you feel tired and "worn-out?" Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "dragged-out" unrested feeling when you get up in the morning? Dizzy spells? Bilious? Bad taste in the mouth, backache, pain or soreness in the loins, and abdomen? Severe distress when urinating, bloody, cloudy urine or sediment? All these indicate gravel or stone in the bladder, or that the poisonous microbes, which are always in your system, have attacked your kidneys.

You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The oil soaks gently into the walls and lining of the kidneys, and the little poisonous animal germs, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain.

Do not delay a minute. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In 24 hours you will feel renewed health and vigor. After you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two Capsules each day so as to keep in first-class condition, and ward off the danger of future attacks. Money refunded if they do not help you. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, and thus be sure of getting the genuine.—(adv.)

Aluminum Double Boilers, $1.39

A Gift for Housekeepers

2-quart double Boiler, Quality Brand Aluminum, guaranteed for 20 years—

$1.39

—Basement Section

High's

Aluminum Combination Cooking Sets, $2.19

Four pieces that make six different cooking utensils; Quality Brand Aluminum; guaranteed for 20 years—

$2.19

—Basement Section

The Great Christmas Crowd

Has Taken Full Possession of High's

EVERY section on every floor of this immense gift-filled store is humming with Christmas shoppers. No time to delay your gift buying—only four more shopping days till Christmas—and they will be the busiest of the entire year. —As a means of relieving congestion in the afternoon we urge those who possibly can to do their shopping during the morning hours today at High's.

The following suggestions will serve to remind you of the many practical gifts you'll see when shopping at High's today.

A Liberal Reduction on Furs

A timely sale—offering an exceptional opportunity to effect great savings on the Furs you expect to buy for self—or for gifts.

Our Furs at their regular prices are excellent values—and at reduced prices the values are incomparable. Another point worth considering is this: Our furs are all first quality, high-class new furs. Every piece was carefully selected from the best makers, which insures permanent satisfaction. We sell no furs that we cannot stand back of—thus you may select any piece of fur in our store with the utmost confidence.

Hundreds of Pieces in All the Wanted Pelts---and Qualities to Select From

Scarfs—Stoles—Capes—and Muffs in Red Fox, Taupe Fox, Poiret Fox—Taupe Wolf. Every piece new and perfect. Offered in a great assortment in separate pieces or sets, from the most inexpensive to the finest qualities.

Price to be deducted at time of purchase.

High's Gloves Are Gifts

Always Favored and Appreciated

We sell the famous Jonvin, Ronsard, Meyers and D. & P. makes of kid gloves and Kayser's silk gloves.

Women's real kid gloves in all the smart new 2-clasp styles, including many exclusive novelties in blacks, whites and tans. Paris point stitching and four-row embroidery. Priced, pair

$1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75 and $3.00

High's Silk Stockings---

Whether One Pair or Half Dozen Pairs Will Be a Gift Gladly Welcomed

There's more days of actual satisfactory service knitted into the Silk Stockings we sell than any others at their prices.

High's Special Silk Stockings, at, pair, $1.00 and $1.25.
High's Special Silk Boot Stockings, special, pair, 89c.
High's pure thread Silk Stockings, at, pair, $1.50 and $2.00.
High's Richelieu Ribbed Silk Stockings, at, pair, $1.50 and $2.00.
High's Novelty Embroidered Stockings, at, pair, $1.75.
High's Silk Lisle Stockings, at, pair, 35c, 39c, 59c and 75c.

High's Handkerchief Section

A Treasure Land Where All May Choose

Many—many—thousands; all styles, all qualities, all prices. For whomever your gift handkerchiefs may be intended, you are sure to get 'kerchiefs here that are just right—at prices exactly to your liking.

Women's Boxed Handkerchiefs

Three in a pretty Christmas box, white and colored embroidered corners. Prices range 35c, 50c, 60c, 75c and $1.00 box.

Men's Boxed Handkerchiefs

With Embroidered Initials--3 to 6 in Box

Men's Initial Box Handkerchiefs, 3 in box, 60c.
Men's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 in box, 75c.
Men's Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 3 in box, $1.00.
Men's Colored Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, 6 in box, $1.69.
Men's White Linen Handkerchiefs, 6 in box, $3.00.

Children's Box Handk'rc'fs

In novelty styles. An immense variety in fancy colors and initials, in fancy Christmas boxes, at

25c, 35c and 59c box

Blanket Special $2.39 Pair

64x76 heavy cotton blankets—gray, tan and white with colored borders, worth $2.75 pair on today's market. Special for one day at, pair **$2.39**

Here Are Gifts of Linen

For the Housekeepers on Your Gift List

Madeira Luncheon Sets

Consisting of 13 pieces. Six 6-inch Doilies, six 10-inch Doilies and one 24-inch Centerpiece to set at $5.00, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10.00 to $12.50 Set.

Madeira Scarfs

18x54-inch rolled Hand Scalloped Scarf, elegant quality. Prices low at, each, $3.00.

Madeira Scarfs

18x54-inch size; beautifully Scalloped and Embroidered. A varied new Holiday Selection priced, each, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00 to $12.50.

Madeira Napkins

All the wanted qualities to select from. Hand Scalloped and Hand Embroidered at, dozen, $6.00, $7.50, $8.50, $9.00, $10.00 and $12.50.

Scarfs and Centerpieces

The most liked of all Linen gifts. A large and varied selection in Hemstitched, Scalloped, Embroidered and Lace Trimmed styles. Each, 25c, 35c, 39c, 59c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.75, $2.50 and $3.00.

Colored Embroidered Bed Sets

consisting of one large spread with bolster case to match—white with colored embroidered centers and scalloping—large sizes for double beds, in pink, blue and gold. Priced, each, $5.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10 and $12.50.

Initial Pillow Cases In Box, $1.59 Pair

Very Elaborately Embroidered in larger sizes, 45x38½ inches. Old English initials in heavily Embroidered wreath. A gift any woman would appreciate.

An Umbrella From High's

Will Shorten Your Gift List--and Please the One to Whom it is Sent

Select your gift umbrellas from our great new Christmas stock. We have every new style, in all the various qualities. You can pay as little as $1.00 or as much as $20.00.

All Umbrellas to be engraved should be selected at once—to give ample time for engraving. Umbrellas costing $5.00 or over engraved free.

SOCIETY

McClure-Pierce Wedding Beautiful Event.

The marriage of Miss Hattie McClure and Mr. Keelus Palmour Pierce took place Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents on West Broad street, Gainesville, Ga.

The ceremony was impressively performed by Rev. E. M. Munroe in the presence of a large circle of friends and relatives.

The altar before which the wedding party stood in the drawing room was elaborately arranged with palms and ferns and lighted with cathedral candelabra. Just before the entrance of the bridal party, Miss Marianna Moore sang.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, Mr. J. M. McClure. She wore a tailored suit of blue, with gray hat, shoes and gloves and carried a bouquet of bride's roses and valley lilies.

The maid of honor was Miss Marianna Moore. Mr. Oscar Wilson, of Jacksonville, Fla., acted as best man.

Immediately after the ceremony a reception was given. The home was artistically decorated with foliage, plans and pink roses. Assisting in serving and receiving were Misses Bonnie Hunt, Mary Quattlebaum, Mrs. John A. Pierce, Mrs. Claud Stovall, Mrs. John A. Jackson and Mrs. Price.

Miss Ione Tumlin played the wedding music and rendered several beautiful selections during the reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierce left immediately for a wedding trip in southern Florida and will make their home in Tampa.

Y. W. C. A. Rally Tonight.

When Miss Frances E. Miller and Mrs. William Asher, of the Sunday party, leave Atlanta and go to Washington, the remarkable work they have done here in their campaign will not end with their departure, for the business women of Atlanta are going to have a big rally at the Young Women's Christian association tonight and then and there they will form a permanent organization to carry on the work that has been so successfully conducted by the two able leaders.

The scope of such a movement as is being planned for Thursday night's rally may be grasped when it is known that 460 Council girls are at present registered at the Y. W. C. A. as leaders of the different units of business women who have been an outstanding power in the Sunday revival; also that on an average of 500 of these business women have attended the noonday meetings at the Y. W. C. A. and that these same women are planning to band themselves into a permanent organization of usefulness.

The farewell rally Thursday night will be the last big meeting that Miss Miller and Mrs. Asher will have with Atlanta's business women before the close of the Sunday revival. The program for the evening will be devoted to the future plans of the organization; Council girls will make report of work they have accomplished; permanent organization of council will be perfected, officers elected and announcement of plans made for forming Bible classes, clubs and social features. All this work is to be conducted at the Young Women's Christian association, the purpose of the association and its equipment affording facilities for such a large body of organized women.

A further plan to be discussed at the meeting will be the mutual helpfulness that business women may derive in the matter of employment through their organization and their daily association at the Y. W. C. A.

Bates-Sistrunk.

The marriage of Miss Ruth Elizabeth Bates and Mr. Robert Ware Sistrunk was solemnized Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, Dr. A. T. Spalding officiating. Only members of the immediate family were present.

The bride was lovely in a blue suit of French velour trimmed in kolinsky fur and a becoming hat of gray velvet. She wore a corsage bouquet of bridal roses.

Her only attendant was Miss Louise Bates, sister of the bride. She wore a smart suit of Burgundy cloth and a corsage of Richmond roses.

Mr. W. F. Methrin was best man. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Sistrunk left for Washington, New York and other points of interest.

They will be at home to their friends after January 6 at 59 Sutherland drive.

Christmas Formal Dance.

The Argentine club will entertain its members and friends at a formal dance Friday evening, December 21, at their hall, 16 East Pine street.

Dancing will begin at 10 o'clock. At midnight a Dutch supper will be served and a number of special features have been arranged.

This promises to be the brightest affair in the club's history and fifty or more couples of the younger dancing set is expected to attend.

Christmas Sale.

Woman's auxiliary to the printers will hold a sale of fancy and useful articles suitable for Christmas giving at the drug store of Franklin & Cox, Connally building, today. Articles for sale range in price from twenty-five to seventy-five cents. A large collection will be found. The patronage of the public is solicited.

Open House for Soldiers.

Mrs. George W. Forrester will keep open house Christmas eve from 4 to 10 o'clock at her home on Peachtree road for homeless and homesick soldiers from Camp Gordon.

For Miss Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Brown will entertain at buffet supper Saturday evening at their home on Peachtree street in compliment to Miss Margaret Wilson, following the concert at the Auditorium. The guests will include the members of their box party.

Zenax Club Dance.

The Zenax club of the Boys' High school will give its annual Christmas dance at 8:30 tonight at the East Lake Country club and the college set will attend.

Children's Party.

Master Edward Dougherty, Jr., will entertain a few of his young friends Saturday afternoon at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dougherty, on Peachtree street.

Robinson-Smith.

Mrs. Minnie Scruggs Robinson has announced the engagement of her daughter, Jan, to Mr. Alfred Quentin Smith, of Philadelphia, the wedding to take place Tuesday, December 25, at St. Luke's Episcopal church.

Evans-Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Evans, of Centerville, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Josephine Roberta, to Mr. Clarence P. Williams, the wedding to take place during the Christmas holidays.

Big Sister Work for Business Women.

The "big sister" work for business women is to be organized, the leaders of the movement planning to give Atlanta's newest organization a definite work to do in the upbuilding of the city.

It is urged by Miss Miller and Mrs. Asher that every business woman in Atlanta be at the rally Thursday night, not only to share in the spirit of the meeting, but to offer suggestions for future plans. A 10-cent supper will be served promptly at 6 o'clock, and at 7 o'clock the meeting will begin that is to be brief, but markedly important.

As the business women are to have Y. W. C. A. suppers and parties and many good times as a feature of their work along with their seriousness of purpose, so will Thursday night's program include the pleasure of having Rodeheaver and George Brewster; also Miss Akin, the whistler, and Mrs. Benjamin F. Parker, the well-known singer. Mrs. Archibald Davis, general chairman of the Sunday invitation committee, and her committee, will be present, with Miss Irma Finley, general secretary of the Y. W. C. A., and her associate secretaries.

Annual Christmas Tree At Grady Hospital.

The annual Christmas tree for the children at Grady hospital will be held next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the children's ward. Mrs. Gordon P. Kiser and Mrs. John Hill will have charge of the tree and will be assisted by the young people of the Thimble club.

Anyone wishing to make contributions of toys or money, will please send them to Mrs. Gordon Kiser, Ponce de Leon apartments, by next Saturday night.

Forty-eight little children are to be provided for.

Pan-Hellenic Adopts Hospital Ward at Camp Gordon

The sorority women of Atlanta held a called meeting Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Winecoff hotel, at which time they voted to adopt one of the wards in the base hospital at Camp Gordon. Mrs. L. B. Chaloner's committee at the Red Cross is supervising the work of making cheerful the corners of the hospital and brightening the hours of those who are unable to share with other men the Y. M. C. A. entertainments and hostess house hospitalities.

The Pan-Hellenic, through Mrs. Chaloner's committee, has secured a ward and is appealing to every sorority woman in the city to assist in this beautiful work of helping to make the way brighter for those who are not in a position to provide amusements for themselves.

Sorority members, friends of the Pan-Hellenic, or any one interested in the work who has a desk or chairs suitable for a sun parlor, talking machine or card table that she does not need, will give them where they will afford the greatest comfort, if placed in the hands of the committee. It is believed that the sorority women will do their uttermost to make the Pan-Hellenic ward a cheery place for the sick soldiers whose families cannot be with them to see that they receive these little comforts.

Miss Bessie Kempton, president of the Pan-Hellenic, is the general chairman, Mrs. Omar F. Elder is her co-chairman. The following sub-chairmen each has her own committee and will assist with the different phases of the work, as follows:

Mrs. Rogers Winter, chairman of personal work; Mrs. Harry Johnson, cot-bags; Mrs. Colquitt C. Cole, cakes; Mrs. K. D. Smith, furniture; Miss Irene Wilson, candy; Mrs. W. H. Paxton, books and magazines; Mrs. Phil Graves, fruit; Miss Mary Andrews, smoking material; Mrs. Hayden C. Jones, scrapbooks; Mrs. J. B. Kincaid, curtains; Miss Willie Kate Travis, ferns and flowers; Miss Frances Noyes, stationery and playing cards; Miss Gene Lester, games and entertainment.

Donations of any of the above articles will be gratefully received from anyone who is interested.

Those wishing to assist will please call the sub-chairman in whose department she wishes to help, or Miss Kempton, Hemlock 2271, or Mrs. Elder, Hemlock 1380.

Violin School Recital.

The first concert of the seventeenth annual season of the Morgan Violin school will be an interesting event of tonight at Steinway room, Phillips & Crew Co., at 8:15 o'clock.

Captain Edward Mitchell Brown, U. S. R., will be awarded a diploma, and the participants in the program will be: Miss Estelle Boynton, Mrs. Charles E. Boynton, Jr., Miss Anna Harwell, Mrs. Frank Harwell, Miss Juanita Akridge '19, Miss Kate Blatterman, Miss Marguerite Walker, Miss Effie Louise Walker, Miss Aileen Morgan, Stephens, Private Charles Fellows, Camp Gordon, U. S. A.; Master Samuel Proger, Miss Florence Niles, Mr. Paul K. McCash.

Capital City Club.

Among those present at the Tuesday evening dinner-dance at the Capital City club were:

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Phelan, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Wessels, Mr. and Mrs. John Evins, Mr. and Mrs. John Morris, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ryan, Mr. T. J. Lyon, Mrs. G. R. Stafford, Dr. J. G. Williams, Mr. H. R. Calef, Mr. and Mrs. Inman Sanders, Captain Henry Lyon, Miss Blanch Devine Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Keenan, Mr. Cator Woolford, Mr. E. G. Ottley, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Barnwell, Mr. Harvey Hill, Mr. V. A. Batchelor, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mann, Miss Mary Murphy, Mr. H. M. Thompson, Mr. F. W. Clark, Mr. Ben Daniel, Mr. W. B. McBurney, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hill, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Chambers, Mr. A. S. Priddy, Dr. J. V. Pierson, Miss Nellie Dodd, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Webber, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Halle, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Holt, Mr. E. V. Haynes, Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Wallace, Dr. William Dunn, Mr. Fred Rawlings, Miss Mary Eleanor Evins, Miss Sanford, of Sherman, Texas.

Dinner-Dance.

The guests in the party to be given at the dinner-dance at the Driving club Saturday by Captain and Mrs. H. H. Hawkins for their son, Mr. Horace Wadsworth, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward King Cook for their son, Mr. Henry Turner, will include:

Misses Madeline Bellinger, Emily West, Sarah Nelson, Catherine Landers, Frances Ellis, Katherine Hook, Georgia Briggs, Hallie Crawford, Belle Matheson, Natalie Stokes, Marjorie Stringfellow, Mildred Sweeney, Marie Stoddard, Mary Elinor Evins, Nellie Dodd, Georgia Rice, Corinne Johnson, Charlotte Meador, Messrs. Sam DuBose, Harry Bewick, Harry Bagley, William Kiser, Lawson Kiser, Edgar Dunlap, Jr., Percy Ansley, Baxter Maddox, Norris Broyles, Samuel Wallace, Lieutenant Mitchell, M. A. Nevin, Quillian Goldsmith, Kendrick Smith, Lieutenant Louis Morrison, George Howard, Cliff Hatcher, Morris Williams, Percy Ansley, Captain Howell Foreman, Captain Clark Howell, Forney Wyly.

Registrants Aided To Answer Queries In Questionnaires

Three hundred registrants were assisted Wednesday in filling out their questionnaires in Judge Andy Calhoun's court room by seventeen members of the Atlanta Bar association stationed in the court room for that purpose. Announcement was made late in the afternoon by Attorney Arminius Wright, chairman of the committee on duty, that seventeen additional lawyers were needed for the work.

There is much congestion in the court room owing to the large number of registrants who are kept waiting their turn, and although registrants have daily been asked to visit lawyers at their private offices, the congestion continues.

The seven local board members, in addition to the members of the county board, are engaged in sending out each day to 5 per cent of their registrants the blank forms of the questionnaire. Each board has mailed approximately 600 and only a small majority of them have been returned as undeliverable.

Within twenty days from the date of the first mailing every registrant, whether exempt or not, will receive one of these forms. Each registrant is allowed seven days in which to fill out and return to his local board the full questionnaire, the seven-day limit being counted from the date of mailing by the board. Failure to return the filled out paper means that the registrant is placed in the first class, subject to the next call, without further notice.

Attorneys in charge of the registrants at the courthouse Wednesday were:

Arminius Wright, chairman; J. H. Gilbert, W. O. Slate, E. M. Mitchell, E. A. Wilson, M. F. Goldstein, Albert Kemper, Virgil Jones, R. E. Church, Herbert Haas, R. E. Parker, Harrison Jones, Flynn Hargett, L. Z. Rosser, Jr., L. F. McClelland, J. B. Ridley, R. H. Jones.

BABY'S NOSE IS KEY TO LUNGS

Mothers and nurses are warned against neglecting the care of baby's nose, especially when suffering from a bad cold. As infants do not know how to blow the nose the secretions accumulate, become insanitary, irritating and germ-infested. The germs have a tendency to spread to the throat, internal ear tubes and the lungs and may cause earache, deafness, adenoids, enlarged tonsils and may even favor pneumonia and tuberculosis.

Serious complications and surgical operations may often be avoided if the mother will keep her child's nose and throat clean, sanitary and germ-free. For this purpose the best thing is a very mild salve containing the correct proportions of the soothing, cleansing and antiseptic oils of eucalyptus, wintergreen, menthol and pinus sylvestris with camphor and refined petrolatum. All the drug stores now sell this mild salve under the name Eucapine Salve. It is especially prepared for the mother's use with her children, and sells for 25c for a large family jar.

The little tots enjoy Eucapine Salve and soon learn to call for it by name and doctor themselves when they feel irritation of the nose and throat. They consider it fun and it keeps their noses and throats clean, sanitary and free from secretions and germs.—(adv.)

RED CROSS KNITTING AUXILIARY

The "Knitting" Auxiliary of the Atlanta Red Cross, which met at the Red Cross House Wednesday to aid in the woman's side of the Red Cross Christmas membership campaign. Mrs. Ulric Atkinson is chairman of the auxiliary.

Atlanta Red Cross Workers Finish 23,000 Hospital Bandages

The Atlanta women who have so faithfully worked in the Red Cross work room, 15 Peachtree street, aided by the workers of West End and Decatur, and by the Catholic Women's Auxiliary and the Council of Jewish Women, have finished the quota of the 23,000 bandages they were asked to contribute to the 333,000 asked from the work rooms of the Southern Division of the Red Cross.

While these special bandages and hospital facilities were being made, work continued on the surgical dressings which the Red Cross asks now that women make unceasingly.

The demand for the surgical dressings, which was made immediately after Major Grayson Murphy, of the American Red Cross commission in France, returned to this country, came just at that period of the year when women anticipate the holiday season with its home duties, the charity work at home and kindred responsibilities, but that made no difference. The country made a call through the Red Cross, and Atlanta women, in spirit with all the patriotic women of the country, put nothing before the work of the Red Cross.

It was estimated that there should be eighty-five women a day working continuously in the work room to finish the necessary dressings in the time specified—and that average was well kept up, while Tuesday and Thursday nights Atlanta's business women who could not serve their country by day worked two hours at night.

In the Decatur work rooms, and in the West End work rooms, the same faithful activity prevailed, and every auxiliary and every woman asked to do her bit has responded.

As the work room is in need of repairs, the management has decided to close them the remainder of this week and next week, and to open them December 31, at 9 o'clock. Then all the workers are asked to return, and each one bringing a new worker to begin the New Year.

Two Brilliant Entertainments At Capital City Club

Social brilliance and sentiment will unite in the knitting ball at the Capital City club Friday night to make the event the most brilliant entertainment of the winter.

The banquet to Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip to be given by the Atlanta Clearing House association will take place earlier in the evening and the guests for the ball, assembling on the second floor, will form a grand march at 9:30 o'clock, when the banquet closes, meeting the banqueters there and mingling the two companies.

Picturesque decorations and special features of entertainment will be incidents, and the occasion will form an auspicious opening of the holiday season.

Ga. Hotel Men Honor Members From Atlanta; Meet at Columbus Next

Augusta, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—The Georgia Hotel Men's association this afternoon selected Columbus as the next place of meeting, and elected officers as follows: A. R. Evans, Atlanta, president; Fred Houser, Atlanta, secretary; W. C. Royar, Atlanta, first vice president; Charles A. Johnson, Columbus, second vice president; R. Frank Taylor, Macon, third vice president; Lee Jordan, Atlanta, counsel.

HUGE XMAS FESTIVAL IS STAGED IN VALDOSTA

Valdosta, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Valdosta staged this evening the greatest Christmas festival ever seen here. The central features were the Christmas songs by a chorus of eight hundred or a thousand voices, and a brilliantly lighted and decorated Christmas tree on the courthouse lawn. The beginning of the exercises at 5:30 was ushered in with the ringing of bells and blowing of whistles, with a band leading the march of school children to the square.

Singing of Christmas songs and carols was led by 250 young ladies from the South Georgia State Normal college, under the direction of Miss Mary Young. Hundreds of school children, carefully trained, took part in the carols and patriotic songs.

Presents had been provided for every one of the thousands of children. Dr. E. P. Rose was Santa Claus. Funds for the festival were raised by popular subscription under the leadership of Councilman W. D. Peeples.

R. C. DRIVE MEETING SUCCESS IN WAYCROSS

Waycross, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—The big drive of the American Red Cross for ten million members in the United States by Christmas day started in Waycross yesterday with a rush. Committees from the local chapter were stationed at all the moving picture theaters last night, and will make a thorough canvass of the city this week for members.

Those in charge of the movement are highly gratified at the progress made up to date.

FLAG-RAISING OPENS R. C. DRIVE IN MACON

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) The city hall was the scene of a flag raising this afternoon when a big Red Cross flag was unfurled with appropriate exercises, marking the opening of the drive in Macon to secure 6,000 new members for the Red Cross.

William E. Martin, United States commissioner, was orator of the occasion, and the burden of his appeal was that no man or woman not actively engaged in war work can afford not to be a member of the Red Cross. Mayor Toole read a proclamation indorsing President Wilson's Red Cross proclamation.

The flag which was raised was presented to the city by the women in charge of the Red Cross campaign. A large crowd was present and many new members were enrolled in the local chapter during the day. The entire city is to be canvassed.

Downstairs—At Rich's

Patent Leather Boots $1.95

Actual $5 to $7 values. All sizes in the lot. Both lace and button, light and heavy soles, principally with black cloth tops. Same quality of black kid and gun metal shoes, for $2.95.

Felt Slippers $1.25

Both fur-top and cushion-sole, as pictured. Many new, attractive colors. Worth $1.50 the pair.

50c Bed Socks for 25c

For both men and women. Fine for soldiers. Fresh stock, and every pair reduced to 25c for a clearance.

Downstairs Rich's Shoe Dept.

Use Sugar Sparingly—Do Not Waste It

Everyone—manufacturers and householders—should use sugar sparingly for the present.

The supply is limited and will be until the new crop of cane can be harvested and shipped from Cuba and the Tropics. The supply will then be ample.

In the meantime, the people of the New England and Atlantic Coast States should use sugar sparingly.

Grocers should limit their sales to any one family. No one should hoard or waste sugar. Do not pay an increased retail price.

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"

Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown

BOYS' BOOKS 35 & 60c

GAVAN'S

71 Whitehall St.

SOU. BOOK CONCERN

A beautiful display of VANITY cases and Hamilton WRIST watches in GOLD.

An assortment that you will appreciate once you have seen them.

FOR HER — One of them will make an acceptable gift.

We have a large assortment of Cameo Stick Pins.

J. W. BOONE

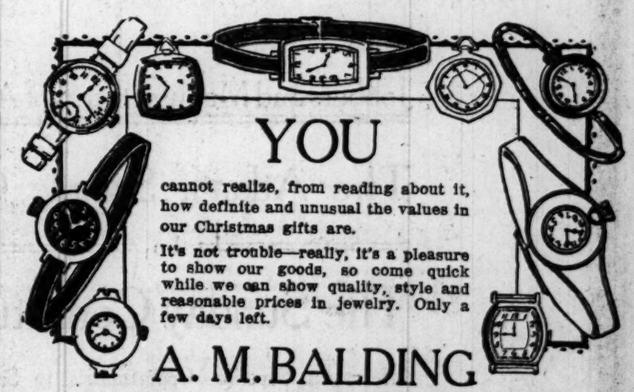
JEWELER

14 North Forsyth Street

DON'T HAVE GRAY HAIR

It's Unnecessary — La Creole Darkens It Evenly—No Dye.

No matter how gray your hair, prematurely gray, faded, bleached, streaked with gray, all you need to do to make all your gray hair dark again is to apply to your hair and scalp the famous La Creole Hair Dressing. After a few applications you will be delighted to observe all your gray hair turn to an even beautiful dark shade. La Creole revives the color glands so all your gray hair is naturally darkened, and besides your entire head of hair becomes soft, fluffy, long, thick and of an even beautiful, soft, dark shade, without even a trace of gray showing. Don't be fooled into buying some cheap hair preparations, but get the old reliable La Creole, which is not a dye, but the only hair preparation that restores dark color to gray hair by reviving the natural color glands. Sold by drug stores or sent prepaid for $1.20 by Van Vleet Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. —(adv.)



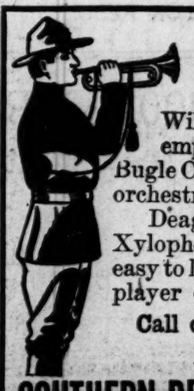
YOU

cannot realize, from reading about it, how definite and unusual the values in our Christmas gifts are.

It's not trouble—really, it's a pleasure to show our goods, so come quick while we can show quality, style and reasonable prices in jewelry. Only a few days left.

A. M. BALDING

Jeweler - - - 17 Edgewood Ave.



A DRUM OR BUGLE

Will make your boy happy and usefully employed. Headquarters for Drum and Bugle Corps; Trap Drummers' outfits—used in orchestras, and with phonographs, pianos, etc.

Deagan's famous Melody Bells, Marimbas, Xylophones. Musically exquisite, novel and easy to learn. Get a set for the home—any piano player can play them at once.—(Not toys).

Call or Write. Catalogs Upon Request.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

SOUTHERN DRUM CO. ATLANTA THEATER BLDG. Sixty Seconds From Five Points

Society

Capt. De Beaurieu to Speak at French Alliance Concert

This afternoon at 3:30 oclock at Marist college, the Alliance Francaise will give a concert, a patriotic concert, composed of various artists. A French officer, Captain De Beaurieu, will give a ten or fifteen-minute talk on different phases of the great war. Dancing, singing and monologue will take place. Columbia and France will be represented by two beautiful Greek type girls.

Everybody is invited to the treat, the entrance fee of 50 cents to buy wool for soldiers' sweaters.

O. E. S. Activities.

Lebanon chapter, No. 105, Order of the Eastern Star, held a public installation of its officers last Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the hall at Capitol View. Mrs. Rose M. Ashby, past grand matron of the state, was the installing officer, assisted by Mrs. George Dixon, grand marshal, and Mrs. Madge Lindorme, grand chaplain. The retiring worthy matron, Mrs. Carl Dolvin, and the retiring worthy patron, Mr. Alfred Turner, were presented with beautiful jewels. Mrs. Karl Cathey, as worthy matron, and Mr. Jansen, as worthy patron, for the ensuing year, assures another year of success and progress for this chapter.

A delightful banquet was served at the close of the ceremonies.

Tea Dance Assembles Bright Company at Driving Club

A company of one hundred and twenty-five attended the tea-dance yesterday afternoon at the Piedmont Driving club and the occasion was a delightful one.

Colonel and Mrs. H. C. Wagner, of Fort McPherson, entertained a party of friends.

Miss Margaret Fraser entertained in compliment to Miss Laura Neal, of Parkersburg, W. Va., and Miss Evelyn Fishburn, of Roanoke, Va., the guests of Miss Martha Chalenor.

Mrs. Julius Jennings had as honor guest in her party Mrs. Elizabeth Farrow, of New York. Invited to meet her were: Mrs. B. H. Hardaway, of Columbus; Mrs. Price Gilbert and Mrs. Louise Leonard.

Mrs. Graham Phelan entertained a party of eight young people in compliment to Miss Mary Eleanor Evins, who is at home from college for the holidays, and her visitor, Miss Dorothy Sanford, of Sherman, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. McHan had as their guests Miss Mai Horine, Miss Laurence Horine, Mrs. W. A. Wimbish, Mrs. Clarence Everett, Lieutenant Americus Mormant and Lieutenant Robert Gordon Hudson.

Miss May Haverty entertained a few young people for her sister, Miss Katherine Haverty.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd had as their guests Miss Georgia Rice, Miss Nellie Dodd, Mr. Kendrick Smith, Mr. William McKenzie and Mr. Sam Du Bose.

Others having small parties were: Mrs. J. C. Hunter, Mrs. Marcus Beck, Mrs. Carey Baker, Mrs. W. S. Witham, Jr., Mrs. H. E. Harman, Major Babcock.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., will return the end of the week from New York.

***

Mrs. Z. Greene, of Newnan, is in the city.

***

Lieutenant and Mrs. Edward Allen will spend the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Couper. Mrs. Allen was Miss Louise Couper.

***

Mrs. George M. Brown, Miss Corrie Hoyt Brown and Miss Mary Brown left Wednesday morning for Chattanooga to attend the marriage of Miss Charlotte Jadwin, of Pittsburg, Pa., to Captain Thomas Hearn, which took place last night.

***

Mr. Ligon Johnson has returned to New York.

***

Miss Ellora Chapin left yesterday for Richmond. Mr. W. E. Chapin leaves Saturday for Richmond.

***

Mr. Bolling Stanley and Miss Martha Stanley have arrived from college to spend the holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Stanley, at the Georgian Terrace.

***

The Zenax club dance tonight at East Lake Country club will be an interesting event among the college set.

***

The S. P. M. club, made up of students of Tech High school, will give their Christmas dance at East Lake Country club Friday night.

***

Mrs. Henry Newman has arrived from Charleston and is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ellis, at the Georgian Terrace. Mr. Newman will arrive Sunday.

***

General and Mrs. Scully have had as their guest their nephew, Lieutenant Harold C. Finn, U. S. R. Lieutenant Finn had the distinction of being the youngest man to receive a commission at the recent Plattsburg training camp. He stopped over in Atlanta on his way to join his regiment at Leon Springs, Texas.

***

Mrs. John R. Ransom is at home for the present with her mother, Mrs. J. C. Rogers.

***

Misses Josibel Christopher, Joyce White and Mary Matthews will return today from Hollis College, Va., for the holidays.

***

Mrs. L. G. Council and daughters, of Americus, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Coley Lewis, at the Georgian Terrace.

***

Miss Irene Thrower will return Saturday from the Semple school, in New York, to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Thrower.

***

Mrs. Virginia Conyers, who has been ill at the Imperial hotel, will leave soon for Florida, to spend the remainder of the winter.

***

Mrs. Walter G. Withers, who has been quite ill for several days at home, is somewhat improved.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ellis will entertain a party of twenty-four at the tea-dance at the Driving club in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Newman and Miss Frances Ellis, on Wednesday, December 26.

***

Miss Dorothy Fain returned last night from Smith college, Northampton, Mass., to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Fain.

***

Miss Regina Lynch is convalescent at her home on Piedmont avenue after a month's illness.

***

Misses Josephine and Gladys Saul are spending the winter at St. Petersburg, Fla.

***

Mrs. Mattie Jones is improving at Davis-Fischer sanatorium.

***

Mrs. M. W. Chambers, of Spartanburg, S. C., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. C. Rogers, for the holidays.

***

Miss Frances Ellis will return home Friday.

***

Mrs. George Johnson and Miss Isabel Johnson, of Des Moines, Iowa, are at the Georgian Terrace. Mr. Cator Woolford entertained informally at dinner in their honor Tuesday evening at the Terrace.

***

Rev. L. B. Davis is confined to his home with a broken arm.

***

Miss Isoline Campbell will return today from Augusta and Miss Jeanne Doughty will accompany her for a visit.

***

Miss Henrietta Tupper has returned from the Bristol school in Washington.

***

Mrs. George M. Brown, Miss Mary Brown and Miss Corrie Brown left yesterday for Chattanooga to attend the wedding last night of Miss Charlotte Jadevin, of Pittsburg, who recently visited Miss Brown, to Captain Thomas Hearn, Fifty-third Infantry, at Fort Oglethorpe. Miss Mary Brown was maid of honor.

***

Mrs. John F. Daniel arrived yesterday from New York to join Major Daniel, of Camp Gordon, and she is at the Georgian Terrace.

BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL HAS DEBATE TODAY AT THE AUDITORIUM

This morning at 11 o'clock the Boys' High school will hold its annual Christmas exercises in the Auditorium-Armory. The exercises will consist of four declamations and a debate. The declaimers are Colquitt Carter, of the first grade; William Morrow, of the second grade; Flynn Nance, of the third grade, and I. W. Sater, of the fourth grade.

The subject for debate is, "Resolved, That the United States should have entered the present war sooner." The debaters are, affirmative: William Mallard, leader, assisted by Dunbar Ogden and Reid Carlisle. Henry Jackson is leader of the negative, and is assisted by Henry Bullock and Earle Watson.

Music will be furnished by the Boys' High Orchestra and Mandolin club, which has made quite a reputation all over the city.

The debate as well as the declamations will no doubt come up to the high record set by the former exercises of the school. The public is cordially invited, and the senior classes of all high schools and grammar schools of the city are invited to attend these exercises.

A medal will be given by Maier & Berkele to the best declaimer, and Eugene Haynes company will award a medal to the best debater.

"Beauty Special" Starts Host of G. N. & I. Girls On Homeward Journey

Milledgeville, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—The Georgia Normal and Industrial college closes for the Christmas holidays Thursday. President Parks held the student body in perfect working organization right up to the time of adjournment, having previously arranged all details of railroad traffic. The largest group of students left on a special train of six coaches at 9:30, via the Central railroad, for Macon. This train is well known now in railroad circles as "the beauty special." It is divided at Macon and solid coaches of G. N. and I. girls are added to trains going out to other points in Georgia. The college reopens January 3 and President Parks has arranged for the girls' return trip as he did their departure and every student is expected to be in her place on opening day.

EVANGELISAIC MEET HELD BY METHODISTS

Bishop Candler Invites Methodist Evangelists' Association to Meet at Emory.

With the largest attendance in its history the fifth conference of the Methodist Evangelist's association convened Wednesday morning at the Wesley Memorial church for its opening session.

Billy Sunday and Bishop Candler were the principal speakers of the morning, Billy thanking the people of Atlanta and the south for their wonderful hospitality, and Bishop Candler inviting the association to visit Emory university for the second morning's session. The invitation was accepted and plans made for the visit to the university today at 9:30 o'clock.

Opening devotional exercises of the morning session were conducted by Rev. J. N. Dakes, presiding elder of the North Atlanta district. Rev. Burke Culpepper, of Memphis, Tenn.; Rev. L. C. Branscomb, editor of the Alabama Christian Advocate, and Rev. Bob Jones, of Montgomery, were other speakers. The session recessed at 12:30, the afternoon session reconvening at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. L. B. Bridgers, of Gainesville, was the principal speaker, addressing the audience upon the subject of "What Are the Evidences of a Genuine Conversion?" Dr. C. O. Jones, pastor of the church, followed with a lecture upon "Superficial Work and the Causes That Lead to It."

The afternoon session recessed at 5 o'clock. No evening session was held, the members of the association attending the Billy Sunday meeting at the tabernacle in a body.

Lower Temperature Recorded by Only Four Other Cities

Reference to the records of the weather bureau shows that Atlanta had the distinction Wednesday morning of being one of the coldest places in the country. It was not very cold at that as the mercury registered 26 degrees above zero. But this was eight degrees colder than the record for St. Paul and ten degrees colder than it was at Chicago and other lake cities.

Asheville, N. C., was the coldest place on the map, with a temperature of 18 degrees above zero. Durango, Colo., where the mercury registered twenty degrees, was in second place; Duluth stood third on the list, with a temperature of 22 abov,e and Knoxville, Tenn., recorded 24. All other weather bureaus, north, south, east and west recorded higher temperatures than Atlanta.

The mercury rose rapidly during the day and at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon it stood at 4 7degrees, after which time it began to settle down. Indications are that the weather will be fair and warmer for today.

Magnificent scenery, smart gowns, beautiful young ladies, make a radiant picture on the primrose path of pleasure in "Experience"—Christmas week at the Atlanta theater.

BOYS' BOOKS

35 & 60c

GAVAN'S

71 Whitehall St.

SOU. BOOK CONCERN

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It is not too late for us to handle orders from a distance.

Our Mail Order Department will ship promptly selections of Diamonds, Watches and Bracelet Watches. We pay all express charges of such approval shipments whether a sale results or not. Our values are such, however, that fully four out of five of our memoranda shipments result in sales.

Advise us what your requirements are and the amount you wish to put into the purchase and your memorandum order will have our prompt and appreciative attention. We will take particular pains to send you our choicest values.

Our attractive monthly payment plans for diamonds are open to reliable people anywhere.

Long Distance Phone Main 3161.

Make this a Jewelry Christmas.

Shop Early.

Open evenings until Christmas.

TRUE VALUES

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths

31 Whitehall St. Established 1887

Atlanta, Ga.

Transportation problems are more difficult to-day than ever.

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EXPRESS SERVICE

Pack Properly

Wrap Securely

Address Legibly

Ship Early

Envelopes containing Xmas Labels, Shipping Pointers and a Post Card, will be furnished on request.

SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY

"Serve the Public"

SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY.

For Christmas

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

Music in the home at Christmas time and at all times is the one thing that will make the home homelike. For music of Reality it should be an Edison. Consider these points before you decide:

No Needles to Change.
Non-Metallic Transmission of Tone.
Can Be Made to Play All Makes of Records.
Electric Automatic Stop.
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Durable Re-Creation Discs.
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Easy Payments

A Small Amount Each Month

With all the advantages that Mr. Edison's great musical instrument offers you, with the vital bearing which Music's Re-Creation will have upon your life, the cost of putting it into your home is still insignificant. Through our plan of easy monthly payments, you can have The New Edison in your home tomorrow for only a small payment down. And then for a very few months, while you are enjoying the fullness of its exquisite music, you pay the balance in small, convenient sums.

Come in. Let us explain our easy payment plan to you. Let us show you how simple indeed it is for you to own The New Edison.

Come in today—tomorrow will be a day lost.

Phonographs Inc.

The Edison Concert Hall

182 PEACHTREE STREET IVY 2067 OPEN EVENINGS

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS FOR RESULTS

Special Sale Blouses

$1.95

Blouses of silk lace in Black, Black and White and Cream--timely and delightful gifts for Christmas. They are very unusual values.

$5.75 to $10.75 Blouses Will Be $1.95

Special Reductions in Furs:

$29.75 Mole Muffs will be $21.75

$18.75 Hudson Seal Muffs will be . . $12.75

$18.75 Nutria Muffs will be . . . $12.75

$29.75 to $37.75 Fox Scarfs will be . . $24.75

All Hudson Seal Stoles, Mole Stoles, Fox Sets, Fox Separate Scarfs will be greatly reduced. See them.

Hudson Seal Coats: Some wonderfully handsome Coats of Hudson Seal have been greatly reduced in price, and we advise you to see them if you are interested in wraps of this elegant type.

FROHSIN'S 50 WHITEHALL

THE CONSTITUTION

ESTABLISHED 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly
CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. R. Black, H. W. Grady.

Telephone Main 5000.

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

ATLANTA, GA., December 20, 1917.

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Daily only	.12	.55	1.50	3.00	6.00
Sunday	.05	.25	.70	1.35	2.50

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City and country, 15 cents per week, or 65 cents per month.

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The Constitution's Washington office is at 518 Riggs Building. Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., correspondent.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway, and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

Member of the Associated Press.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

CUT THE RED TAPE!

Congress, disgusted with the continuously recurring explosions, the procrastination, the bickerings and back-hauling within the shipping board, has instituted a thorough investigation of the entire governmental machinery set up at the beginning of the war for the building of a merchant marine.

A special committee will probe the shipbuilding muddle and find out precisely what's wrong; and it is a safe assumption that its findings when submitted can be summarized and condensed into two words, and yet tell the whole story: Red tape!

When Colonel Goethals was assigned to dig the Panama canal, after the job had been bungled and mauled-over and delayed under the directions and meddlings of boards and commissions and swivel-chair executives, the first and only thing the new boss insisted upon was that all red tape be cut and that he be given full authority to go ahead without bureaucratic interference. This was done; Goethals cabled, "I'm on the job," and in less than the estimated time and well within the estimated cost, the biggest piece of physical construction work ever undertaken by human hand and brain was an accomplished fact!

When, last April, war came upon us, it was found that our chief national weakness lay in the lack of ships—that an adequate merchant marine was of primary importance in the winning of the war. The government wisely determined first of all to launch upon a ship-building program greater in proportions than anything of its kind ever undertaken in the history of the world; and money in hitherto unheard-of quantity was appropriated to carry out the tremendous scheme.

Then the whole country experienced a feeling of confidence and relief when Major General Goethals, the canal-builder—the man whose capacity and ability had been so splendidly proven—consented to assume full responsibility of putting the ship-building program through. He was looked upon as being the ideal man for the job. And he undertook it.

But immediately he found himself bound and entangled and fettered by a maze of bureaucratic red tape; and before he could get fairly started he was forced to throw up his assignment in disgust, and he stepped down and out.

Another man was put in his place, and he soon quit. The second was followed by a third, who has just quit after two weeks' service, and has been succeeded by a fourth.

It is safe to say that red tape is at the bottom of the whole business; and Senator Lodge pointed the only solution of the desperate and humiliating problem when he said in the senate Tuesday that "if we put in one really competent man and tell him to build ships, we can get it done!"

Undoubtedly there are too many heads to pass upon details; too many blanks to fill out and to receive; too many official and tiresome "O. K.'s;" too many forms to sign, and too many men's whims and ideas; too many boards of directors; too many trustees; infinitely too much red tape!

Nor does this apply alone to the shipbuilding department. The whole war administration is being hampered and handicapped by red tape.

A million young men were put in sixteen training camps, and hundreds of them have died from diseases incurred through inadequate attention.

And what is largely responsible?

Red tape!

Congress has been lavish in appropriations of money—all the money that has been asked for has been provided; and the public has been more than generous in responding to the fiscal needs of the government. There has been money—loads of it—appropriated for warm clothing and overcoats and blankets and fuel and sanitation equipment for the selectmen, and yet they cannot be obtained—all because of red tape that has stood and is standing between the soldiers and the necessities for which ample provision has been made.

Before we entered the war, according to disclosures brought out during the last few days by the congressional investigation into the ordnance situation, our factories were manufacturing rifles for England and France at the rate of 10,000 a day; but since the United States declared war against Germany they have been able to produce only 5,000 of such arms a day for this country!

In other words, when the manufacturers were running on their own account, under their own management and with no outside interference, they were able to turn out twice the volume of product for foreign governments that they have been able to turn out for their own country under federal methods!

The reason?

Red tape!

We have at our own doors a glaring and shameful example of the effects of red tape—on the highway between Atlanta and Camp Gordon!

Teams and automobiles and motor trucks wallowing and floundering in mud, on a road which should have been put into repair months ago, and which would have been but for what?

Red tape!

We need fewer swivel-chair "executive heads," and by all means, less red tape!

That's what we've got to have if we win the war—and win the war we must!

Cut the tape that binds Uncle Sam and all will be well!

SCREEN YOUR GRATE.

Lillian Adams, the 11-year-old daughter of Mrs. J. P. Roberts, died at Grady hospital last night.

The child, wearing a long apron, was standing before an open grate in her home when the apron suddenly caught fire. She ran screaming into the kitchen to her mother, who sustained severe burns about the hands and arms as she vainly battled to extinguish the flames, and was also carried to the hospital for treatment.

Miss Georgia Lee Kirk, of Fitzgerald, a student at Wesleyan Female college, was badly burned today. Her clothing caught fire from an open grate and she ran screaming into the yard. Miss Agnes Kane, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Kane, with whom Miss Kirk makes her home, pulled the young woman back into the house and was badly burned about the hands in putting out the flames.

The foregoing are two extracts from the local news of the day, and they have their counterpart in almost every issue of The Constitution. Such accidents are not at all unusual; in fact, the frequency of their happening is one of the distressful things about them.

Regrettable as it is, rarely a winter passes without taking its toll in Atlanta lives and property destruction due to failure on the part of grate-owners to properly screen them in. And the same is true of every other city.

With all due regard to the basement furnace, the steam radiator and the "base-burner," there is nothing more poetic or "homey" about the house than a fireplace. A bright, cheerful home-fire that one can see while enjoying its warmth has an allurement all its own. By watching the blazes play and the embers glow in an open fireplace, one is carried to dreamland, or to the scenes of childhood. The steam heater doesn't do that.

Yet, without adequate safeguards, the grate is a deadly menace to life and property, especially in homes where there are small children.

No grate should be without a screen. Lacking such protection, it is the simplest thing in the world—and distressfully common—for children's and women's dresses to be wafted within the range of the exposed fire and ignited. Then comes suffering to an untold extent, and regrets on the part of those responsible because of negligence—regrets that avail nothing!

The thing to do to forestall any such tragedy is to leave the fireplace cold and dark until you have safeguarded it with a screen—which can be bought for a small sum at any hardware store, and the real value of which is beyond the power of computation.

No matter how you pronounce "cantonment," you can't get away from it.

When it's a cold day for high prices they burn the wind running the consumer down.

The "Lightless Night" may be the excuse for the revival of the old song, "We Won't Go Home Till Morning."

Anyhow, Kerensky is not the only man highly touted who at the show-down failed to prove himself a Napoleon.

A "world war course" has been annexed to the curriculum of Wisconsin university; but up to press time La Follette had not matriculated in it.

Major General von Disfurth, German army, retired, says in The Hamburger Nachrichten, that, "for my part, I hope in this war we have merited the title 'barbarians.'" Well, they certainly have; and in the end it will prove a title mighty dearly bought.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton

A Meatless Day Song.

I.

Father said on the Meatless Day:
"Turn me out to graze!
The fat farm-cattle
Have the best of the battle,—
Turn me out to graze!
On the old war-garden the snow lies deep,
But there's still a place in the sunshine's keep;
I'll look as lean as a close-shorn sheep,—
Turn me out to graze!"

II.

Then dinner came, and it silenced blame—
The covers finely laid,
Tempting—fine!
And a joy to dine
On the dishes mother made!
And father says: "Ain't they good to see!—
Just follow the lead of your mother and me,
And be Hooverized—as you ought to be,
In the fine home-food brigade!"

* * * * *

Briefs From Billville.

Our preacher ran the devil out of town, and now we can't get coal.

We can truly say that there are no "moonshine" stills in sight now. It's snowing.

If the end o' the world prophets could hit it right for once, we would at least have coal to burn.

The meat we eat runs wild in the woods, and may be had for the killing, and everything else to eat is home-grown; the men wear home-raised boots, and the women look fine in alligator shoes; and we keep warm by a wood fire. And there we are, and you know right where to find us!

* * * * *

All Christmas Children.

I.

All is de "Christmas Chillun;"
Some has done growed old,
An' some is settin' lonesome
In de chimbly co'ner cold.
Dey wants good times ter come dey way:
Dey ain't fergot 'bout Christmas Day!

II.

All—all is "Christmas Chillun,"
An' love de Christmas call,
Fer to de kind, good Moster
We's li'l' chilluns—all!
Bekase dey's po', an' old, an' gray,
Dey ain't fergot 'bout Christmas Day.

* * * * *

"They All Come Back."

This from a correspondent of The Tifton Gazette:

"Mr. Tom Porter, who took up a section of land in Colorado several years ago, has sold out and is on his way back to south Georgia. When they don't come back it is safe to put it down that they can't get back. The poet tells their experience in this:

"I've traveled North, I've traveled South,
In time of rain, in time of drouth,
And this I've found—that naught surpasses,
Georgia state and Georgia lassies."

* * * * *

A Lively Coon Hunt.

In some instances life is lively enough to the hunter, whether he "wings" a guide or not. Take this, for instance, from The Lancaster Record:

"Harry Tomlinson, 'Skinny' Gully and Parker Jenkins captured a coon last Friday night on the Price farm, that weighed thirty-six pounds. His 'coonship' whipped three dogs to a standstill, after a fight of 40 minutes, but was finally subdued and placed in a sack and brought to town, afterward whipping two more fresh dogs, and was at last killed with a sledge hammer borrowed from Tom McMillan."

* * * * *

In the Old Home-Place.

Good times, honey,
In the old home-place,
Table ready
For the old-time grace;
Spread with Plenty
For to pass around,
Joys—a million,
On the old home-ground!

Good times, honey,
As you want to know;
Home-lights twinkle
'Crost the hills of snow;
And here's the fiddler!—
Now's the time and chance!
"Swing your partners
In the old-time dance!"

* * * * *

Word From Br'er Williams.

I don't 'spect ter lif' my hat fer Chris'mas Gif', kaze I ain't got no hat ter lif', an' I can't ax Charity ter come in to my fire, kaze I ain't got no fire; an' I can't keep open house, kaze I ain't got no house to open. An' dar I is, an' whar is I?

A Winter Dream.

I.

From all the country chimneys ascend the wreaths of blue;
'Mid the holly's dainty dimness your Christmas dream's come true!
Where apples in the garret invite in rows of red,
And little children, dreaming, smile in their their sleep, in bed.
And so with snow comes Christmas and red-green holly bowers,
Where sparks from big, wide chimneys make gold and silver showers.
The country folks grow young again in the joys the children seek;
They take their time at Christmas;—they call it "Christmas Week."—
Oh, if life's best bliss is sharing with others what's your own;
Then, when you're burdens bearing, you'll bear them not alone!

II.

The country chimney's bigger that Santa Claus comes done:—
Out there you pull the trigger of the gun he brought from town.
The city has more bunting, more gleaming lights at night;
But—hounds and rabbit-hunting!—the country!—out o'sight!
The city girls, entrancing,—on wide White Ways they go;
But the country girls,—they're dancing beneath the mistletoe!
And the city fellow misses of life the joy supreme,—
A country girl's sweet kisses as she dances through a dream!
Time gave a golden moment to weave a dream like this,—
Of sunlight, moonlight, starlight and the sweetness of a kiss!

III.

Man makes the city's beauty—God gives the country light;
But when each has done her duty, the paths of both are bright:
The Country,—guns at Christmas; the City,—chimes and bells;—
This Christmas,—guns and soldiers!—red war, not peace, it spells.
Be it city, then, or country, this Christmas —not the same!
For He's away!—can't answer—to the calling of his name!
He's at the camp in training—or fighting there in France!
We're sad, but not complaining, our love will light his lance.—
And love completes the story;—above the chimneys high
Old Santa waves "Old Glory!"—"Goodnight," he smiles, "Good-by!"

—JAMES HAMPTON LEE

Constitution Is Thanked For Aid in Sunday Campaign

Editor Constitution: The executive committee is at a loss to find words with which to express their deep appreciation for the remarkable publicity campaign your splendid paper has given the Sunday meetings.

We do not see how you could have done more; and really we did not expect you to go to such lengths as you have to aid this worthy cause.

In our experience we have never seen such a generous amount of space, so intelligently applied, as has been devoted to the tabernacle meetings.

In printing Mr. Sunday's sermons you have made a wonderful contribution to Atlanta, to Georgia and to the entire southland.

You have made very prominent the chiefest asset of life.

You have caused thousands of people to think more about the Bible—religion—God—in seven weeks than they have thought, perhaps, in a decade; and a city or a state thinking Godward is a city or a state moving in that direction.

We have no doubt you have made thousands of friends, as an incident of your work, and we certainly hope you have.

Surely you deserve the admiration and friendship of the entire south.

We thank you most heartily and stand ready to serve you when we can.

J. K. ORR,
J. J. HAGAN,
W. W. ORR,
Committee.

Some Sidelights On the Great War

THE SOLDIER'S "FAG."

BY PATRICK O'FLAHERTY

Flanders.—I believe I am the first correspondent at the front in this war to write to his newspaper on the subject of cigarettes.

The "fag" has proven so necessary under the conditions which soldiers at the front have to face, that it has long ago been taken for granted. I am aware, however, that the cigarette has not such a hold on popularity in the United States as it has always had throughout Europe. I believe some of the states at home (Kansas and Indiana, notably) have passed laws out-lawing the cigarette, and that throughout the middle classes in the United States there does exist a very large body of sentiment which strangely enough condemns the cigarette.

I am even more aware of these facts today than I have ever been before, for, since the first of the American troops began landing in France I have had a large number of letters from Americans inquiring about reasons for the popularity of the cigarette and even intimating that it would be better if the cigarette were prohibited at the front.

That such an opinion should be expressed can only be laid to ignorance of the nerve-racking conditions under which soldiers fight the kind of war Germany wages, and ignorance of the comfort gotten from the soldier's "fag."

The number of letters I have been receiving, however, lead me to believe that the body of inquirers concerning the whys and wherefores of the cigarette in war time is so large in the United States that an article describing the results of a recent experiment by the Royal Army Medical corps in cigarettes, will not be without interest.

The experiment was conducted at a base hospital back of the lines in Belgium with a view especially toward determining the relation of cigarette smoking to "soldier's heart," a laymen's term which includes a wide variety of heart ailments, valvular disease of the heart, disordered action of the heart and some cases of what are known as "irritable heart."

Cigarette Smoking Experiment.

In the impossibility of prolonged abstinence from cigarettes on the part of the soldiers under experiment, thirty men were deprived of cigarettes from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. At 2 p. m. each was given five Virginia cigarettes of the most popular brands here at the front, which he was required to smoke within the next forty minutes. At 2:40 p. m. the smoking was stopped and each was put through a number of simple tests and the results noted.

I might explain here that all the thirty men chosen were smokers, having smoked from the ages of 15 to 18. They were between the ages then of 17 and 32.

Upon the conclusion of the tests, the first result noted was a moderate increase in the pulse-rate. Twenty of the thirty men under experiment showed an average pulse rate before smoking of 80 and during smoking 89, an increase of nine beats. In all of the thirty cases the rate showed some increase except in the case of three non-inhalers in whom it remained constant. In one of the thirty, the rate before smoking was 64 and during smoking 93; an increase of 29 beats. In the remainder, the increase ranged from 3 to 15 beats. There was a sudden increase during the first half-minute of smoking from 80 to 87, and during the remainder of the first five minutes a gradual increase to 93.

The respiratory rate remained unchanged in general. In half the cases the rate increased slightly and in the other half it decreased slightly. The maximum increase was four per minute.

A sharp increase in the blood pressure was noted almost at once. The average pressure rose almost to its maximum during the smoking of the first cigarette and the increase was maintained with little variation during the entire period of the smoking. Among those who inhaled the increase was 11 mm., and among those who did not inhale, the average increase was 4 mm.

Some Results of a Test.

Marked breathlessness was observed upon exertion after smoking—a greater degree of breathlessness than upon exertion before smoking.

In 12 of the 30, breathlessness was more pronounced in the exertion test after smoking. In the other 18 cases, it was unchanged. Of these 12 6 were inhalers and 6 non-inhalers, so that the doctors in charge of the test concluded that the "wind" can apparently be adversely affected by smoking even without inhaling.

From these results, the investigators reached the conclusion that the effects of cigarette smoking are not violent enough to warrant the conclusion that cigarettes are the cause of soldier's heart. This does not mean that it is not a contributing factor in cases of soldier's heart and in general breathlessness upon slight exertion.

I fear that these results are not the sort to convince the opponents of cigarette smoking in the United States. They have been reached by doctors of the Royal Army Medical corps, however, under conditions as nearly pathologically correct as it was possible for them to obtain.

But it has been my experience that much of the American objection to cigarette smoking comes from the ranks of the non-smokers, who are unacquainted with what benefits there may be in a cigarette.

I realize that there are arguments against the excessive use of cigarettes. Too many cigarettes, it has been shown many times, injure the health. But, harmless or harmful, there is probably no Tommy in Flanders who will not bear testimony that the best antidote for "nerves" is a small, white cigarette.

(Copyright, 1917.)

Joe Johnson Entirely Complacent About the New York Situation

Editor Constitution: I am grateful for the apparent anxiety of my friends, both in Atlanta and New York, on the subject of my getting "a job" under the next New York city administration.

Let me assure you, as the object of this apprehension, that personally I have none whatever on the subject. There are several grounds for my complacency. The first perhaps makes it unnecessary to mention the others. It is, that no one has authority for the assertion, either that I am a candidate for office or that I am not going to get one.

Those who understand New York politics will know that anyone holding place here who attempts really to do anything cultivates a flock of hostile insects, who rise, mosquito-like, to plague him, when his person becomes prominently visible. My enemies are biting thin air now, as I am entirely aloof from any scramble for office that may now be "scrambling." I am so engrossed with work for the Red Cross that I rarely give office holding a thought.

As to the fire commissionership: What could be more embarrassing than to step into the shoes of my old friend "Bob" Adamson. I remember how embarassed "Bob" was to do this self-same thing to me four years ago.

Something was said in the newspaper reports of my alleged activity for office under the administration of Mayor Hylan, about my living in Jersey. Yes, I have a pretty farm in New Jersey to which I have taken my family at such times as we chose, for a dozen years. I repair thither just as do your citizens to the charming regions of Buckhead or the farthest parts of Druid Hills, or any other place near or distant, without endangering their citizenship or being declared "alien enemies" to Atlanta.

I own also a farm in DeKalb county, Georgia, and visit it at my leisure or inclination without political ostracism in New York.

What I did in the recent campaign in this city gives me such complete satisfaction that I could hardly ask for more. I helped, as best I could, to expose and bury "Jack" Mitchel, the young political cabarettist who danced around so pitifully in the chair of the late Mayor Gaynor. I do not wish to gloat over a fallen adversary, but I have my righteous turn, in so much as he constituted himself a special agent in opposing me before the president for the New York postmastership a couple of years ago.

I am merely tempted to say to the boys I went to school with there in Atlanta (including Hugh Dorsey and the rest) that I gave the young upstart and social climber Mitchel just such a thorough beating as they would have me give him did they know the facts of the battle, and that I reflected some credit upon those of us who used to go to Crew Street school, and who afterwards were taught to "go over the top" by "Bill" Slaton and Professor Bass.

JOE JOHNSON.

New York, December 14, 1917.

Court of Appeals of Georgia.

Judgments Affirmed.

Carter v. State, and Williamson v. State; from Blackshear city court—Judge Mitchell. James R. Thomas, for plaintiffs in error. S. F. Memory, solicitor, contra.

Matthews v. City of Thomaston; from Upson superior court—Judge Searcy. James R. Davis, for plaintiff in error. Claude Worrill, contra.

Joseph v. State; from Brunswick city court—Judge Krauss. Frank H. Harris, for plaintiff in error. A. H. Crovatt, solicitor; A. D. Gale, contra.

Bradham v. State; from Brunswick city court—Judge Krauss. Smith, Tillman & Smith, for plaintiff in error. A. H. Crovatt, solicitor; A. D. Gale, contra.

Johnson v. State; from Catoosa superior court—Judge Tarver. Glenn & House, W. E. Mann, for plaintiff in error. Joseph M. Lang, solicitor general, contra.

Davenport v. Mayor and Council of Brunswick; from Glynn superior court—Judge Highsmith. Frank H. Harris, for plaintiff in error. J. T. Colson, contra.

Andrews v. State; from Hall city court—Judge Wheeler. H. C. Swindell, for plaintiff in error. Hammond Johnson, solicitor, contra.

Jenkins v. State; from Greenville city court—Judge Revill. McLaughlin & Jones, N. F. Culpepper, for plaintiff in error. J. F. Hatchett, solicitor, contra.

Ford v. State; from Savannah city court—Judge Rourke. Shelby Myrick, for plaintiff in error. Walter C. Hartridge, solicitor general, contra.

Brooks v. State, Jacobson v. State, and Raskin v. State; from Savannah city court—Judge Rourke. Robert L. Colding, for plaintiffs in error. Walter C. Hartridge, solicitor general, contra.

Kerney v. State, and McRae v. State; from Eastman city court—Judge Griffin. C. W. Atwill, for plaintiffs in error. D. D. Smith, solicitor, contra.

Elsie v. State; from Forsyth superior court—Judge Morris. H. B. Moss, for plaintiff in error. Herbert Clay, solicitor general, contra.

Dunbar v. State; from Richmond city court—Judge Black. C. H. & R. S. Cohen, Archibald Blackshear, for plaintiff in error. W. Inman Curry, solicitor, contra.

Jones v. State; from Richmond city court—Judge Black. J. W. Burch, Jr., B. E. Pierce, for plaintiff in error. W. Inman Curry, solicitor, contra.

Waldemar v. State; from Richmond city court—Judge Black. C. A. Picquet, for plaintiff in error. W. I. Curry, solicitor, contra.

Banks v. State; from Thomasville city court—Judge Hammond. C. E. Hay, E. L. Joiner, for plaintiff in error. H. J. MacIntyre, solicitor, contra.

Parks v. State; from Hall city court—Judge Wheeler. Sloan & Sloan, B. P. Gaillard, Jr., for plaintiff in error. Hammond Johnson, solicitor, contra.

Duren v. State; from Macon city court—Judge Guerry. John R. Cooper, for plaintiff in error. Will Gunn, solicitor, contra.

Hudson v. State (two cases); from Grady superior court—Judge Harrell. L. W. Rigsby, for plaintiffs in error, R. C. Bell, solicitor general; Ira Carlisle, solicitor; F. A. Hooper, contra.

Cotton v. State; from Troup superior court—Judge Terrell. Henry Reeves, for plaintiff in error. C. E. Roop, solicitor, contra.

Burrage v. State; from Haralson superior court—Judge Bartlett. I. N. Cheney, for plaintiff in error. J. R. Hutcheson, solicitor general, contra.

Rutledge v. State; from Fulton superior court—Judge Bell. Paul L. Lindsay, for plaintiff in error. John A. Boykin, solicitor general; Lowry Arnold, solicitor; E. A. Stephens, contra.

Skipper v. State; from Griffin city court—Judge Goodrich. W. H. Connor, for plaintiff in error. J. A. Darsey, solicitor, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Freeman v. State; from Wrightsville city court—Judge Blount. Faircloth & Claxton, for plaintiff in error. W. C. Brinson, solicitor, contra.

Ellis v. State; from Grady superior court—Judge Harrell. S. P. Cain, for plaintiff in error. R. C. Bell, solicitor general; F. A. Hooper, Ledford & Christopher, contra.

Bennett v. State; from Cobb superior court—Judge Morris. J. Z. Foster, G. D. Anderson, for plaintiff in error. Herbert Clay, solicitor, contra.

Dyer v. State; from Hall superior court—Judge Jones. B. P. Gaillard, Jr., for plaintiff in error. Robert McMillan, solicitor general, contra.

Arguments.

Arguments on Wednesday afternoon closed with No. 2367. The remainder of the calendar will be heard on Thursday.

Arguments in cases on the supreme court calendar have been concluded.

HEALTH TALKS

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

ODOR FROM THE NOSE.

A question often asked by readers is this: "Please tell me whether a bad odor from the nose (catarrh) can be cured if it is taken in time."

Again we say: "Catarrh" is neither disease nor symptom, neither local nor constitutional, neither something in the nose or throat or any other cavity, nor something in the blood, neither acquired nor inherited. It is just a name to apply to an ailment when you don't know what really is the matter, yet have something you want the victim to try for it. "A touch of catarrh," for example, was a favorite evasion of the old-time doctor who didn't know consumption till the patient was practically consumed, but still wished to seem to know what was the matter. "Catarrh of the stomach" is a handy little piece of camouflage to apply to a poor patient when you haven't the time, the means or the inclination to make a complete examination. And finally, "catarrh of the womb" still holds many a deluded woman to her pill, tonic or other alleged specific medication.

When an odor comes from the nose it is evidence of decayed tissue, retained, discharge, or both. Let a child insert a bean or other foreign body in the nostril, as children often do, and in time there is likely to be an unpleasant odor, together with a one-sided more or less constant discharge of purulent secretion.

Obstruction of the nasal passages from any cause tends to create odor. When normal secretions are retained too long, they undergo decomposition and unpleasant odors arise. The remedy is of course a careful examination of the nose, which must be made by the doctor with headlight or head mirror and nasal speculum, which instruments permit him to see clear back to the back door of the nose and determine just where and what the trouble is. Any good doctor can do this; one doesn't have to go to a specialist for treatment of the ordinary ailments popularly known as catarrh. If the family doctor does not feel competent, he will refer the patient to a nose and throat specialist for advice and help.

Personal hygiene is always an important factor, though neglected by many a poorly trained specialist. The diet, the clothing, ventilation, the action of the bowels, bathing, exercise—these things must be regulated in order to obtain relief from chronic disease of the upper air passages.

Sprays are of practically no value in the patient's hands, excepting for cleanliness. A simple cleansing spray is often a great help—a pint of normal salt solution, or of Dobell's solution well diluted, or of boric acid solution, or of bicarbonate of sodium solution, warm.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Attention, Examiners of Recruits!

I was rejected by a regular army surgeon after having been two weeks in camp. The excuse given was "third degree flat feet." I had passed two previous examinations, but this man was supposed to be a specialist on feet, I think. Now, I freely admit I am no Adonis, but when it comes to utility I am there with the best of them. Have walked forty miles in thirteen hours with only a half hour of rest, and was on my feet again at nine next morning. Can you tell me anything that will correct the appearance of my feet? I don't think I need any treatment, since my feet have never troubled me any.

ANSWER.—Unless you can persuade the army people across the line to give you a chance, we are unable to offer you a remedy. Many men have very flat and homely looking feet which are nevertheless thoroughly useful feet.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is inclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of The Constitution.

LITTLE LOCALS ABOUT THINGS OF CITY INTEREST

Secretary of State Cook Wednesday granted a charter to the Fireside Mutual Insurance company, a negro organization, which proposes to conduct a business on the mutual assessment plan without capital stock. The incorporators are David T. Howard, Alex D. Hamilton, Reuben Black, B. J. Davis and C. S. Cox, of Atlanta.

The school for deputy collectors, who will have charge of collecting the income tax, will start this morning at the federal building. After the school is organized Collector Blalock will invite representatives of banks and other corporations to attend.

Certified accountants have been placed on the eligible list for appointment to the grade of lieutenant in the army, according to announcement at the local recruiting station in the federal buildings. The applicants must not be under 30 years of age, and must have five years' experience. Only high-class, certified accountants need apply, the office states.

NEW OFFICERS NAMED FOR NATIONAL GUARD

Governor Hugh M. Dorsey on Wednesday designated the following new officers of the Georgia national guard:

Baxter Jones, of Macon, appointed major, and assigned to the office of the adjutant general in connection with the administration of the selective service law.

Henry B. Troutman, of Atlanta, appointed judge advocate general, with the rank of major.

Edward F. Johnson, of Atlanta, was commissioned lieutenant colonel on the governor's staff. This appointment made to fill the vacancy created by the enlistment of Britt Craig, formerly of The Constitution, whose resignation from the governor's staff was automatic with his enlistment in the army.

SANITARIUM BOARD MEMBERS ARE NAMED

Governor Dorsey Wednesday named the following members of the state sanitarium board:

For terms of six years: H. H. Dean, Gainesville; J. C. Jernigan, Warrenton; E. E. Lindsey, Rome.

For four-year terms: John T. Brantley, Blackshear; G. C. Brantley, Valdosta; P. H. Gambrell, Macon.

For a term of two years: Richard Johnson, Gray.

"A Toast to Clark Howell."

(From The Democrat, Madison, Wis.)

Fifty years old, fully tested, never found wanting, a standard southern newspaper yet not sectional; that is The Atlanta Constitution, one of the first among famous journals 'way down south in Dixie, and well worthy its primacy at home and its fair standing in the fourth estate.

Clark Howell, editor, general manager and largely the owner, worthy son of a sire who made the paper great, merits felicitation for his achievement, not only in maintaining the high character of his inheritance, but in improving upon the model. The Constitution has had its trials. So has spirited Atlanta. But both have emerged better for the ordeal.

No American chronicle is safer or saner than The Constitution, distinguished always for its optimism, for its studied helpfulness, and for its freedom from the yellow.

Here's to its still larger laurels and to the health and happiness of its cultured editor!

FIREWORKS BARRED IN CITY CHRISTMAS

Mayor to Issue Proclamation Forbidding Their Use. Urged by Government as War Precaution.

If the authority of the mayor, backed up by the police and fire departments and supported by the patriotic spirit of the city, means anything, Atlanta is going to have a safe and sane Christmas this year, without any fireworks.

Following representations from federal officials yesterday that the government was strongly opposed to the firing of fireworks, Mayor Candler announced that he would not only withhold the authority necessary before this sort of celebration can be indulged in, but would issue a proclamation urging all citizens to obey strictly the city ordinance which prohibits he shooting of fireworks without the sanction of the mayor. The police and fire departments will also be given instructions to enforce the law.

The proclamation is deemed necessary, in view of the fact that licenses for the sale of fireworks have been issued and as they may be sold in the city this might be taken by some as sanction for shooting them off. The mayor has made clear that this will not be permitted.

Special precaurtions are considered necessary this year on account of the war. It is pointed out that it is most important to protect food and cotton crops from fire and it is asserted that in addition to the number of fires that might reasonably be expected to result from fireworks, there might be serious incendiary blazes started by aliens who would not be slow to take advantage of the situation. In addition there is the reason of economy, it being most necessary at this time to conserve powder for use in war.

MABLE IS NEW MASTER, BATTLE HILL LODGE

Battle Hill lodge, No. 523, F. & A. M., held its regular communication last evening, the annual meeting being set aside for election of officers and reports of various committees.

J. A. Mable, well-known insurance man, was elected worshipful master, to succeed Walter G. McNair, retiring.

The following newly-elected officers were installed by Pastmaster J. A. Massey, of the lodge, assisted by Pastmaster Clarke Lewis, of Sardis lodge, who acted as deputy grand master and introduced the new officers:

J. A. Mable, worshipful master; Fred B. Winburn, senior warden; Dr. C. J. Bible, junior warden; J. E. Segrest, treasurer; J. E. Garrison, secretary; W. H. S. Dorsey, chaplain; W. H. Roberts, senior deacon; G. C. Vaughn, junior deacon; Nelson Crist, senior steward; W. M. Rogers, junior steward; H. H. Burke, tyler.

W. H. S. Dorsey, acting for the membership, presented the retiring worshipful master, W. G. McNair, with a beautiful diamond ring as a token for his long and efficient service, he having served in various capacities for six years, to which tribute he fittingly responded.

Addresses were made by many prominent Masons, liberal contributions made to the Scottish Rite home and other charities.

Battle Hill lodge is one of the strongest of the several Masonic bodies in this city, having a membership of about five hundred and fifty.

MOVIE ACTRESS HERE FOR HOLIDAY SEASON

The co-star with Harold Lockwood in the feature film, "The Square Deceiver," is Miss Kathrun Hutchinson, and this pretty little lady is now in Atlanta, the guest of her brother, Joseph T. Hutchinson.

Never a worry has the charming young woman. She is thoroughly in love with her chosen profession and takes life just as fate hands it out to her, without a grumble.

She leaves for Birmingham Thursday and goes from there to New York, but says she will carry with her memories of Atlanta sufficiently pleasant to bring her back again next year.

HARPER CASE TO JURY BEFORE NOON TODAY

The case against W. D. Harper, charged with fraudulent use of the mails, which has been in progress in federal court for several days, will go to the jury tonight. District Attorney Alexander, who was making the concluding argument for the government when court recessed yesterday afternoon, will complete his speech this morning, and the judge's charge will follow. The case is expected to reach the jury before noon.

Will Prosecute Fifteen.

The district attorney's office yesterday issued warrants against fifteen persons charged with having government property in their possession, which they secured from soldiers. It is a violation of federal law for a civilian to wear any part of the uniform of a United States soldier, and members of the provost guard and police force are planning to make every effort to enforce it. Assistant District Attorney Carpenter states that all violators will be vigorously prosecuted.

Ma Sunday Leaves City With Warning, "Take Care of Dad"

Wife of Evangelist Says an Au Revoir to Atlanta as She Goes to Spend Christmas at Her Home.

"I hate to leave you people down here in Atlanta, you have been so good and fine to us," said "Ma" Sunday last night as the train upon which she was traveling to Winona Lake, Ind., pulled out of the Union station.

"And I especially hate to leave tonight, because George has received his commission as a first lieutenant, and I wanted to help Dad arrange the service flag on the pulpit at the tabernacle."

The train on which Mrs. Sunday left was delayed by the late arrival of a sleeper, and while the switch engines were busy making up the train, Mrs. Sunday went into the day coach, where the reporter found her chatting with an Italian soldier who had enlisted in the American artillery.

day with her.

"Give everybody my love," said she as the train pulled out, and say that I regret leaving Atlanta before the end of the meetings. Take good care of Dad."

Mrs. Sunday will spend Christmas at her home in Winona, where she will have her daughter, Mrs. Haynes, of Chicago, Billy, Jr., and little Paul Sunday and goes from there to New York, but says she will carry with her memories of Atlanta sufficiently pleasant to bring her back again next year.

PARCELS FOR XMAS DELIVERY MUST BE IN OFFICE TODAY

Warning was given by Postmaster Bolling Jones yesterday that all parties who expect their mail to be delivered by Christmas day should place their Christmas packages in the postffice today. It is very doubtful whether any mail deposited later than tomorrow will reach its destination before Christmas day.

The reason urged for early mailing is the congestion of the railroads. Mr. Jones declared that there was no congestion in the local office and he did not anticipate any, but the railroad mail was moving so slowly on account of train delays and the enormous amount of parcel post matter to be handled that the only hope of Christmas delivery lay in immediate mailing.

WOMAN MINE PROMOTER NOT OF EDDY CHURCH

The Constitution is in receipt of the following letter denying that Christian Science power is ever used for the promotion of business deals, and that a woman claiming so to do, according to a recent dispatch, is not a true Christian Scientist:

"December 19, 1917.

"To the Editor of The Atlanta Constitution: In a dispatch appearing in your paper dated New York, December 17, it was stated that a lady 'who described herself as "a student of Christian Science," brought suit in supreme court here today for "service and instruction" alleged to be due her.' Telegraphic advices from Christian Science authorities in New York city state that this lady is not a member or regular attendant of any local church or a member of the Mother church in Boston. This advice also states that she could not be found by them or by her attorney.

"The dispatch mentioned that this lady asked a large sum of money for 'using Christian Science power in aid of big mining deal.' This, within itself, is proof of the spuriousness of the whole matter, in so far as it applies to Christian Science, as such a proceeding would be diametrically opposed to genuine Christian Science practice.

"Yours very truly,
"HERBERT Z. HOPKINS,
"Committee on Publication."

CITY EMPLOYEES HURT IN MOTORCYCLE SMASH

Jim Goldsmith and C. W. Buchanan were two bruised and battered members of the office force of Walter Taylor, city clerk, Wednesday, following a motorcycle accident Tuesday night.

The two young men were riding home on Buchanan's motorcycle when they collided with an auto truck at the intersection of Highland avenue and Drewry street. Buchanan said the driver of the truck made a short turn without signaling his intentions, and when they tried to swerve out of his way the motorcycle skidded, throwing them in front of the truck.

Buchanan escaped with some slight bruises, but Goldsmith suffered a broken rib, several contusions on his head and face, and his left knee and hip were badly bruised. The motorcycle was wrecked beyond repair.

TAKING OFF SLEEPERS A BLOW TO TOURISTS

Thomasville, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—The announcement that the Atlantic Coast Line railroad would curtail its sleeping car service and only run a sleeper on train 189, is looked upon here as bad for tourist travel this winter. Most tourists from the north and east come out on train 185, reaching here in the afternoon, as that has always been the fast through train and the favorite one in schedule. Of course, to those who have private cars of their own, it will make no difference and most of Thomasville's regular winter residents come out in their own cars. There were five private cars leaving here this week, their owners going home for the Christmas holidays.

151 FACTORIES SHUT DOWN ON WEDNESDAY

The Manufacturers Co-operate With Power Co. in Move to Conserve Electricity.

Officials of the Georgia Railway and Power company said Wednesday night that manufacturers who use power had responded nobly to their requests to shut down, or to curtail, the use of electricity as much as possible until the power situation improves. It was stated that 151 factories on the high tension electric lines were closed all day Wednesday, thereby saving 200,000 kilowatt hours and preventing a paralyzation of the street car and light system.

Unless the power company receives a supply of coal in the very near future or the situation is relieved by a heavy rainfall, the factories may again be called upon to shut down, and even more stringent economies of power may have to be resorted to by the company to prevent the complete collapse of electrically-operated public utilities in Atlanta and vicinity.

BAPTIST PASTOR SEEKS REHEARING OF HIS CASE

Dr. Taylor to Ask Convention to Clear Him of Disloyalty Charge.

Savannah, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Rev. J. J. Taylor, D. D., former pastor of the First Baptist church, in order to get what he terms a "square deal," has asked the executive committee of the Southern Baptist convention to consider his case, as it originated in the general convention last May in New Orleans. The committee is to meet in Dallas, Texas, the last of this month, when Dr. Taylor will submit to the members papers, statements and other evidence which he expects will result in the committee exonerating him of all allegations of disloyalty and lack of patriotism.

Dr. Taylor will ask the committee to consider specifically the incident in the New Orleans convention, to which is attributed much of the unpleasantness which has originated since. In nowise, he states, is he seeking any review or judgment of developments between himself and his former pastorate since the incident, his object being purely to have himself set right in the eyes of the church and public through the action of the highest power of the church, save the church itself.

Dr. Taylor will submit statements from Rev. J. T. Henderson, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Rev. J. D. Gambrell, of Dallas, Texas, to show that his remarks were not disloyal.

The case in point, as will be remembered, arose from Dr. Taylor opposing a resolution pending in the convention to pledge the "lives, property and support" of the Baptists of the south to President Wilson and the war. His remarks which were of a pacifist character, resulted in a near riot in the convention.

Dr. Taylor maintains he has not had a square deal or a fair hearing before the church body.

BELGIAN VIOLINIST WILL APPEAR HERE

Jules Falk, the noted Belgian violinist, will appear in Atlanta at the Wesley Memorial church on December 31 and January 1 under the auspices of the Georgia Libby circle of the King's Daughters. He will be assisted by Miss Malvina Ehrlich, pianist, and Miss Gertrude Arnold, contralto, both of whom are nationally known in musical circles.

Mr. Falk is one of the most interesting personalities before the concert public of America. His reputation as a violinist of ability and rank was first established by his successful career in the musical centers of the old world and it was the recognition accorded him and his art in Paris, London, Vienna and Berlin that first commanded the attention of musical circles in America.

Falk has also been associated with Mme. Schumann-Heink and Titta Ruffo in recital.

One of the most interesting features of Falk's equipment is the Antonius Stradivarius violin (1723) used in his public appearances. This instrument has a well authenticated history, being one of the celebrated collection of Count Cozzio di Salabue.

G., F. & A. Appeals Arbiters' Decision Reinstating Engineer

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) The Georgia, Florida and Alabama railway to day filed a bill of exception in the United States district court here to the action of the board of arbiters in reinstating Engineer G. F. Strickland, who was dismissed from the service of the company last March on the ground that he had been guilty of various infractions of the company's rules, among the charges being that he left a station ahead of time, running too fast over dangerous grounds and that he ran through a switch.

The reinstatement of Strickland was demanded by the various brotherhoods, and the matter was finally submitted to arbitration. The arbiters decided that Strickland should have his job back, with pay from the time of his dismissal. The railroad contends in its bill of exceptions that the act providing for mediation does not contemplate arbitration in case sof this kind. The arbitration in cases of this kind. The land was not an employee of the company at the time of the arbitration. Bias on the part of F. A. Burgess, one of the arbiters, is also alleged.

Wheeler Mercer Men Feasted at the Lanier By Alumni Association

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Mercer men stationed at Camp Wheeler—that is men who formerly attended the Baptist institution—were guests of honor tonight at a banquet tendered by the Alumni association at the Hotel Lanier, more than 100 persons gathering about the festive board to tell about the days they spent in college and to enjoy the feast. In addition to the alumni, both civilians and soldiers, there were prominent Macon businessmen present on invitation of the committee in charge.

Richard Jordan, a member of the class of '84, now a Macon attorney, acted as toastmaster and Dr. M. Ashby Jones was the chief speaker. His talk was both patriotic and reminiscent. His subject was "Why We Are at War With Germany." The banquet room was decorated in the college colors. A number of impromptu talks were made and a quartet furnished music.

ALL CHILDREN

And the "grown-ups" like to Kodak. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the opticians, are headquarters. Be sure and put Kodak on your Xmas list. Brownies, $1.25 up. Kodaks, $7.00 up. 42 North Broad St.

Christmas Came to Soldiers' Home By "Ten Cents Bill"

When the civil war came on William Yopp, or "Ten Cents Bill," as the aged negro is now known, was a slave on the plantation of Thomas McColl Yopp, near Dublin, Ga. As many another of the young southern men of that day, Mr. Yopp heard the call of the confederacy and went into the field. He was captain of Company H, Eighteenth Georgia regiment. "Ten Cents Bill" was hardly more than a picanninny in

William Yopp, ex-slave, better known as "Ten Cents Bill."

those days, but if Marse Yopp had to go, "Ten Cents Bill" felt that he must go, too. So he followed Marse Yopp through the campaigns of the Northern Army of Virginia, and then came back to Georgia with him, and with him went to work to rebuild from the wreckage the old Yopp home.

The fortunes of Captain Yopp and "Ten Cents Bill" have changed greatly since those days. Captain Yopp now lives at the Soldiers' Home, and "Ten Cents Bill" is a cook on a private car for the Central of Georgia railroad, and makes his home in Macon. But "Ten Cents Bill" has never forgotten the love that he bore for his master through the trying days of the sixties.

"Ten Cents Bill" Visits.

So it was no surprise when "Ten Cents Bill" put in his appearance at the Soldiers' Home the other day and asked for Captain Yopp, for the old negro is not an infrequent caller, and when he shakes hands to leave he always leaves a dollar or two in the palm of his former master's hand, and at Christmas time he brings a basket of Christmas cheer.

But "Ten Cents Bill" not only remembered Captain Yopp this Christmas, but every old vet in the home. He was considering his Christmas trip to the home some time ago, and told some of his friends that he wished he could give something to every old soldier in the home. A small purse was made up, then, for the soldiers, and the next day some of the Georgia papers printed a news story about the incident. More contributions—one from as far away as South Bend, Ind.—came to swell the Christmas fund of "Ten Cents Bill."

And when "Ten Cents Bill" went to the Soldiers' Home the other day for his annual Christmas visit to Captain Yopp, he not only took his little gift to his master, but also carried a big basket of "goodies" and a purse of $25, which he presented to the old veterans as a body.

Bill Makes a Speech.

The sentiment of it struck to the hearts of every one of those old men. It got close up among the human clockworks of Superintendent Thornton, and he assembled the old veterans in the chapel. He gloried in the discovery of the fact that there yet remained that love and affection which the antebellum southern negro felt for "his white folks," and in that vein he introduced Bill and the object of Bill's visit to the old soldiers—and then Bill made them a speech.

Bill gloried in the old south and bubbled over about the "lost cause." In his own way he told of his love for his master and his even greater love for his captain. Of the fighting through Virginia and how much, though he was but a boy, his heart was in it. How, when the war was over, the war which made him free, his heart was broken over what that freedom meant to him. But, more touching than all else, Bill said—the amount of applause being the measure of sentiment it awakened—was when Bill said: "I can't call you comrades, because I was never anything more in that army than my master's servant, but I felt like I was. I ate the same meals and many a time out of the same tin plate, and I drank out of the same canteen, and I loved our soldiers just as much as if I had been a soldier, too. I loved him, and they were his soldiers. I nursed him and I nursed some of them, and all the time I was with that army there was never anything that come to me but good treatment, as good as they got themselves.

"And now, in this time there is in my heart that same friendship, and I hope the little bit I bring today is going to make some pleasure and joy for all of you at Christmas. I hope you will take it like Bill Yopp gives it. I don't know but one of the old Eighteenth Georgia here in the home, but we were all the same great army."

And they did take it in that spirit—they took the gift with a "rebel yell!"

ATLANTA NEGROES DOING THEIR PART IN SALE OF STAMPS

While the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals goes on in public places, the better eleemnt of colored citizenship are not unmindful of their obligation in the campaign against tuberculosis.

Loudic Andrews, head of the staff of colored nurses at Grady hospital and head of the health department of the Colored Womens' War Work activities, has reported the sale of $240 worth of Red Cross seals.

The sale will continue among the colored folk until Christmas Eve. They will continue to sell them in a home-to-home canvass, and they will sell them at booths to be placed in colored centers Monday and Tuesday, December 23 and 24.

OGLETHORPE CHAPTER ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

Oglethorpe chapter, O. E. S., No. 122, meeting in regular communication last evening, elected officers for the year as follows: Mrs. W. W. King, worthy matron; Dr. O. O. Fanning, worthy patron; Miss Anna Evins, associate matron; Miss Cora Cheshire, conductress; Mrs. Fred Edwards, associate conductress; Mrs. W. C. Chappelear, warder; Mrs. Walter Cheshire, secretary; George P. Donaldson, treasurer; Mrs. May Donaldson, chaplain.

The officers, including appointees, will be installed during early January by the officers of the grand chapter, who have been requested to visit the chapter in a body. Plans for the reception will be announced later. Many subscriptions to the Red Cross were announced as well as contributions to the empty stocking fund.

FOOD ADMINISTRATOR WILL MEET GROCERS

The grocers of Atlanta will meet with officials of the Georgia food administration at the Auditorium-Armory Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of working out plans of cooperation between the merchants and the administration.

The meeting is called by J. H. Ewing, food administrator for Fulton county, who will preside.

Addresses, explaining the aims of the food administration and the sort of cooperation the merchants can give, will be made by Dr. Andrew M. Soule, of Athens, state food administrator, and Major D. F. McClatchey, executive secretary of the state food administration.

BOOKS

For Boys
35c & 60c
SEND—FOR—LISTS.
GAVAN'S
71 Whitehall St.

The Management of Your Affairs Under A Voluntary Trust

A voluntary trust is created for the management of your affairs during your lifetime.

Such a trust is of especial importance to officers and men in the service of the Government who are necessarily away from their families and business.

This Company has amongst its clients a number of men engaged in the Army and Navy.

We look after their investments and other properties, collect interest, dividends, rents and disburse their income according to instructions contained in a Trust Agreement.

Under a voluntary trust anyone can be relieved from the burden of management either for his own behalf during life or for the support of dependent persons. We furnish legal advice and opinion without charge.

We shall be pleased to explain the creation and operation of such trusts to persons interested, either personally or by mail.

TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA

ATLANTA - - - - - - - GEORGIA
Capital and Surplus, $2,000,000.00
Member Federal Reserve System

—OFFICERS—

Ernest Woodruff, President	J. N. Goddard, Vice President	John K. McDonald, Trust Officer
John E. Murphy, Vice President	W. C. Wardlaw, Vice President	Albert Pritchard, Asst. Sec. & Treas.
J. H. Nunnally, Vice President	Geo. B. Pendleton, Sec. & Treas.	J. J. Goodrum, Jr., Manager Bond Department

—DIRECTORS—

William E. Chapin	John W. Grant	John E. Murphy
James W. English	Albert V. Gude	James H. Nunnally
Ernest Woodruff	Robert J. Lowry	J. Carroll Payne
John N. Goddard	Robert F. Maddox	Harold Hirsch
Chas. A. Wickersham	William J. Davis	Frank Hawkins
Frederic J. Paxon	Thomas B. Paine	Robert W. Woodruff
Charles R. Winship	Edward H. Inman	Samuel C. Dobbs
	Brooks Morgan	Robert C. Alston

To the People of the South:

Every year the normal travel is greatly increased during the Holiday Season. This year it will be swelled by the return to their homes for Christmas of a large number of troops now in camp in the South. Furthermore, an extraordinary current traffic in military supplies, fuel and necessary commercial freight may be expected during the Holidays to limit our ability to provide comfortable passenger transportation.

IN VIEW OF THESE CONDITIONS, SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY EARNESTLY APPEALS TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC NOT TO ATTEMPT TRIPS DURING THE CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS EXCEPT THERE BE URGENT NECESSITY, TO THE END THAT THOSE WHO MUST TRAVEL MAY DO SO WITH A MINIMUM OF INCONVENIENCE.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY
By FAIRFAX HARRISON, President

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18th, 1917

Only 4 Shopping Days Until Christmas

Gruen Veri-Thin Watches For Men and Ladies' Fine Bracelet Watches

They Are Ideal Christmas Gifts

An Ideal Assortment of Gruen timekeepers are stocked by us.

For accuracy and beauty Gruen watches are noted.

Gruen Bracelet Watches are featured here in all the latest styles and models.

Gruen Watches for men are the most admired of all timepieces.

Call and let us show you our stock, or write for illustrated Watch and Jewelry Catalogue.

Mail orders shipped prepaid. Safe delivery and satisfaction guaranteed.

Open evenings.

TRUE VALUES

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
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Established 1887. 31 Whitehall Street, Atlanta Ga.

VICTROLAS

Complete Line of All Sizes and Finishes

Largest Stock in Atlanta to Select From

Reserve Your Christmas Victrola Now

Easy Terms if Desired

RECORDS

An ideal Christmas Gift is one of our selected assortments of Records in Beautiful Gift Box. All prices.

SHOP EARLY

Phillips & Crew
Piano Company
Phone Ivy 892 :: :: 82 North Pryor St.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Central Bank & Trust Corporation

Located at Atlanta, Ga., at the close of business December 15, 1917.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Demand Loans	$ 2,565,508.67	Capital Stock Paid in	$ 1,000,000.00
Time Loans	4,466,756.52	Surplus Fund	300,000.00
Overdrafts, secured	2,463.30	Undivided Profits, less Current Expenses, interest and Taxes Paid	312,903.11
Overdrafts, unsecured	280,894.05	Due Banks and Bankers in this State	1,163,610.57
Bonds and Stocks owned by the Bank	1,527,087.67	Due Banks and Bankers in other States	344,329.05
Furniture and Fixtures	5,733.07	Due Unpaid Dividends	70.00
Other Real Estate	20,408.78	Individual Deposits Subject to Check	2,648,064.92
Due from Banks and Bankers in this State	870,532.52	Savings Deposits	2,405,593.08
Due from Banks and Bankers in other States	868,710.78	Demand Certificates	10,093.29
Currency $140,144.00		Time Certificates	550,741.89
Gold 10,787.50		Certified Checks	9,540.10
Silver, Nickels, etc. 34,088.77		Cashier's Checks	43,057.07
Cash Items 14,170.49		Notes and Bills Rediscounted	1,554,935.00
Clearing House 313,422.08	513,612.84	Bills Payable, Including Time Certificates Representing Borrowed Money	760,000.00
Customers' Obligations	768,124.90	Customers' Acceptances	768,124.90
Trade Acceptances	278,021.25	Trade Acceptances	278,021.25
		Reserved for Interest	17,771.12
Total	$12,166,854.35	Total	$12,166,854.35

STATE OF GEORGIA, Fulton County—Before me came Walter T. Candler, Cashier, of Central Bank & Trust Corporation, who, being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of file in said bank.

WALTER T. CANDLER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 17th day of December, 1917.
(Seal.)
THOMAS I. MILLER,
Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS FOR RESULTS

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon. If you fail to buy your copy from the boys in the morning you can drop in at any regimental canteen and get one.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S

Camp Gordon News

Edited by James A. Hollomon.

CAMP GORDON BUREAU.

Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are invited to visit The Constitution, leave poetry, photographs, news, jokes, human-interest stories, etc., and if The Constitution can serve you, command it.

2 OFFICERS' CLUBS FOR CAMP GORDON

Rifle Range Hut Also Authorized at Meeting of Y. M. C. A. Camp Executives--Large Building Program.

New army Y. M. C. A. buildings to serve officers and men in the national army and national guard camps of the southeastern military department were authorized to be built at a cost approximating $115,000 at an all-day conference of the local headquarters staff and the camp executive secretaries held yesterday in the Atlanta Y. M. C. A. building. Valuation of buildings now constructed at the various camps, forts and naval stations in this department totals approximately $575,000. With additional buildings which doubtless will be authorized before the end of the year, on January 1, 1918, the army Y. M. C. A. will have erected buildings in the southeast costing something over $700,000.

Included in the program are two officers' clubs and a rifle range hut for Camp Gordon.

In the building of officers' club huts this month the army Y. M. C. A. will be opening a new field of service. Thus far the men in the ranks have been the ones served by the Red Triangle in the main.

A. C Ackley, executive secretary of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A., in charge of the work in the southeastern military department, which is all directed from Atlanta, presided at yesterday's conference. Dr. W. W. Alexander, associate executive secretary, whose task it has been to replace nearly 50 per cent of the entire staff of the army "Y" secretaries during the past month who have been called by the draft or for service overseas and who must find 600 more secretaries during the next six months; R. H. King, associate executive secretary in charge of the eastern states in the department, and W. E. Adams, executive construction secretary, with the various camp executive secretaries attended yesterday's conference.

The following buildings were authorized, with approval of national headquarters at New York city:

Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.—Two officers' clubs, one type "F" building and one rifle range hut.

Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.—Two officers' clubs and two type "F" buildings.

Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.—Three additions to national guard buildings and two officers' clubs.

Camp Hancock, Wheless, Ga.—Two national guard buildings and two officers' clubs.

Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C.—One national guard building and two officers' clubs.

Camp Sevier, Paris, S. C.—One national guard building and two officers' clubs.

Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss—One national guard building and two officers' clubs.

Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.—One national guard building, one remount station and two officers' clubs.

Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.—Three additions to national guard buildings, one aviation building and two officers' clubs.

Camp Wadsworth, Calvert, S. C.—One national guard building and two officers' clubs.

Camp Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla.—One type "E" building.

ARMY ORDERS

By Telegraph to The Atlanta Constitution.

Washington, December 19.—(Special.) Following named officers assigned active duty: Captains Reed B. Bontecou, Walter Willis Rosser, Zacharias J. Scott, First Lieutenants Joseph E. Adams, Arthur F. Anderson, Roger Atkinson, George F. Baier, Walton L. Bean, Thomas R. Beech, Frederick Bernstein, Edward C. Blackwell, Ladson D. Boone, James D. Boxeman, Elmore G. Brittain, Harry H. Brown, Jr., William E. Browne, Joseph A. Cimineria, Grady S. Clinkscales, Erwin J. Cummins, Joseph A. Dillard, Emil U. Dillenback, George B. Faulder, Irving F. Gram, Joe P. Jewell, James P. Knight, Frank C. Leavitt, Lawrence J. Lindsey, Robert D. May, Charles H. Merrill, Philip McQueen, John B. Nason, Lloyd S. Nease, Johnston Peeples, Harrison A. Pruitt, Charles T. Richardson, Seymour H. Rowland, Gettis T. Sheffield, Wilbur F. Shirkey, Jr., Groves B. Smith, Israel Shirs, Edward S. Stewart, Hilland B. Thomas, Joseph E. Thomas, Philip J. Trentzsch, Howard C. VonDahmy, Henry P. Webb, Fred E. Wheeler, Lonnie O. Wilkerson, Landrum W. Wood, Leo C. Woods, Isaac L. Wyatt, Homer C. Wysong.

Colonel M. J. O'Leary, quartermaster corps, national army, in command of stevedore regiment No. 304, Newport News, Va., placed on detached service at that place and will supervise the organization of a new stevedore regiment. Captain William H. Clancy, relieved of duty at Camp Greenleaf and will proceed to Charlotte.

The following named officers of medical reserve corps relieved of duty at the place specified: First Lieutenant Giles A. Deason, Camp Bowie; First Lieutenant Ralph P. Evans, Camp Beauregard; First Lieutenant Robert Hamilton, Camp Dix; First Lieutenant Clark E. Sharp, Camp Sherman.

The following named officers relieved of duty at Camp Greenleaf and will proceed to the camps specified: Captain James A. Barker, Camp McClellan; Captain Leon L. Meyer, Camp Gordon; Captain William B. O'Rear, Camp Cody, Deming, N. M.; First Lieutenant Ernest M. Dorsett, Camp Beauregard.

Major Howard H. Baily, medical corps, upon the arrival of Major Garfield L. McKinney, medical corps, is relieved from present duties at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., and will proceed to Fort Oglethorpe and report to the commandant medical officers' training camp, Camp Greenleaf, that post, for duty as instructor.

KIMSEY WANTS NAMES OF CAMP MUSICIANS

All members of the division at Camp Gordon who play any kind of musical instrument and who wish to become members of instrumental organizations and small orchestras are requested by Warren Kimsey, of the department of camp music, to send their names to him stating the kind of instrument they play and their experience.

Mr. Kimsey is also anxious to get in touch with male quartets, glee clubs and all vocal organizations among the men at Camp Gordon. He is prepared to furnish music to all these organizations and to aid them as much as possible.

It is also stated that Arthur A. Selzer, 35th infantry infirmary, would like to get in touch with a good violinist. All organizations at the camp interested in Mr. Kimsey's offer can reach him by addressing him at 602 Chamber of Commerce building, Atlanta, Ga.

COMPANY F, 325TH INF., SPREADS BIG BANQUET

Officers Are Guests, and Some of Camp's Vaudeville Artists in Entertaining Program.

Company F, of the 325th infantry regiment, gave a banquet and entertainment at its mess hall on Tuesday night, with the officers of the organization and a number of entertainers from all over the camp as guests of honor. The occasion of the dinner was to celebrate the procuring of a piano for the company.

The tables were well piled with eatables, as the company and guests sat down at 6:30 o'clock, and the feast ended with ice cream and cake and cigars.

Vaudeville Program.

After the dinner the boys and their guests put on a number of high-class vaudeville turns. It was the cause of great amusement when Morton Beck, master of ceremonies, called the attention of the guests to the program that was to follow, saying:

"Gentlemen and (turning to the officers' table) and Officers." He got no further because of the roar that went up from the officers' table.

Ben Fairman, 326th infantry, Company D, led off with a few of his ragtime songs that always make a big hit with the boys. Next came David Gale, solo drummer, late with the Knickerbocker hotel, New York city, and now with the 325th Infantry band, with some jazz work on the drums. He has with him only a meager equipment, but makes a hit with what he has.

Michael Mandracchia, 326th infantry field hospital, Italian singer and comedian, was next on the bill, with some of his comedy and songs. He is from New York city also, and is better known under his stage name, Michael Casper. He was with the Sam Gilder Vaudeville Review, and under contract this season with Jack Clifford company. His performance is doing great work in chasing away the blues in Camp Gordon, and made its usual hit on Tuesday night. His pianist, who also played a second in several of the comedy hits, was Fred Trust, 320th Field Artillery band, who stands high in the affections of the boys at Gordon.

Performed on Piano.

Trust is a professional piano player, who has recently worked the boards in a piano act known as Jackson and Trust. He hails from Brooklyn, N. Y. Joseph Coleman assisted also.

Coleman, who is in the 321st Field artillery, Company B, also did several numbers himself. His pleasing voice and stage manner have won for him a place already on the professional stage and he gets great applause at Camp Gordon.

Morton Beck and his partner, Murray Friedman, pulled off with great success their act, which is now well known in Atlanta, as well as at camp. Friedman is of the 325th Infantry headquarters company.

Jimmie Fryar, Company A, 325th infantry, and several partners gave an exhibition of boxing. Fryar is from Philadelphia, and puts on an act called shadow boxing, which fools everybody.

BASKETBALL PROGRAM IS NOW BEING ARRANGED

Schedules Being Made by Regimental Athletic Officers. Co. B, 325th, Challenges.

Final plans for the big basketball schedule for the Eighty-second division are being made by athletic directors and regimental athletic officers, and indications are that the games between the various units of the divisions will begin the first of the coming year.

The outdoor court at Unit 151 is now being wired for overhead lights, and officials state that if the experiment with lighting facilities for games at night prove successful other outdoor courts all over the reservation will be immediately wired also.

They further add that lumber and building material have been ordered for the construction of the big indoor courts at the Y. M. C. A. units and the Knights of Columbus hall, and that these should be on the reservation in the course of a short time.

The contests between the various companies of the camp will be played off on the outdoor courts, and the scraps for the championship of the division will be staged on the indoor courts at the auditorium and the Knights of Columbus building.

On the indoor courts will also be staged the games between the Camp Gordon championship five and other camps and forts which have promised to meet the Gordonites after the division championship has been decided. Much interest is being evidenced in the schedule by the enlisted men of the camp and officials in charge are rushing operations to the quickest possible completon.

Company B, 325th Infantry, Wants to Play A. A. C.

Company B, 325th infantry, basketball team has defeated every company in their respective regiment and is open for games with any team in camp or Atlanta. We are especially anxious to meet the Camp Gordon team and the Atlanta Athletic club.

The line-up is as follows:

Speigel, forward, comes from New York, and has played on the University Settleemnt team, which has turned out the best players in the country, such as Lon Sugarman and Barney Sedran.

Krick, forward, has starred on the University of Maryland for the last three years.

Ober Miller, center, was one of the stars of the University of Illinois.

Sias, guard, from North Hampton High school, has played on various teams of that city, and while at the high school made the all inter-scholastic high school team of Connecticut valley.

J. F. Wiebel, guard, from Maryland, is a well-known amateur about that state, and is anxious to get into action after a rest of a few years.

The team manager is Sergeant A. H. Lawo, of Memphis, Tenn.

Directors Who Are Staging Tonight Several Big Matches for Rotarians

A. C. BOYER AND R. C. CUBBON.

Guests at the Rotarian dinner at the Piedmont hotel this evening at 7 o'clock are to see some interesting boxing matches arranged especially for the occasion by Athletic Directors Bob Cubbon and A. C. Boyer, of Camp Gordon, with the scrappers selected from the wide field of fighting men in the Eighty-second division.

The bouts will consist of four rounds of two minutes' time each and they will be staged immediately after the big supper scheduled for the occasion. The boxers will represent the very best fighting material at the camp, and those present are promised lively moments.

The first bout will be by J. Frank, of Philadelphia, who is now a member of Company E, of the 326th infantry regiment, and Jimmie Fryer, also of Philadelphia, and a member of Company A, of the 325th infantry. Johnny Victor, of New York, Company A, of the 325th infantry, and Kid Christy, of Baltimore, of Company G, of the same regiment, will take part in the second bout, and Bill Bradley, of Reading, Pa., Company A, of the 325th, and George Rudolph, Jr., of New York, Company G, of the 325th infantry, will tie up in the third.

Another feature of the boxing program will be the comedy shadow boxing act by Jimmie Fryer, assisted by Bill Yeaser, of Company A, 325th infantry, which is said to be a treat in itself.

All the men who will take part in these matches are professionals of several years' experience in the rings in the north and east.

WILL ERECT ON FRIDAY TREES FOR THE SOLDIERS

Nearness of Christmas to Be Impressively Illustrated by the Holly and Mistletoe.

Members of the 82d division at Camp Gordon are to be given their first real impression of the nearness of Christmas tomorrow morning, when the Atlanta Rotarians will bring to the reservation 17 big Christmas trees which are to be loaded with presents later on for the men in the camp.

The trees will be installed during Friday in the various buildings planning to celebrate the Christmas season. Twelve will be placed in the Y. M. C. A. building units about camp; three will be erected in the base hospital; one will go to the Knights of Columbus hall, and one will be placed in the camp library building.

The different buildings and trees are to be decorated by the churches or organisations "mothering" them, with the assistance of the working staff of the buildings.

There will be only one uniform Christmas service in each of the buildings, this to be held on Christmas eve. The service will consist of the singing of Christmas carols and other exercises prescribed by the regimental chaplains and building secretaries.

Christmas for the Sick.

Great preparations are being made for a big Christmas dinner for all the patients of the overcrowded wards at the base hospital by Major Marietta, officer in charge. Now that there are a number of cases of measles in camp, everything possible is to be done to make Christmas a cheerful one for the sick and lonely boys.

Flowers, late story magazines and funny graphophone records to make them laugh and forget their pain and loneliness will be quite acceptable. The two graphophones are working overtime to cheer up the boys.

There will be three Christmas trees at the hospital—one for the nurses, one for the patients in their mess hall, and one for the hospital corps in their mess hall. The Rotary Club of Atlanta is supplying them; the ladies under the direction of Mrs. Chalenors will decorate them, and the Y. M. C. A., under Mr. Lewellyn, will provide tiny electric lights to light them. As the sun parlors are full of patients, no trees will be allowed in them.

Pocket testaments for all who have not them are being supplied by the Y. M. C. A. secretary. The slogan is, "Every patient a member of the Pocket Testament league."

The Rotary Club of Atlanta will deliver at Fort McPherson today 25 trees—5 large and 20 small ones—and these will be decorated and presents will be distributed the same as at Camp Gordon.

SAVANNAH SOLDIER IS AMONG DEAD IN FRANCE

Savannah, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—News has been received of the death of James T. Fallows, in France. Mr. Fallows was the son of Mrs. W. T. Tevlin, 104 Charlton street, west. He also has a brother in Savannah, Harold J. Fallows. He went with the Canadian expeditionary force to France in the early part of the war.

ONE DEATH AT WHEELER; TUBERCULOSIS THE CAUSE

Macon, Ga., December 19.—The health situation at Camp Wheeler continues to improve, it was announced tonight at the base hospital. There has been only one death at the hospital during the past 24 hours, the victim being Patrick McLaughlin, Company G, 124th infantry, of tuberculosis.

BILLY SUNDAY GIVES 2,000 BOOKS OF SONGS TO GORDON SOLDIERS

Before Billy Sunday left Camp Gordon Wednesday afternoon he placed at the administration building 2,000 song books containing a number of old-time favorites that the men would like to sing, with instructions they be given the men of the division especially, with his compliments. Soldiers can get them at headquarters building.

MAYSON WILL PRESENT A PORTRAIT OF GORDON

Feature Event Friday Evening at Which Bishop Candler Will Speak.

The ladies of the Atlanta Methodist churches and the secretaries of the Camp Gordon unit 155 have issued a number of invitations to officers and citizens of Atlanta to be present at the dedication of the building at 7 o'clock Friday night, at which time an elaborate program is to be staged in the building.

Probably the feature event of the program will be the presentation and unveiling of a handsome portrait painting of General John B. Gordon by Hon. James L. Mayson, of Atlanta. The picture of the southern general will be hung in the building after the completion of the exercises.

Another feature of the program will be an address to be delivered by Bishop Warren A. Candler, well known in religious circles and chancellor of Emory university. Bishop Candler has evidenced a great interest in the men of the division and is already known to a large number of them.

The soldiers of the camp are invited to be present and witness the impressive dedication ceremonies as well as to hear Bishop Candler and Mr. Mayson. Secretaries in charge of the occasion will be P. S. Powell, J. W. Fulton, L. B. Green, R. A. Grier, A. E. Barnett, E. O. Habin and R. C. Goforth.

GEN. MUIR COMMANDS DIVISION AT AUGUSTA

Washington, December 19.—(Special.) The order from the war department assigning Major General Charles H. Muir, national army, to the Fifty division, has been revoked. Major General Muir will proceed at once to Camp Hancock and assume command of the Twenty-eighth division.

CAMP IN BRIEF

The Camp Gordon Eentertainers' league gave another star program at the Knights of Columbus hall last night with a large and appreciative soldier audience in attendance.

Officials of the division were yesterday undecided as to when the initial shot would be fired on the Camp Gordon small arms range near Norcross. Arrangements were being made, however, to provide 4,500,000 rounds of ammunition for the troops at practice there. Every man in the division will be given an opportunity to demonstrate his ability with a rifle before practice ends, and it is estimated that each man's firing will cost the government approximately $8. Plenty of ammunition has been received.

It is also stated in connection with the range firing that officers will exert themselves to start competition among the men for records in shooting at the targets. As soon as ammunition arrives for the pistol range the military populace are expected to make things hum there.

A number of new officers from Fort Oglethorpe have been assigned to work in the intelligence department at Camp Gordon, where personal data is being collected in regard to all the men of the division. Officials at division headquarters state that the work is now more than two-thirds completed and that the remainder will be rushed to the earliest possible completion.

BILLY SUNDAY SPEAKS TO SOLDIERS AT CAMP

Approximately 2,000 Hear Him at the Auditorium Wednesday Afternoon.

Approximately 2,000 soldiers of the Eighty-second division were yesterday afternoon formally introduced to "Brighten the Corner Where You Are" when Billy Sunday, famous evangelist, and his party, made his second appearance on the reservation and delivered a talk to an enthusiastic soldier audience at the Auditorium.

Homer Rodeheaver and Brewster were also present at the Auditorium, and under their leadership the soldiers showed their musical ability in its best form. Billy Sunday's talk was devoted to the subject "Be a Man," and his words were received with great attention by the applauding men.

The one unfortunate feature of the occasion was that the address was begun at almost 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and a large number of his hearers were obliged to leave during Mr. Sunday's remarks on account of the fact that retreat was scheduled for 4:15 o'clock.

At the close of the talk Mr. Sunday asked all the men who wanted to follow the advice of his subject, "Be a Man," and to avoid all temptations and evils to raise their hands. There was a practically unanimous response from the entire audience.

Mr. Sunday stated that it was probable that he would be able to come to Camp Gordon again before leaving Atlanta, so he arranged a time with the men that would be most convenient for them to attend the meeting in case he can return to the reservation. Saturday night at 6 o'clock was voted the best time for his third talk at the camp.

HUNDREDS OF GEORGIANS PASS INTO THE SERVICE

Approximately 400 Arrived at Gordon Wednesday—More Expected Today.

A steady stream of selectmen from all over the state of Georgia who have recently been notified by their local boards to report to Camp Gordon beginning December 19 poured into the national receiving station at Camp Gordon all during Wednesday. Officials state that the number of men reporting up until midnight of Wednesday night was approximately 400.

Immediately upon arriving at the detrainment station near Chamblee the Georgia men were marched in long columns across the reservation to the receiving station, which is now located with the casual detachment of the Eighty-second division in Block F, near division headquarters.

Here they were received without delay by officers who put them through the preliminaries of entrance to the national army. The receiving staff was greatly enlarged for the occasion and the Georgians passed into the service with as little delay as possible.

A similar rush of Georgia selectmen is expected during Friday, but officers state that it will probably be the end of the week before the 1,100 men recently summoned to appear at the camp have all reported. Telegrams are constantly coming in notifying officers of the entrainment of selectmen in different counties about the state.

ONLY 12 DEATHS IN CAMP SINCE BUILDING BEGAN

Wild rumors regarding the number of cases of pneumonia and measles among the members of the division at Camp Gordon have been circulated in Atlanta during the past few days, and officials of the division are at a loss to find their origin. The number of deaths at the camp has also been greatly exaggerated.

The facts are there have been a total of 13 deaths at Camp Gordon since the first construction work was begun on the reservation several months ago. With the average population of the reservation at all times in the neighborhood of 15,000 men, this is a record that few cities of the same size can boast.

Additional information at hand shows that there are only a few cases of pneumonia prevalent in the camp. It is understood that not more than a dozen are in existence. While there are a number of cases of measles on the reservation, officials state that practically none of the cases are of a dangerous nature, and that conditions in this respect are entirely satisfactory.

LT. COL. THOMAS HEADS NEXT TRAINING CAMP

An interesting announcement at Camp Gordon is that Lieutenant Colonel John R. Thomas, Jr., formerly attached to the First Provisional regiment (colored), has been appointed chief instructor of the Third Officers' Training camp, which will open at Camp Gordon on January 5 of next year.

Colonel Thomas came to Camp Gordon from the training camp at Fort McPherson, where he acted as instructor. He has had wide army experience, having had charge of troops in Hawaii and other foreign points. He has many friends on the reservation and in Atlanta who will rejoice at his recent success.

GEORGIA LIEUTENANT ON THE "Y" IN FRANCE

Columbus, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Lieutenant Bentley H. Chappell, of Columbus, a member of the famous Rainbow division and now near the battle line in France, in a letter to his father, Hon. L. H. Chappell, says:

"The Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. are the busiest people here, and their assistance to soldiers and sailors can never be appreciated by any one who hasn't seen what they are really doing for us. They do everything possible and are always ready to go after anything else suggested that will help the troops in any way."

MANY UNIVERSITY MEN IN WEDNESDAY ARRIVALS

Bowden, Well-Known Athlete. Maddox, Practicing Lawyer. Mackay an "A. M."

Coming among the very first of the 1,100 Georgians who yesterday began pouring into the camp was David Timon Bowden, of McDonough, who is one of the best known athletes in the state. Bowden served for three years on the line of the football team at the University of Georgia and won a berth on the all-southern team with his brilliant playing. He was also a college baseball performer of wide reputation. After his college term Bowden went in for professional baseball and for the past several years has been a member of several well-known leagues in this part of the country. He has many friends on the reservation who will be glad to see him at Camp Gordon.

Alonzo B. Rivers, a selectman from Jonesboro, was a bookkeeper before his entrance yesterday into the fighting forces of Uncle Sam. He was also a student at Emory college, Oxford, Ga., for one year. He was assigned to one of the infantry companies of the casual detachment.

B. F. Floyd, of LaGrange, was a prosperous farmer before entering the Eighty-second division. He also had a year of law at Emory university, at Atlanta.

Swift P. Maddox, Dalton, Ga., was also among the first of the Georgians to report at the receiving station. Maddox was a student at the University of Georgia and later attended the Atlanta Law school. He was a practicing lawyer when he was ordered recently to Camp Gordon.

George W. Mackay, of Atlanta, was a Y. M. C. A. secretary at Camp Wheeler, Macon, just before entering the division at Camp Gordon. Mackay also holds degrees of A. B. and A. M. He was assigned to an infantry company of the casual detachment.

Bob Woods, of Adatown, Ga., was an operator of a steam shovel in his home town less than a week ago. He is now a part of Uncle Sam's steam rollers with the casual detachment.

A large majority of the Georgia men reporting for duty at the receiving station yesterday were farmers. There were also a number of railroad men. All evidenced a commendable spirit upon their initial signing up with the U. S. A.

Charlie Figueras, a Spaniard of Atlanta, used to run a lunch stand on Marietta street. Charlie now states that his "next weinie will be eaten over a German counter in the city of Berlin."

William N. Glover, of Macon, was a newspaper circulation manager before entering the service of the United States. One of the companies of the casual detachment claimed his services when he entered Camp Gordon yesterday.

Harry Haynes, of Commerce, Ga., states to officers at the receiving station that he is only a farmer with a desire to shoulder a musket in the interests of Uncle Sam. Harry will doubtless thrive on the beans of the casual detachment mess.

Harlan P. Farr, of Comer, Ga., used to be a cotton buyer and he states that he was one of the very best in Comer. He says he is ready to change to government wool without any discomfort.

Atlanta Chi Phi Alumni Gives a Dinner Saturday; Military Members Invited

The Constitution is in receipt of the following letter, which explains itself:

Atlanta, Ga., December 17, 1917.

The Atlanta Alumni association of the Chi Phi fraternity will give a turkey dinner at 7 o'clock Saturday, December 22, at the Kimball House.

The association desires as its guests on that occasion the brothers who are in the military service of the United States. Your presence will be appreciated. Please send your acceptance as soon as possible to the undersigned. An attempt is being made to reach all brothers who are located at camps adjacent to Atlanta, but it has been impossible to secure a correct list. The association will appreciate it if you will extend an invitation to any Chi Phi in the service whom you may know not to have received a letter similar to this.

The brothers will meet in the parlors of the Kimball House promptly at 7 o'clock.

Fraternally yours,
F. R. MITCHELL,
P. O. Box 419, Atlanta, Ga.

QUARTERMASTER GETS MANY NEW ASSISTANTS

Second Lieutenants From Reserve Corps—More Medical Men for McPherson.

Several additional officers from the quartermaster's corps, national army, have been assigned as assistants to the camp quartermaster at Camp Gordon. They are; Second Lieutenants George McC. Ruddy, Henry H. Green, Thomas E. Tupper, Frederick A. Lowe, Temple N. Milling, J. B. Scully, Robert H. Strickland, James E. Hardwick, Henry R. Bynum, Clarence W. Bradford, Arthur V. Clifton, John D. Hightower, Miles C. Wiley.

The following named officers at the places specified have been relieved and ordered to proceed to Fort McPherson and report in person to the commanding officer, United States army, General Hospital No. 6, that post, for duty with hospital unit R: Captain Henry A. Gray, Neuro Surgical school, Neurological institute, New York; Captain John R. Walker, care Dr. William O. Sherman, Pittsburg, Pa.

Following named officers have been assigned to active duty and ordered to proceed to Fort McPherson and report in person to the commanding officer, United States army, General Hospital, No. 6, at that post, for duty with hospital unit R: Captains Frank Fuller, John F. Herick, Lora L. James, First Lieutenants Ira N. Crow, Kenneth L. Johnston, Robert S. Reimers, Edward J. Wehman.

Captain William S. N. Dorland has been relieved of duty at Camp Greenleaf and ordered to Fort McPherson.

Major Lanphear W. Webb, Jr., medical corps, has been ordered to proceed to Fort Oglethorpe and report to the commandant, medical officers' training camp, for the purpose of organizing and commanding hospital train No. 23.

Captain Francis R. Lyman, Medical Reserve corps, is relieved of duty at Camp Wheeler, and will proceed to Fort McPherson, and report to the commanding officer, United States army, General Hospital, No. 6, that post, for duty with hospital unit B.

Following named officers are assigned to active duty and will proceed to Fort McPherson, Ga., and report to the commanding officer, United States army, General Hospital, No. 6, that post, for duty with hospital unit B: Captain Henry W. Titus, Captain William J. Vogeler, First Lieutenants August L. Beck, Edward L. Burwell, Paul B. Fitzgerald.

CAMP POEMS

Written for The Camp Gordon News by Soldiers.

A Soldier's Thoughts.

Oh! for the happy days we knew,
The many joys, the cares so few.
Our daily task, combined with pleasure.
Alas! 'tis lost—that earthly treasure.

Oh! for the sports in the summer time,
Our laughter and joy, as we felt so fine.
The cup of joy, then easy to fill.
Alas! 'tis empty—for now we drill.

Oh! for a plate of home-made stew,
Enjoyed so much by me and you!
The fragrance of those meals, so fine.
Alas! 'tis gone, when now we dine.

Oh! for the girl we left alone.
The one who waits for our coming home,
She waits and prays for us every day;
Yes, she's sad while we're away.

Oh! for the end of this terrible war.
But like our fathers who fought before
We sacrifice all, that we may win.
Alas! 'tis plain—we'll never give in.

Oh! for the hope of a lasting peace
Over the land, from west to east.
Then may the world in happiness be.
Yes, till the end of eternity.

—EDWARD G. HEILSBERG,
Supply Company, 325th Infantry, Camp Gordon.

"Be Loyal."

There's something I'll ask of you,
It's an easy task to do.
Just make up your mind
That to all mankind,
You'll be loyal and be true.
What a great world this would be
If you'd show your loyalty.

CHORUS:

Be loyal! Be loyal! Be loyal all the time.
No matter how high in this world you may climb.
This country first you owe a debt.
Wherever you may be,
And to repay it, don't forget
To show your loyalty.
To father and mother be loyal and be true,
It's all they ask of you, and they deserve it, too.

Be loyal to the young and gold
And even those without the gold.
Devoted you should be,
If you want this world to seem
Just like one long happy dream,
Then show your loyalty.

—PRIVATE HENRY LEDERMAN,
Company A, 320th Machine Gun Brigade, Camp Gordon.

BISHOP MIKELL SPEAKS AT THE CAMP SUNDAY

The Right Rev. H. J. Mikell, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Atlanta, will conduct a service at Camp Gordon in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium on Sunday, December 23, at 10:30 a. m.

Will You Take a Soldier Into Your Home During a 38-Hour Leave on Christmas?

Will you take one or more soldiers from Camp Gordon and Fort McPherson into your home from Monday afternoon, December 24, to Wednesday morning, December 26, and thus let them feel the warmth and cheer of a "home" at Christmas time? Eight thousand of these boys will have a 38-hour leave of abence, but they live in the north and east and cannot get to their own homes. Many of them have never been away from home at Christmas time. They want companionship—they want the human touch, the fireside cheer. Will you let them romp with the children, and play Santa Claus, and have a good informal Christmas, with the real Christmas spirit? You will make them happy; and in making them happy you will make yourself and your children happy. The Constitution is getting hundreds of requests for soldiers Christmas. Will you open your home to one or more?

If you will do this please sign the enclosed request and mail to The Constitution:

To Atlanta Constitution, Camp Department,
Atlanta, Ga.

We will be happy to take ..... soldiers in our home from Monday afternoon, December 24, to Wednesday morning, December 26, and to make home folks of them.

(Signed).....

Street address.....

How reached by street car.....

.....

DANIELS FLARES AT "MESS GOSSIP"

Secretary Angered by Question Asked by Representative Britten—Daniels Says Navy Is All Right.

Washington, December 19.—A recital by Secretary Daniels of how the navy prepared for war by adding several hundred ships to the fleet and letting contracts for hundreds of others, including dreadnaughts, battle cruisers, destroyers and auxiliaries, and an explanation of the operation of the navy supply department by Rear Admiral McGowan, paymaster general, marked the opening today of the inquiry by a house sub-committee into the navy's war activities.

The sub-committee adjourned tonight without fixing any time for resuming the hearing and probably will not meet again until after Christmas.

Daniels and Britten Clash.

A tilt between Secretary Daniels and Representative Britten enlivened the session. Britten asked what complaints had been made to the navy department by Vice Admiral Sims.

"I think that is not a proper question to ask," said Secretary Daniels. "I will say, though, inasmuch as the question has been asked in open session, that Admiral Sims has been given everything that the navy has that it could give." Secretary Daniels said he did not believe "mess gossip" should be "bandied about."

"If Admiral Sims," he added, "is not getting everything that is needed, it is a matter for operations to say whether he should have it. Operations has spent itself giving all that Admiral Sims needs that the department has. I think this is very petty and small business."

"I'm asking about facts," said Britten.

"If you have any facts, give them," shot back the secretary. Britten said he hoped it was not the desire of the committee merely to show the favorable condition of the navy.

"If a commanding officer here or abroad," said Britten, "complains that he is not getting what he wants, it is proper to ask about it."

As to whether every requirement of Admiral Sims on the European station has been complied with," replied the secretary, "or whether every matter of strategy has been complied with, I would say those ought not to be asked about. Admiral Sims has made no complaint. He asked for some particular man to go to over there who could not be sent because of other duties. There is a perfect understanding between Admiral Sims and the department."

Later, when Admiral McGowan was called to the stand he submitted an order issued by him some months ago directing that Admiral Sims' requests for supplies be acted upon on the same day they were received.

424 Ships Being Built.

"We have 424 ships in course of construction." Secretary aDniels told the committee. "That does not include submarine chasers, of which we are building 350, and does not include the small craft. The chasers will be in service by early spring." Included in the 424 ships, he said, were battle cruisers, battleships, scout cruisers, destroyers, fuel ships, gunboats, hospital ships, ammunition ships, sea-going tugs, mine-sweepers and submarines.

The navy at the beginning of its participation in the war, the witness continued, had at its disposal the money needed for most of the expansion immediately required and in pressing cases where funds were lacking overobligations were incurred. Within the last few days the navy has had to ask for $86,000,000 in addition to the regular estimates amounting to $1,039,000,000 for the next fiscal year, now before the house naval committee.

Secretary Daniels said the navy now had more than one thousand ships in commission as against 300 two years ago, and an enlisted personnel of 280,000 officers and men compared with 64,680 men and 4,376 officers when America declared war.

"Has the navy measured up?" he asked. "It is my firm belief at the close of the investigation your answer will be, 'It has,' and the country has every reason to repose confidence in the navy."

Admiral McGowan explained to the committee that all purchases for the entire naval establishment, except armor plate, guns and ammunition, had been centralized in the bureau of supplies and accounts under his direction so that advantage could be taken of favorable market conditions.

The witness said the bureau has enlisted practically every manufacturer in the United States in its field of bidding and that it had 11,000 firms on its mailing list.

No Red Tape, Says McGowan.

Questioned by Representative Wilson, Texas, he said many expert civilians were devoting their time at small salaries in his bureau.

"In general," he added, "there is not a job-seeker among the whole lot. They're hand picked. I 'shanghaied' some of these civilians and have refused to accept resignations."

Replying to a question from Representative Britten, Admiral McGowan said there was no likelihood of a shortage of clothing at any time.

"Every man in our navy is amply clothed and if they were any more than they do they could not walk," he said, and added that life preservers have been suggested for every enlisted man who goes to sea.

"There is no red tape in the navy department in making purchases," said the witness. "Where supplies are immediately needed bids are called for by telegraph and even by telephone."

The paymaster general was asked why the $,000,000 appropriation at a previous session of congress for acquiring the basic patents for aircraft remains unexpended, but the answer was left to be made by Captain Irwin, of the aircraft board, who will be called later.

Admiral McGowan explained the method of expediting naval transportation by a "voucher" system to inform trainmen that a carload was for the United States navy, discontinued thre weeks ago by the railroad car service committee.

"Will you get as expeditious shipments now?" he was asked.

"We do not believe so. The railroads claim we will. They claim others abused the plan."

GOVERNMENT MAY TAKE OVER BRUNSWICK PLANT

Brunswick, Ga., December 19.—While the report lacks official confirmation, it is generally rumored in this city that the United States Emergency Fleet corporation has completed plans for the taking over by the government of one, if not two of the local shipbuilding plants which are not now engaged in building vessels for the government. The report, it is understood, comes from a reliable source, and is to the effect that the plants will be taken over at once.

Of the shipbuilding plants in operation at this port at present two of the larger ones, the Brunswick Marine Construction corporation and the Carpenter-Watkins company, are not handling government contracts. It is understood that the owners of both of these plants have conferred with Washington officials, but decided not to accept contracts.

It is stated that the government intends to take over the first named plant at once together with the vessels under construction, and that plans are being made to add about 750 additional laborers, who will be sent to this port. This is to be done, says the report, in order to speed up work.

DECATUR YOUNG LADIES GIVE SOLDIERS A PARTY

The Decatur S. A. club, a junior branch of the Patriotic League of America, gave a uniform party for thirty-five soldiers from Camp Gordon last night. The club is about four weeks old and is composed of twenty-five members of the high school and college children of Decatur. Mrs. J. A. Montgomery is the club mother, and Miss Laura McClellan, president.

The members are working on sweaters given out by Mrs. E. H. Wilson to be made for Ambulance Corps, No. 327, the company Marion Wilson, the Decatur boy who was killed last week, was in, as New Year presents.

The girls all wore white middy suits and red ties, making an attractive contrast to the khaki of the soldiers. Mr. Kimsey, singing director of Camp Gordon, kept the crowd lively by leading them in patriotic songs.

FLEMISTER IS CHOSEN CARTERSVILLE MAYOR

Cartersville, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Under the new city charter recently adopted, P. C. Flemister was today elected mayor, and H. H. Green and Z. M. Jackson aldermen, without opposition. The newly elected officials are among the best and most successful business men of the city. On assuming charge on the first Wednesday in January, the mayor and aldermen select a city manager, who may not be a resident of Cartersville, who will assume administrative charge of all municipal affairs, except schools.

CITY SENDS S. O. S. MESSAGE FOR COAL

Secretary Walter G. Cooper Wires Washington That the Situation Is Desperate. Atlanta Faces Heatless Xmas Unless Help Comes.

Atlanta is facing a heatless Christmas. The coal situation is becoming more alarming every day. In an effort to receive aid from Washington Walter G. Cooper, secretary of the chamber of commerce, Wednesday night sent the following telegram:

"Telephonic inquiry shows no coal shipped to Georgia today from Tennessee and Kentucky because of priority orders in favor of the railroads. Only five days' supply, including coal here and en route. Miners' Christmas holidays next week. Unless coal moves south rapidly on Thursday, Friday and Saturday yards will be bare by Christmas.

"Cannot shipments be ordered by wire? Letter mailed today shows that Atlanta began season April 1 with 25,000 tons less coal than last year; reshipped 25,000 tons, sold railroads 28,000 tons and burned in conflagration 4,000 tons. Needs 22,000 tons for new population besides consumption at cantonment and extra coal used by power company, which has had to run steam plant since July because of dry weather.

"Considerably more than 100,000 tons more coal are needed this year than last and shipments to December increased less than 60,000 tons.

"We had harrowing scenes here last week. With hundreds of families without coal, children and invalids suffered and some people burned fences. Unless coal shipments are resumed promptly we shall have more suffering."

With Georgia representatives busy in Washington and the chamber of commerce coal committee at work in Atlanta, both striving for additional coal for this city, the fuel situation remains this morning about as it has been for the last several days.

There is scarcely any coal to be had, and so far no report has come through Washington indicating that the federal fuel administration has changed its attitude of outting Atlanta's promised relief coal supply by 50 per cent.

The chamber of commerce committee held another meeting Wednesday morning and forwarded additional information on the local situation as given above, with the hope of prevailing on the fuel administration to allow some more coal to come to Atlanta.

The slight moderation of the weather Wednesday helped to relieve the situation slightly in Atlanta. Every effort is being made to get more fuel before another cold snap comes along.

VANDERLIP WILL SPEAK.

President of Strongest Bank to Meet Business Men Here.

Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City bank, of New York, will be the principal speaker at a luncheon of the Advertising club to be held at the Hotel Ansley, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Vanderlip is one of America's greatest financiers. Hugh Richardson, state director for the war savings committee, through Frank E. Lowenstein, president of the Advertising club, requests all the members of the club to be present at Friday's luncheon. The meeting, says Mr. Lowenstein, is arranged for the purpose of having Mr. Vanderlip meet Atlanta's prominent business men.

Teuton Stowaways Allowed to Depart From United States

Savannah, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Though Wilhelm Illsanz and Eric each are subjects of the kaiser and thus enemies of the United States, the federal government, which would be warranted in holding the men prisoners of war, has decreed the pair shall be allowed to leave the shores of the United States in safety when the Swedish steamship, Olivia, sails within the next few weeks.

Illsanz and Eric were brought in on the Olivia on February 17 of this year as stowaways from Las Palmas, Canary Islands. The men had secreted themselves in the coal bins until the steamship was out of port and they were as black as the fuel in which they had been hidden when hunger drove them to the decks. The skipper was amazed and not a little angered to find the two Teutons who were only intent upon escaping to the United States and who had outwitted his officers and crewmen.

The ship sailed from Las Palmas some time before the United States declared war, and the apparent fact was that the Germans were desirous of reaching this country, where they would be immune from military duty in behalf of their country.

According to a German rubber expert, the best way to preserve tire tubes is to partly inflate them and hang them in a darkened room in which is a dish of unslaked lime and one of ammonia.

Postal Receipts Increase.

Washington, December 19.—First receipts from the increase in first class postage rates totaled $5,455,000 for November.

BOOKS
For Boys
35c & 60c
SEND—FOR—LISTS.
GAVAN'S
71 Whitehall St.

a Dependable Store

THOSE who wish to give practical, useful things could not choose more wisely than the choice of shirts.

We have no record of any man who claims to own more shirts than he needs.

Madras Shirts, in a variety of dainty stripes—new patterns and colors, at $1.50 to $3.50.

Silk Shirts, exquisite fabrics, beautiful patterns and a wide range of uncommon color conceits. A gift any man will appreciate.

$5 to $7.50

E. J. Perkerson Co.
Men's Outfitters
10 Whitehall St.

If you were a Cowpuncher
—doing your twelve hours in the saddle daily—constipation and yourself would be strangers. Most of us, however, need the eliminative aid of a prompt and efficient laxative like

PLUTO
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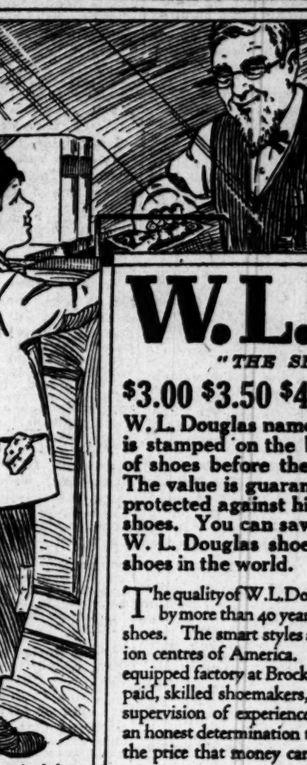

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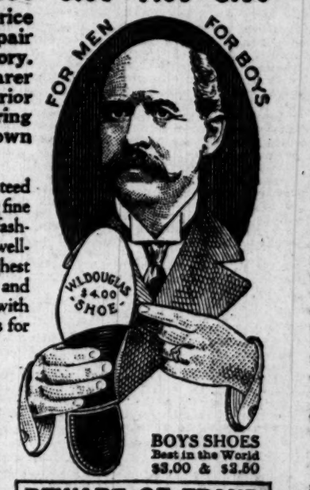

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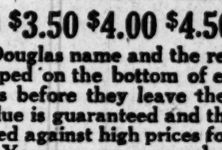

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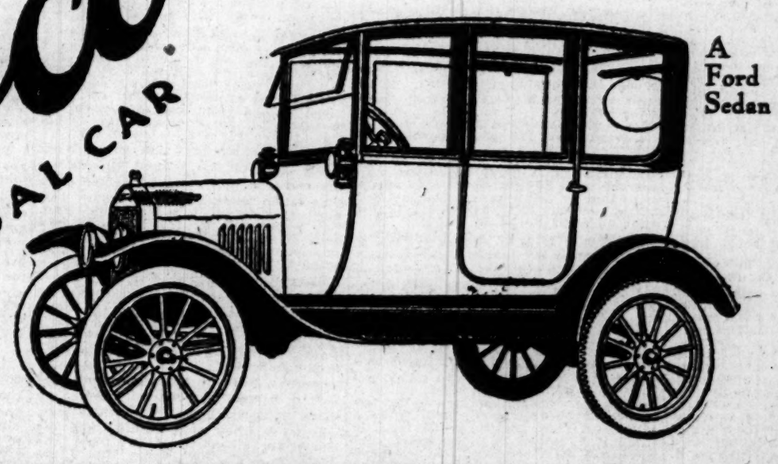

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Belief in Christ Is Only Way of Salvation, Declares Billy Sunday

STRONG SERMON PREACHED BY EVANGELIST LAST NIGHT

Billy Sunday preached a strong sermon to a large audience last night on the subject, "What Shall I Do to Be Saved?" The evangelist answered the question by quoting Paul's statement to the Roman centurion, "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." The sermon follows in full:

The sixteenth chapter of Acts, the thirtieth verse—"What must I do to be saved?"

The apostle Paul seemed to live in a perpetual state of revival. He had only to come into Philippi, the chief city of Macedonia, and sit by the river bank and we are told that Lydia, the seller of purple, believed and was baptized.

There was so much power and conviction about him that he had only to walk the street and a girl possessed with the spirit of divination, or as we say, "had the devil in her," walked after Paul and with derision said, "These are the servants of the Most High God, that show unto us the way of salvation."

As if there was anything these men could impart which, by doing, would benefit our position—the audacity of these men that they come to us and talk to us about the improvements in our conduct in the manner of living!

"These are the servants of the Most High God who come to teach us they way of salvation."

Paul was grieved because of evidences of the devil within her and he said, "I command you in the name of Jesus, come out of her!"

And when her masters saw that the hope of their gain was gone—the hope of their gain lay in the keeping of the devil in that girl and as long as the devil was within her they would feed and fatten and gormandize off the money she earned—as long as the devil was in her she was nothing but a mere pawn on the chess board to be moved by that licentious crowd that had her under their grip like a panderer today—and when her masters saw that the hope of their gain was gone, and when the devil went out, their gain went with him, and when Jesus Christ came in the girl was no longer under their power—when her masters saw that the hope of their gain was gone, that they could no longer feed and fatten and gormandize on her sin, they seized the men that God had used to drive the devil out of her and rushed them over to the magistrate and they said: "These men teach doctrines contrary for us to receive."

Certainly the doctrine "Thou shalt have one wife" is contrary for an old Mormon!

Certainly the doctrine of salvation through faith in Jesus Christ is contrary for a Unitarian!

Certainly the doctrine of eternal damnation in hell for the unrepentant is contrary to a Universalist!

"These men teach doctrines contrary for us to receive."

Pocketbooks Hit.

And old Demetrus used to make silver shrines for Diana of the Ephesians, and Paul had gone over there and preached, and the people had been converted from heathenism so they wouldn't buy his little silver shrines any more. He saw that the effects of Paul's preaching hurt his business, so he called together everybody of like craft and said:

"See here, our profits are being affected by these men. If that fellow stays here and preaches that doctrine, people won't buy these little silver gods we're making for Diana of the Ephesians. If they remain, we are ruined."

And every bum and every bartender and every brewer and every distiller yells: "Rights! Rights! Rights!" as a great tidal wave of temperance sweeps over our land.

"Why, if Christianity comes, then we've got to go." And wherever religion interfers with a man's business he's in a dirty, rotten business—I don't care whether he's a rum seller, crap-shooter or a multi-millionaire. If religion cuts off your revenue, you are a moral pauper.

"If they stay here, we'll have to go." The world must learn this lesson and learn it quick, too. You can imprison the messenger but you cannot lock up his message. You can sharpen your jack-knife but you can't cut off a sunbeam. Stopping your ears and shutting your eyes won't put the fire out when the alarm sounds. You will go to hell, anyway, whether you believe there is a hell or not. That won't keep you out.

And so they delivered Paul and Silas to the jailer and he thrust them in the inner prison and locked their hands and feet in the stock, but doubtless they found, as one of our modern poets has described it:

"Stone walls do not a prison make,
Nor iron bars a cage,"

for I read that at midnight they sang and prayed unto God.

What strange sounds it must have been for taht old Philippian jailer when he'd heard nothing but oaths and blasphemy! Now he heard men singing and praying, and in response to their faith, as expressed in their prayers and songs, the hand of God fell and that old jail staggered and reeled like a drunken man down the street, and the walls cracked and the prison doors swung open and the jailer, thinking that all the prisoners had escaped, leaped in with drawn sword and was about to commit suicide, for the Roman law was that if an officer allowed a prisoner to escape through his negligence, he'd have to forfeit his own life to pay for it.

This Roman officer knew how inexorable was the Roman law, so he thought he'd take the matter into his own hands and kill himself, for he supposed, of course, that the whole gang had beat it when the doors had swung open. So he jumped in with drawn sword and was about to kill himself when Paul said:

"Hold on! Hold on! Hold on! Do yourself no harm, we are all here. We're all here."

The jailer came with a light and said, "I'm from Missouri. Show me."

He couldn't imagine why anybody would be there when he had a chance to escape, and when he discovered that Paul was right he cried out in the words of my text, sirs, "What must I do to be saved?"

"You've got something I haven't got. How did you get it? I want it. Tell me what you did and I am willing to do whatever you tell me to do. Sirs, what must I do to be saved?"

And Paul replied, "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved."

If there had been any other way, Paul would have told him. There is none and never will be any, so I bring you the words as they fell from the lips of Paul in old Philippian jail in response to the heartrending cry of the jailer whose sword Paul stayed from committing suicide.

Now, what does it mean to be saved? The New Testament speaks of salvation from sickness. "Go thy way, thy faith hath made thee whole," and it speaks of the prodigal son and his return from his prodigality. It speaks about the apostles drowning and rescued from the watery grave. It speaks about the crucified Christ hanging on the cross. Thus we see that salvation means to take a man or woman out of a condition that is not favorable for their welfare and put them into a condition that is.

The salvation of the sick would be their health. The salvation of the apostles about to drown would have been their rescue from a watery grave. The salvation of the crucified Christ would have meant for Him to come down from the cross. Thus, it means to take a man or woman out of a condition that is not favorable to their welfare or happiness and put them into a condition that is favorable to their welfare or happiness.

But the salvation that my text speaks of is a salvation from sin. Well, what is sin? Sin is the transgression of the law, and every sinner is liable in accordance with the law which he transgresses, to punishment. But punishment brings pain. Men shrink from the electric chair, from the jail, from the death house, from the stone walls. Why? It isn't favorable there to their welfare.

Now to be rescued means to be saved from the punishment you've brought on yourself by violating the law, and while you escape the punishment that doesn't abrogate the law. The law stands, and when a sinner pleads to God for salvation he is pleading that God Almighty will set aside the penalty which that sinner has brought on himself, or herself, because they violated God's law.

Therefore, when I say, "What must I do to be saved from the punishment, from hell?" That's what salvation means. The party who has the right and the power to inflict the punishment has the right and the power to state the condition upon which you can escape it. The sovereign power of the state has the right and the power to electrocute, to put you behind bars if you violate a law. She has the right and power to state the condition upon which you can escape. She is the only power that can. The same power that can inflict the punishment is the same power that can let you escape that punishment, my friends.

Has Sovereign Power.

The governor can turn that key and let every man out of state's prison if he wants to. Why? He is the sovereign power of the state and has the power to do that. He is the only man that has that power.

Therefore, when we violate God's law, He has the power and right to inflict the punishment, to state the condition upon which you can escape it. He has stated it to humanity. It is by faith in Jesus Christ. I say to you ,it is Jesus Christ and nothing else, for every man or woman on God's earth.

"What must I do to be saved from the punishment?" Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ. Trust His willingness. Trust His power and you will be saved.

They say of King Charles V. that he was loaned a vast sum of money for which he gave his note, or bond, and when the note became due the king found himself bankrupt and unable to meet the obligation. This merchant who had loaned the money invited the king to his home to a banquet and as they sat around the banqueting table, before he ordered the food brought on he ordered a silver platter, placed it in front of him on the table and then he ordered a fire, kindled thereon.

Taking from his pocket his note, evidence of the king's indebtedness, he held it in the flames until every last vestige of it was consumed and nothing remained but a pile of ashes to show that he'd ever been indebted to the merchant, and the king's friends congratulated him that he had fallen into the hands of such a kind, philanthropic man.

We were all mortgaged to God, and the note was due. We had nothing to pay and inflexible justice seized upon us to put us in the prison of condemnation, but nineteen hundred years ago God invited the world to the gospel feast and in the crucifixion agonies of the cross of Jesus Christ He held your sins and mine until every last vestige was consumed. And God extends to all salvation on the grounds that we will accept Jesus as our substitute, our security, our bondsman.

He died in our stead. He took the penalty that we deserve and by my faith in Christ will I be saved, and if you turn your back on Jesus, you will go to hell.

"What must I do to be saved?" He was convicted. He came trembling. His idea was that He was lost. He said, "I believe you are all right, I know I am wrong. I want to get out of what I am into what you are: how did you do it? Tell me and I will do it."

Nobody can be saved without first of all real true conviction, but in different individuals convictions shows itself in different ways. First, there is the evidence of great need. You display your ignorance if you'd say of Nicodemus that he was the chief of sinners. He was a ruler of the people. He was an honored member of the Sanhedrin and a much respected man and yet with all that there was something that he didn't have, so he sneaked around one night to ask Jesus Christ what he must do to be saved.

He was afraid to walk down the streets openly for fear the gang would give him the horse laugh, so he waited until dark and then went around to see Jesus to ask Him what he had to do to be saved.

There is the evidences of great need. And I want to tell you when you realize you are lost, there is nothing in this world that will satisfy you until you find peace with God—no music, no merriment, no revelry, no joy, no intoxication, nothing on earth until you are saved by faith in Jesus Christ. If there is a feeling in your heart that the world isn't satisfying and you have a sense of your need of something that you do not possess, that your wealth and culture and learning cannot give it to you, I say to you come to Jesus Christ and he will satisfy you.

Years and years ago in London a noted literary gathering was being held and among the guests was a man named Caesar Milan. A young lady made her debut that night and played and sang most charmingly. This minister said to her, after listening to her in company with others, "I was moved by your ability, and I thought as I listened to you play and sing how much good you might do, and how many sinners you might win to Christ if you'd only dedicate your ability to the Lord and sing and play for God."

She snapped out something cynical and sarcastic. He said, "Lady, I meant no offense. God can use ability as well as the devil, and if you would dedicate your ability to the Lord, use that talent, how many sinners you could win to Jesus Christ."

The evening's entertainment came to a close, they became units and went to their homes and retired. This young lady rolled and tossed with a troubled insomnia — she couldn't sleep, she couldn't get away from the face of the old preacher or his words ringing in her ears, and at 2 o'clock in the morning she leaped out of bed, got a light, seized a pencil and paper, fell on her knees and as the tears of repentance coursed down her cheeks, Charlotte Elliot wrote:

Just as I am, without one plea,
But that Thy blood was shed for me,
And that Thou bid'st me come to Thee—
O Lamb of God! I come, I come!

So, come as you are and God will satisfy you and supply your need. Sometimes you get a feeling of unworthiness, like the publican. That's a very hopeful sign. I hate to see a man or woman who feels as though God owed them something and that salvation was a sort of reward of merit. I like to see a man or woman who is like that get what is coming to them—they get hell here and when they are through here!

God doesn't owe you anything; God doesn't owe you salvation. He owes you the opportunity to accept, but he doesn't owe it to you if you don't want it. But he offers it to you full, free, perfect and eternal, if you will come God's way—if you won't do that, let it alone. You can't have it on any other grounds at all.

I don't care what your sin is, grace won't keep you out of hell, if you don't repent. Some men don't go to hell because they are sinners; they go to hell because they reject Jesus Christ, for God says, "Whosoever will may come and whosoever will not, will be cast out," so that's the reason—not because they are sinners, but because they won't come and be saved.

There are some men and women who live good, honest lives. There are some people honest, upright, moral, virtuous—who would stand up and let a regiment of soldiers fire at them, every man armed with a machine gun, before they would be untrue to their marriage vow. Some live a life just opposite to that, but no matter what your condition, you come to Jesus Christ and salvation is yours.

Case of Blind Men.

I can imagine the blind men whose eyes Jesus had opened, holding a convention. They were diffring with themselves in giving their testimony of experience. One man got up and said, "Now look here, if you want to have your eyes opened, go sit on the wayside. Jesus came along and I said, 'What wouldst Theu do unto me that I might receive my sight?'"

Another fellow jumped up and said, "Look here, that's a bum steer! You don't get it all at once, yet get it on the installment plan like you buy furniture." He said, 'I was blind and Jesus came up to me and He said, 'What wouldst thou have?' I said, 'I want to see.' He said, 'What do you see now?' 'Why, I see trees as men walking.' 'What do you see now?' And at the third attempt I can see, so you don't get it all at once, little by little after a while you get it."

Another fellow said, "See here! You're both wrong. I was blind and I came to Jesus and He said, 'What do you want?' I said, 'I want to see.' He turned around, spat on the ground and He mixed clay and put it on my eyes and He said, 'You go to the pool of Siloam and wash.' I got hold of a fellow to help me and went to the pool and dipped my head in and washed and my eyesight came."

Another fellow said, "I can see as well as you and I've never been near the pool."

Jesus Christ never told but one blind man to go to the pool. The whole thing was faith in Christ.

It was faith in Christ that opened the eyes of all of them. It was faith in Jesus that opened their eyes, and they all said, "Whereas once we were blind, now we can all see!"

Jesus was the one that did it, and it is faith in Christ that does it all and brings you the blessings in different ways.

Sometimes it is the consciousness that you have sinned and that the curse of the broken law rests upon you like a prisoner in the deathhouse waiting for the time when he will walk through the little door from which no one has ever returned, that some people have a deeper conviction of sin than they had before.

Some people have a deeper conviction of sin before they were converted than after—that's true of some. I think most people have it before. Some people can tell you the day, hour and spot where they were converted; others cannot. I can tell you where and why I was saved thirty years ago one dark and stormy night in Chicago. Mrs. Sunday couldn't tell you to save her life, she was born under Christian influence and never knew anything other. She couldn't tell you to save her life when or where.

I preached in a town one time in Illinois. I saw a fellow come down the aisle, he took me by the hand, walked over and sat down. Pretty soon he got on his knees, and then he fell down in the sawdust and rolled and groaned. I said to one of the Methodist preachers, "What's the matter with that fellow?"

He said to me, "Bill, he's getting religion."

I said, "It looks to me as though he's got the stomach ache or something of that kind."

Pretty soon I saw a fellow come down the aisle, a bright, snappy, keen-cut looking fellow. He had a silk lid in his hand, a silk-lined overcoat hanging over his arm, a diamond in his shirt front as big as a hickory nut. He walked up to me and took me by the hand and said, "Mr. Sunday, I accept Jesus Christ as my Savior."

He walked over and sat down on the seat, put his coat and hat by his side, folded his arms—not a tear.

Would you say that that fellow lying down there on the ground kicking up the sawdust was more converted than that other fellow? No, that fellow had lived a different life from this man. You could tell by his looks he had gone down the line, that he had an emotional make-up, cried easily. This other fellow didn't.

So, you will have the same kind of temperament after you are converted as you had before. I've got the same tabasco sauce, vim and vigor that I had before I was converted. I haven't slowed up any—I've only given it over to the Lord.

Stanley tells us that he found people in Africa who never knew they were black until they saw white men, and when they saw Stanley and his European followers for the first time in their lives they knew that there stood the representatives of another race, of another color, that lived somewhere in a remote corner of the earth that they had never seen. They never knew there was any other color, they had never seen anybody but black people.

I know something about sin tonight. I expect if God let me live, a year from now I will know more about it than now. I know more about it now than a year ago, but there are some things about it that I never will know until I burst through the gates into the city. I am living up to all the light that I have now on the proposition.

"What must I do to be saved?"

"Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ," said Paul; "and thou shalt be saved.' And I read here that he fell down before them! Oh, you cannot come to God without first of all a broken and contrite heart. God is willing to forgive but God cannot forgive if you are not willing to be forgiven. He will not do it as long as you are in a state of rebellion and glory in your sin. God Almighty has nothing for you then.

I tell you, God will stop making worlds to help you if you are repentant and know you are a sinner and are willing to go square and are willing to ask God to forgive you through faith in Jesus Christ. There must be this spirit of sorrow for sin before there can ever be forgiveness but the moment you manifest this spirit, it is yours as a gift from Jesus Christ.

New Heart Needed.

Some people think that what they need is new surroundings. Oh, no, no! It isn't that at all! Here is my watch—it won't run. I will put it in my pocket here. You say it needs new surroundings. All-right, I will put it over here in this other pocket. But that doesn't work. What's the matter with it? It doesn't need new surroundings, it needs a new mainspring.

So, what you need isn't a new suit or a new haircut. You need a new heart. If you've got the devil in you now you will turn people to the devil no matter where you go. What you need is a new heart and a new nature, not new environment.

I read of a father years ago who had that fool idea and he purchased his boy a lieutenant's commission in the Russian army. This man was a Russian, a personal friend of the czar, and it was during the Crimean war. The czar was walking around to view the fortifications and encourage his men when France and England were fighting Russia for Constantinople.

This young fellow sat down and tried to recall all that he owed, and he put down column after column of figures, then he added them up and the sum overwhelmed him and he wrote underneath, "Who will pay all this?"

Meditating upon his wayward life, the vast sums that he owed, he fell asleep and the czar, walking around, recognized the son of his personal friend as he sat there asleep. He saw this paper lying on his lap, he stooped over and read it—"Who will pay all this?"

The czar sooped down and signed it and sealed it with the royal signet and put it back, and when the young fellow opened his eyes he was alarmed to think the czar had come and he'd been asleep.

He examined the paper and found there an order on the treasury for the amount of indebtedness. He presented it and they refused to pay it because it didn't come in the accustomed form. They made an appeal to the czar and he said, "Pay it. I feel honored to think that I can carry on a war and pay the debts of my friends," and he did.

You can sit down and pile up your sins one on top of another until you will have a pile higher than the Sangre de Cristo range of the Rocky mountains and in your despair and hopelessness you will say, "Oh, God, who will pay all this?" and I'd like to write one name—

The sweetest name on mortal tongue,
The sweetest carol ever sung,
Jesus, blessed Jesus.

He paid it all!

And then I read, "He was converted." "They washed his stripes." At first they exultingly shoved his hands and feet into the stocks. Now I see this jailer stooping down with easing touch, ease the pain and cool the fever, wash away the stains that had been made by the scourages as they beat their back.

There must be conversion, my friends, if you are ever saved. I am not speaking of a new birth, listen! That's God's part of salvation—that transaction. I'm telling you what to do. God has done His part, what are you going to do?

God has made the sunshine and the rain and the earth and the seas, what is your part? Plow the ground and plant the seed. If you don't do your part you will starve to death.

What must I do? God has done His part in salvation. He has given Jesus Christ, He has made a revelation of Himself through the Word. God will do no more, sir, so I am telling you what to do.

You say, "Bill, the church is full of hypocrites"—so is hell. If you don't want to spend your eternity with a bunch you don't care for, you'd better come into the church where there are few of them, for there won't be a hypocrite in heaven, they will all be in hell. What are you going to make by refusing to believe here when you've got to live with a gang like that all your life? You're a chump!

You say, "I can be a Christian and not be a member of a church."

Yes, sir, you can go to Europe without taking a ship, but the sharks and the submarines are waiting for the fellow who takes that route.

You say, "It's a mystery."

I'll admit that. I'll admit it, but there are lots of things that I do that are mysteries that I can't explain but I keep on doing. As I told you the other night, you can't explain how the food you eat keeps corpuscles, sinews, arteries, joints, marrow, cuticle, hair growings and alive. Your knowledge of it has nothing to do with it.

You can't explain how the medicine that you take which the doctor prescribes will bind up the tissues and put the bloom of health on your cheek and keep you out of the coffin. You don't need to understand it.

I plant a seed. How it grows I don't know; that's none of my business, that's God's business. Let the Lord alone. That's God business, and the mystery belongs to the Lord. I've got nothing to do with it. The mystery of making me live by breathing and eating food belongs to the Lord. I have nothing to do with it.

You might as well say, "I won't breathe, because I can't understand how my breathing prolongs my life."

You've got nothing to do with it—keep your mouth shut and breathe through your nose. Understand it? No! Do it? Yes! What for? To live!

Understand salvation? No! Believe it? Yes! What for? Don't want to go to hell, want to go to heaven.

"What must I do to be saved?" Anybody can dig a hole and plant an apple tree. Any fool can walk up and pluck the apple and eat it. But it takes God to make one grow. How the apple grew is a mystery. Anybody can pluck it.

How God Saves.

How God saves me through Jesus I don't know, I don't worry my head—that's God's part of it. So do your part and let the Lord alone, don't butt into him. He will never explain it to you anyway, so what's the use of fooling about it.

Another thing, he confessed, he was baptized. I am not here to preach baptism—I never preached a sermon on baptism in my life; I never expect to. I have my views on all of these subjects, as I told you folks when I came here, the first day, and if I read truly, without God, you are lost, and with God you are saved. I have tried to answer four questions: (1) Are you lost? (2) Are you saved? (3) Are you going to heaven? (4) Are you going to hell? That's all there is to it.

I have my views on it, but it is a mistake, my friends, not to confess. I am not going to stand up and preach that you've got to be immersed. There are Episcopalians, the Presbyterians and the Methodists who don't believe you have. Then there are the Baptists and the divine church, and they believe in immersing. I say, conform some way to the plan of God, which He provided and revealed to us.

Confession! Oh, that's better than cowardice! Yes, sir! Submission! That's better than stubbornness! Some shallow, painted souls—oh, they blow as if they could make a submarine because they happened to make an arc light! They will build up a pile of brick and to hear them talk you'd imagine they could create a mountain.

An infidel stood on top of a mountain and said, "I don't believe in God, I don't believe in Jesus Christ. If there is a God, let Him strike me dead now with a flash of lightning from the clear sky."

And a gnat flew down his throat and choked him to death.

Oh, God won't use a thirteen-inch shell to kill a canary bird. Not on your life! To hear some fellows talk you would imagine they could build a ladder and climb up and blow out the sun. There is little hope for the fool that hasn't sense enough to beat it for a cyclone cellar when he sees the storm coming—little hope for the man that doesn't take the safe side in every proposition in the world for God and for His truth.

Supposing you are sick and I were a physician. I'd write out a prescription and then after I'd given it to you you'd say, "Let me see that. Cut that out, that's bitter, that's nauseating. I never liked calomel, cut it out."

And if you'd take it down and get it filled you would not take a remedy at all, you would take a concoction of your own.

It was not mine at all, so don't complain if you don't get any benefit. When you don't do what God wants you to do, and tells you to do, don't find fault when you don't get blessed.

Here is a great physician, God, and He has diagnosed the troubles of this old sin-cursed world and written out a prescription that has three component parts, "If thou wilt believe in Jesus Christ with thy heart and confess with thy mouth that God raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved."

Oh, you've got to commit yourself! The truth is, I think we've all got a little yellow in us, haven't we? Own up now, old man. Haven't you got a little saffron in your makeup? Own up, lady. Haven't you a little yellow streak in you? If you haven't, you'd walk down the aisle and publicly confess Jesus Christ; but you've got yellow in your make up. You're afraid of what somebody will say, and of their comments and sneers.

Brave old Elijah stood up there on Mount Carmel and slew four hundred and fifty of the prophets of Baal, but when that miserable old hag, Jezebel, said, "I'll get him for that!" he got cold feet and he ran away down into the wilderness of Beersheba, and he lay down and said to God, "Let me die."

Well, it's a good thing that God doesn't answer some prayers the way they are offered. God answered his prayer, but God said, "No." If He had said Yes," the moaning of the limbs would have been his only requiem, but God had a chariot of fire waiting to take him home.

Only two men have been taken to heaven without dying—Enoch and Elijah. God answered his prayer, but He said "No." "No" was a better answer to him than "Yes," so God gave him the answer that He knew best.

So many of you have kept your church membership a secret. You've come to this city and haven't identified yourselves with the church. You are drifting away from God and His truth. Confession helps you, it helps the cause of God, too, sir, and many a time you have smiled a sickly grin when you have been in the midst of a lot of knockers and you have never peeped and never chirped, when you have stood with a lot of scoffers.

And another thing, when you have been asked to stand up, when you have been asked to identify yourself with God to renew your vow and covenant, some of you have sneaked out with the rabble like a renegade. You are afraid. The truth is, we've got a little yellow in us. You cannot be saved if you are not willing to give up your sin and make up your mind to serve Christ. You can't do it!

"Let the wicked forsake his way and the righteous man his thoughts," and if you are unwilling to forsake your evil, you cannot be saved. If you will not give up your sins you cannot be saved. You've got to choose between sin and salvation. There are more vile schemes proposed to humanity whereby they will be allowed to live in sin and still go to heaven—and every one of them is a lie and every man that propagates them is a liar! There is only one way to be saved and that is to give up your sin.

Not a Christian.

One night in a town in Illinois I walked down the aisle and I stepped up to a fine, keen-cut looking fellow on the end seat. I said, "How do you do, sir? Are you a Christian?"

He said, "Yes, sir."

I said, "What church are you a member of?"

"None."

I said, "Have you ever made public confession of Jesus Christ?"

"No, sir."

"Ever partaken of the ordinances of the church?"

"No, sir."

I said, "You're not a Christian."

He said, "That's just a matter of opinion."

I said, "You're wrong. It's a matter of revelation, not opinion. I'm not giving you my opinion. God has revealed it."

I looked up and saw on his coat a badge. I said, "I see you are a Mason."

He said, "Yes, sir."

I said, "Supposing you say to me, 'Mr. Sunday, are you a Mason?' 'Yes, sir.' 'What lodge are you a memebr of?' 'None.' 'Have you ever been initiated?' 'No, sir, don't need to be initiated.' 'Ever paid your dues?' 'No, sir, don't need to pay any dues.'"

He said, "You wouldn't be a Mason."

I said, "I know it."

If I stand up here and tell you I am a Mason when I've never paid my dues or been initiated, I am a liar. If you stand up there and tell me you are a Christian when you've never confessed Jesus Christ and never joined the church, you are a liar. If a lot of men have a right to tell you what to do to become a member of their organization, and if you are unwilling to do it, then you have no right to claim that you are a member, and if you do you are a liar. Will you deny God the same right to tell you what to do to get into heaven?

You don't own heaven—heaven belongs to God. If you don't want to go to heaven, go to hell, then. You can't go to heaven upon any other condition than that you accept Jesus Christ as your Savior. Heaven belongs to God, it doesn't belong to you. If you don't want to go in, all right. There is only one way to get in and that's through Jesus Christ.

I'm not going to beg you to do it, but I am telling you what you've got to do in order to be saved. Men do these things to be Masons, Odd Fellows, Friendship, love and truth is a great trinity, my friend, but he hasn't any right to claim that he's a member of that organization unless he has complied with the regulations.

You haven't any right to claim that you are a Christian unless you have done what God tells you to do.

"What must I do to be saved?" Some won't give up their adultery, their profanity. Some won't give up their lying, they are unwilling to admit that they are lost sinners. Oh, some are proud of their morality. Some are so proud of their social position. Some are so proud of their money. Some are so proud of their education. Some are so proud of their clothes. Some are proud that they are proud, and some are proud that they are not proud! But God has something to say about this.

"Come unto Me," said Jesus—not "to a creed."

"Come unto Me"—not "to the thirty-nine articles of confession."

"Come unto Me"—not "to baptism."

"Come unto Me"—not "to the catechism."

"Come unto Me"—not "to the preacher, not the evangelist, not the presiding elder."

"Come unto Me"—oh, not to the president, not to the pope.

"Come unto Me," said Jesus, "I will give you rest!"

So, it is a personal, intimate relationship with God through faith in Jesus Christ if we are going to be saved. Now, here you are over here in the devil's kingdom. You want to get out. How are you going to do it? There is the Lord over there and here you are—how are you going to get out of there? The Bible says, "If thou wilt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus Christ"—that's one step—"and believe in thy heart, that God raised Him from the dead"—oh, there are multitudes of men, my friends, standing straddle of the proposition. But they won't take that last step—"If thou wilt believe in thy heart Jesus Christ"—multitudes of them believe, but that's as far as they will go, so one foot is the devil's and the other is the Lord's.

"If thou wilt believe in the Lord Jesus Christ," that's only half of it—"and confess with thy mouth that God raised Him from the dead, thou shalt be saved."

That takes you out of the devil's territory and transforms you into the warm, fresh soil of God's territory by faith in Christ. So, those are the things, not your money.

A friend of mine sat down in a town in West Virginia and he heard the clatter of steps down the sidewalk across the road, and a fellow ran across the street. He jumped up and said, "What's the matter?"

A bystander said, "That's a noted desperado. The sheriff is trying to arrest him."

"Let him deputize a lot of us fellows," he said. "I'll help."

He pulled out a Colt about that long and said, 'Let him deputize me. I can hit that hat four times out of five across the street."

The fellow said to him, "I see you are a tenderfoot. This town lies in two states—Virginia and West Virginia—and the state line runs right down the middle of this main street." He said, "The fellow is from Virginia and our sheriff over here was trying to arrest him and serve a warrant on him. The fellow ran across the street and is out of our sheriff's jurisdiction. He has no authority to take him back across the street until he gets extradition papers from the governor. He can't move."

On Lord's Side.

So, I am out of the devil's kingdom, I am over in the Lord's. You can bet your life that God will never give the devil extradition papers to drag me back, so I'm not going to see how close I can fool around the line for fear the devil will reach over and yank me back again. You are out of there by faith in Jesus and now you are there, stay and see what He will do for you.

"What must I do to be saved?" Philosophy has never answered and never will. Infidelity makes a mock of it. Let God answer, "By faith." You are saved through faith, not of yourselves. It is the gift of God."

"What must I do to be saved?" Paul said, "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ." Lord, that emphasizes his kingly office. He is king. Let God reign in your hearts. Believe on Him as divine, believe on Jesus Christ, my friends, as equal with God. He is the Son of God. Believe on Him, my friends, believe on the Lord! He is the king. Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, He is equal to God, the Father. Believe on the Lord Jesus.

"Thou shalt call His name Jesus, for He shall save His people from their sins." Emmanuel—God with us, to stand by us. Oh, it takes a combination like that to see me through.

Oh, we've had plenty of guessers, yes, sir; we want somebody that knows. We've had plenty of resolutions, yes, sir, enough to pave hell; we want somebody that knows. Give me a Savior that has a sympathetic eye that can see what I am up against. Give me a Savior, sir, with a listening ear that can hear my slightest sigh to be decent and do right. Give me one, sir, with an arm as swift as lightning that can grab me ere I fall. Give me a Savior, not an essay. Give me a Savior, not an opinion. Give me a Savior, not a theory. Give me a Savior, not a speculation of anybody.

"What must I do to be saved?" Believe on the Lord. He is king. Believe on the Lord. He is divine. Believe on the Lord Jesus. "You shall call His name Jesus," said the angel in announcing to Mary that she would conceive and bring forth by the Holy Ghost, "you will call His name Jesus." "Emmanuel"—God with us, God manifest in the flesh to help poor, weak, struggling humanity.

"Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ." That's His resurrection name. Tonight He is at the right hand of God the Father. When the mistakes of our life overtake us He is there to make an intercession and an explanation. A mediator is one that goes between.

I am standing here tonight, I am a mediator. I am mediating between God and His message and this vast audience of men and women. I am a mediator, one that goes between. I am standing here between the offended, God, and the offender, mankind.

Mediator! A retail grocer is a mediator between the wholesaler and the consumer. When I go to feed the horse I mediate between the feed box and the granary. Your wife mediates between the cook stove and the dining room. A mediator is anybody that goes between. Now, who is better qualified to be a mediator? Jesus, because of His divinity. He understands God's side of this case. Jesus, because of His humanity. He sympathizes with us. Tell me who is better qualified to plead our case at the court of heaven than Jesus Christ.

Believe on the Lord. He is King. Believe on the Lord Jesus and come, my friend. "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ and thou shalt be saved." After he had taken all of these steps I read that "he rejoiced with joy unspeakable."

Years ago a friend of mine was driving out through the highlands of Scotland and was overtaken by a storm. He went into a little thatched-roofed place to rest and for shelter. He walked over to sit down in a chair, but the old Scotch lady sprang between him and the chair and said, "Na! Na! Dinna sit there!"

There was a red cord tied around it. She said, "Her majesty, the queen, some years ago, was driving through the highlands, like yourself, and a storm overtook her. She came into my humble home to wait until it was past and sat in that chair for an hour, and I gave her a wee cup of tea, and when she went away we put the cord around it," and she said, "we keep it and we've never let anyone sit in the chair, for her majesty, the queen, sat there."

I don't blame the old Scotch lady for rejoicing in the fact that she'd been privileged to have as a guest in her home the queen. You can't blame me for rejoicing when I tell you that for thirty years I have had as a guest in my heart Jesus Christ. Do you think I'll let the devil come in and sit down where Christ has been sitting for thirty years?

"Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ." During the war, Quantrell, the old guerilla chief, was neither Confederate nor Union. He was with a crowd that just preyed upon both sides and hung around the border line. They would rob Confederates as quick as Union men and the orders were, on the Union side, to shoot him or any of his band on sight without any court-martial.

They burned the city of Lawrence, Kan., and killed—oh, I don't know, I guess a hundred and fifty-odd people. I guess some of the Jesse James crowd were in with them at the time. A number of them were captured, and the chief usher in one of our cities in the south was a commanding officers of the firing squad, and he told me the story. He said a number were captured and sentenced to be shot, so a long trench was dug and the prisoners had their eyes bandaged and their hands and feet tied. They were standing there and the firing squad was just being lined up when the underbrush over here separated. A young fellow maybe 20 years of age came bounding out.

He said, "Wait a minute! Wait a minute!" And they covered him with a gun, commanding him to throw up his hands. He did so, and walked up. The commanding officer said, "What is it?" He pointed to one of the men standing in line and said, "Let me take his place. He has a wife and four children. I have nobody in the world—father dead, mother dead, no brother, no sister. I am alone. I am as guilty as he is, been with him. Let me take his place."

He said they consulted over the matter and decided to do it and they put him in line, bandaged his eyes, tied his hands and feet, and when the command to fire was given he fell with the others.

When the war was over a man was seen in a southern cemetery. He pulled up the weeds and shaped the mound like a grave. He laid a faded bouquet on it and he sat there crying. A man came along and he said, "Your son buried there?"

He said, "No, sir."

"A relative?"

"No, sir."

"A friend?"

"The best friend I ever had," and he told him the story.

He said, "I hid and then I went back. I marked the place and I got his body out of the trench. I know I got the right one. I brought it here and buried it. I've saved a little money that I might come and place some flowers upon the grave."

And he shoved down into the ground a board upon which he had scrawled these words with a lead pencil: "He died for me."

Years went by. This man became quite wealthy and in a little Missouri cemetery, Major Wittle said he saw it—I intended to go and see it when I was west—in that little Missouri cemetery tonight there stands a monument 15 feet high and on it is this epitaph: "Sacred to the memory of Willie Lee. He died for me. He took my place."

Sacred to the memory of Jesus Christ, who opened His veins with the instrument of the cross and bathed His life in blood and tears. He took your place and mine, on the cross.

"What must I do to be saved?" "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ as your Savior and you shall be saved."

Hubard Is Allowed To Spend His Money As He Pleases, Now

A decision handed down by Judge Jeffries, of the ordinary's court, Wednesday dissolved an injunction that had been issued by the superior court several months ago, which restrained R. T. Hubard from disposing of his money to suit himself.

It was learned Wednesday from Carl Hutcheson, who represents Mr. Hubard, that some of the relatives of Hubard secured the injunction last February, fearing that he would squander $36,000 on alleged "fake" horse races in Havanna. At that time, it was declared, Hubard was of unsound mind, and on the representations made the court appointed Frampton E. Ellis his guardian.

The court decreed on Wednesday that the sum of $36,500 be set aside for the use of the defendant as he saw fit to use it and the remainder be placed to the credit of the daughter, Martha Hubard, in the Trust Company of Georgia. Mr. Hubard will also be permitted to use a portion of the income from this amount.

Teach Children To Use Cuticura Soap

Because it is best for their tender skins. Help it now and then with touches of Cuticura Ointment applied to first signs of redness, roughness, pimples or dandruff. If mothers would only use these super-creamy emollients for every-day toilet purposes how much suffering might be avoided by preventing little skin and scalp troubles becoming serious.

For free sample each by mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 21G, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Tells How to Stop a Bad Cough

Surprising results from this home-made syrup. Easily prepared and costs little.

If you have a severe cough or chest cold accompanied with soreness, throat tickle, hoarseness, or difficult breathing, or if your child wakes up during the night with croup and you want quick help, just try this pleasant tasting home-made cough remedy. Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (60 cents worth). Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Thus prepared, you have a pint of really remarkable cough remedy—one that can be depended upon to give quick and lasting relief at all times.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. It loosens and raises the phlegm, stops throat tickle and soothes and heals the irritated membranes that line the throat and bronchial tubes with such promptness, ease and certainty that it is really astonishing.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is noted for its speed in overcoming severe coughs, throat and chest colds. Its millions of enthusiastic users have made it famous the world over.

There are many worthless imitations of this noted mixture. To avoid disappointment, ask for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

It's Heaven or Hell, Says Billy,--There's No Second Chance

VIVID SERMON ON FUTURE LIFE IS PREACHED BY EVANGELIST

It's either heaven or hell and there is no second chance, declared Billy Sunday Wednesday afternoon in a vivid sermon on the future life. Everyone has to make his choice this side of the coffin, he asserted, and everyone has the Bible to tell him of the certainty of torment in the life to come if Christ is not accepted. The sermon follows in full:

Behold, now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation. Second Corinthians 6:2, "Behold now is the accepted time, now is the day of salvation."

We hear a great deal about a chance after death, and the false hope is held out that of a second chance.

And God sends forth His preachers to preach salvation now. The devil gets up and preaches to him. The holy spirit says, "Today if you will hear His voice, harden not your hearts. Take heed lest there be an enemy of an evil heart, of unbelief, in departing from the living God. Comfort one another daily lest you be hardened through the deceitfulness of sin. Those that seek me early shall find me. Remember thy creator in the days of thy youth."

In such strains does God urge upon man the necessity of choosing salvation now. Jesus said, "Hath never forgiveness, neither in this world, nor in the world to come. The smoke of their torment ascendeth forever and ever and they shall go away into everlasting punishment, but the righteous, into everlasting life. He that believeth on the Son shall have everlasting life and I give unto them eternal life. No man shall pluck them out of my hand. The wages of sin is death and the gift of God is eternal life."

I wish I would believe that there is no hell and that all people would repent. Nothing would make me happier than to see every man and woman on earth repent and be saved, but if men and women persist in living in sin and persist in rejecting Jesus Christ, it's perfectly right and proper and just that there should be a hell in which to confine them. If people choose sin instead of salvation, it is for the good of the universe and the glory of God that there should be a place of punishment. It is right there should be jails and penitentiaries for the law-breakers. The man that deliberately breaks the law isn't entitled to the same consideration as the man who will keep the law, and if he wants to break the law, let him take the penalty that goes with it.

If a man wants to defy God, nobody will stop him, but please remember you will have to take what goes with your life of defiance and your life of sin. Sending the impenitent to hell demonstrates God's justice, and sooner than repeal His law or suffer it to be trampled under the foot of man with impunity, God gave His son to die to open up a way whereby man might escape hell, although he has violated God's law.

Responsibility in You.

Hence, that rolls responsibility for your damnation on your shoulders, takes off from God's shoulders and puts it up to you. I wish all men would repent and make hell unnecessary, so far as the human race is concerned. I wish everybody would keep the law and make jails and penitentiaries unnecessary. I wish everybody would live sober and then there'd be no saloons nor breweries or distilleries. I wish everybody was virtuous, then there would be no houses of shame for wrecked manhood and womanhood. I wish, my friends, that everybody would repent, and make hell unnecessary, so far as the rest of the human race is concerned. Those that haven't repented and have gone there, their case is settled, so I have no argument about that.

Now, I don't want to believe and preach a lie. If you will show me where anything I ever preach is a lie, I will apologize. I don't want to believe and preach a lie, I'd rather believe and preach an unpleasant truth than to believe and preach a pleasant lie.

And the man who stands four square on the Bible and preaches its truth without fear or favor will be sneered at and mocked and railed and ridiculed and called bigoted and be called narrow. Oh, is the man who preaches the gospel bigoted? No! The devil that don't is the bigoted man, not the man that preaches the truth! I am not the bigoted man. It is the fellow that tells you the Bible isn't true. He is the bigot, not me. He has got it wrong. No sir!

And is the man who preaches the truth narrow? No sir! I have no disposition to be more broad than Jesus Christ. And is the man cruel that tells you the truth? Is the doctor cruel when he tells you your baby has diphtheria? No, he is kind. Is the man cruel who tells you your house is afire? No! Is the person cruel who warns you that if you eat certain things or breathe certain atmosphere, that you will have disease? No sir; They are your friends. Is the preacher cruel who tells you there is a hell? No sir, he is your friend! The miserable liar who tells you there isn't one, he is your enemy, not me! You can't blame me. I am your friend.

So, it is kindness to point out the danger. That's the one that is kind. So, I'd rather be cruel because I am kind than to be called kind because I am a liar.

I know in these days of new thought, so called, it makes me sick. New thought, and new theology, they have resolved into somnolence all anxiety about the fate of souls and many so-called preachers are flippant and they say, "We will eat, drink and be merry."

The devil, you know, transforms himself into an angel of light. It doesn't always suit the purpose of the devil to be painted up black. He always assumes the character in which he can gain the greatest hold upon people. And he transforms himself into an angel of light and in that disguise he does his most effective work. The plain devil in sight wouldn't tempt anybody and anybody would be disgusted to think they've ever listened to him as much as they have, and so the devil doesn't do that. Now, I don't see how any sensible man or woman can believe in rewards without punishment. You can't believe in summer without winter; you can't believe in daylight without darkness at all, and you can't believe in pleasure without pain; you can't believe in a heaven without a hell, and I believe in a heaven to get to and a hell to keep away from, and I believe in a God who will boost the sinner if you will only climb. That is what I believe.

Now Satan argues with man on the ground of God's love and God's mercy. He says of God. Why, He is almighty and God could have prevented evil, and if he has allowed it, surely He isn't going to visit punishment upon feeble mankind."

Woe unto him that striveth with his Maker. Shall the clay say to the potter, "Thou art nothing"? Shall the board say to the carpenter who is sawing it, "You are nothing"? Not at all. You can't tell God what He will do. God couldn't have made anybody a free agent without giving that man or woman the liberty to do wrong if they want to do wrong; otherwise they wouldn't be free, they'd be a nonentity.

And so, the freedom of the will carries with it your privilege to do right or wrong just as you please, so God made mankind and womankind free. God gave man a free will and man has rebelled against God. Can a king pardon a rebel while he is still in a state of rebellion, and would a government give pardon to a rebel who refused to lay down his arms? Wouldn't a vow to surrender be expected as the grounds upon which they would pardon them? Shall God Almighty be untrue to Himself? Shall earthly rulers maintain their rights when they would refuse to pardon a rebel that wouldn't lay down his arms and do you suppose that God Almighty is going to pardon anybody when he is still in a state of rebellion? He will not! He will not! So don't you accord man the privileges you deny God in the world. Not at all!

And God reveals himself not only as the father of those who are Christians, but as the judge of those who are not, and a judge has nothing to do, my friends, with mercy, but to pass sentence. And if you approach some people and ask them to become Christians, they will say:

"I believe in a God of love, I believe God is too good to damn anyone. I don't need to forsake my sins. Oh, God is good, there is no hell. Do you think that God would permit a hell? I am trusting in God's goodness. I don't need to forsake my sins. I believe that all will be saved."

Does that meet the highest demands of your conscience? When your conscience comes to you and points out to you the fact that you are living in sin, does it meet the highest demands for you to say:

"Yes, I know I am sinning. I know I am living in defiance of God and trampling His law 'neath my feet. I know God gave his Son to die for me. Yes, but I take great delight in doing just what God don't want me to do because God loves me."

Well, if that meets the demands of your conscience, all I can say is, you've got a dirty, stinking, low-down conscience.

Here, for example, we will say, here is a boy. He has been sick and his mother has watched over him carefully and now he has become convalescent and he is able to go out and play in the sunlight and she succumbs to the dread malady. She is lying on her bed of affliction and she says to him, "You can go out and pluck all the flowers from any bed in the garden but that one over in the corner next to the fence. That is a choice one of mine and don't pluck those, please. You may have all the others."

What Bible Says.

And I go and find that boy pulling up the flowers in that very bed and I say, "Didn't your mother ask you not to do that? Why are you doing it?"

"Oh, my mother loves me and I take a great delight in doing what she doesn't want me to do because she loves me so much."

Well, what would I do with a brat like that? That is just exactly the attitude a lot of so-called respectable people are taking toward God today and His offer to them. I have known men and women to become worldly and sinful because they had been inoculated with the pernicious error of future probation, which is an infernal lie. If punishment hereafter is not continuous, that is, forever and eternal, then you will be corrected and purified. You must reach a stage where you will be purified by the punishment.

The Bible says, "Eternal damnation and the wrath of God abideth forever." So if salvation was from any other method than that, then it would be besides the blood of Jesus Christ. If a man was going to be saved because his punishment would be corrected, then he would be saved by some other method than by the blood, wouldn't he?

But the Bible says, "Neither is there salvation in any other and there is none other name under heaven given among men whereby we must be saved." Otherwise Christ's death was useless, if the punishment hereafter would be purifying and man would be saved over there, through his punishment. Then Jesus Christ needn't to have come into the world, to have died at all. Absolutely no sense. Don't you see where your argument goes to when you use a little horse sense?

God says, "I have stretched out my hand all day long and no man regarded it. He would not have my counsel, he despised all my reproof." It seems to me it would take a good deal of nerve and cheek for a man or woman to demand a second chance after death. After you had continued to live, thirty, forty or fifty years in this old world and refused the thousand and one invitations that God Almighty gave you, while you were here, it seems to me it would. I know it would, so far as I am concerned.

If this life is merely a stage of probation, how can we hold that the next stage will result in our reaching our final destination? No! You reach your final destination here. You decide on this side of the coffin whether it will be heaven or hell. It isn't on the other side at all. And why should it not always be a stage of probation and soul failing there, be passed on to a future probation? And if they fail to obtain salvation in one stage, on what grounds do you argue that they will get it in the next stage? If a man don't get salvation here, on what grounds do you argue he will get it over there? And if a man refuses here, on what grounds do you argue that he will accept it yonder? He will do nothing of the kind.

Now longevity doesn't insure repentance. There is not one thing in the experience of the world that would indicate that the average man would repent of his sins if he had ten thousand years in which to do it. The antediluvians lived from seven to ten times the length of the ordinary life today. Where we live seventy, they lived seven hundred years.

Methuselah lived 969 years. So the lives of the antediluvians were seven to ten times the length of the life of the men and women of today. But long life in their case instead of correspondingly raising their morals lowered them, and they got so vile and rotten that God Almighty had to drown the world and He soaked and scrubbed it and anchored it out of sight for forty days.

Old Father Time is often pictured with a scythe, but never with a medicine chest. Seven-eighths of the Christians in the world became Christians before they were fifteen years old. The devil would rather see 500 old men and women walk into nis tabernacle than one boy or girl, because that boy might be a Moody, that boy might be a Gypsy Smith, he might be a Martin Luther, but you old sinner, the devil knows he has got you over on the other side of the line.

And whenever you hear anybody talking that they don't believe in the conversion of children, they are mouthpieces of the devil, I don't care whether he is a preacher or who he is. You can tell them I said so if that will help you out.

Seven-eighths of the Christians, I repeat, in the world became Christians before they were 15. That means if you are not a Christian and you are over 15 that there is only one chance in eight that you ever will be a Christian.

And the older you grow, the less and less your chances become. You take the expectation of life in the life insurance companies. The older you become the more of a risk you are and the higher rate of premium for you to be insured.

Now, and if during this life, with every advancing year, the possibilities of your becoming a Christian grow less and less, by what logic and common sense do you figure out that if the chances were extended through eternity that this law would be reversed in the next world? See? The older you are and the longer you live, the less your chance becomes. Then by what grounds do you figure that after death it will be reversed and the more you live and the more chance that you would go back. Poppy-cock! The law that works here works over yonder, too. You wait.

Now, hell is a place of remorse. Abraham said to the rich man, "Remember, remember." The rich man didn't take too much to hell with him he took his memory. Everybody will take that, whether you are rich or whether you are poor, and if you are rich and people are poor because you become rich, you will remember everybody that you made poor in order to accumulate your wealth. You will remember, many of you, that you lived simply for the almighty dollar. The gambler will remember those that he robbed and sent to a suicide's grave. The seducer will remember all whose virtue he wrecked and assassinated. The adulterer will remember all with whom he sinned or she sinned. The drunkard will remember the life he lived. The murderer will remember the man whose blood he shed. The Christ rejector will remember the offers of mercy that he spurned with a sneer and a leer on his lip as he sat listening through his prejudice to the preacher who was his friend and urging him to forsake his sins and yield to Jesus Christ.

Torment of Memory.

There is no torment like an accusing memory. Men go insane because of an accusing memory. I have seen men and women turn ghastly and ghostly pale because of an accusing memory. When Professor Webster was lying in jail out in Cambridge waiting to be executed for the murder of Dr. Parkman, he explained to the sheriff that the prisoners, in the cells, were mocking him and he requested that they be removed. There wasn't another prisoner in the jail but Professor Webster. It was his memory.

Plutarch in his "Delayed Vengeance" tells of a young fellow that was caught wringing the necks of young birds and fledglings from their nests. When asked why he did it he said, "It was their fault, they would screech and cry 'Parasite, parasite.'" It was his memory. It was his memory.

"Out! Out!" Lady Macbeth cried, as she lifted her lily-white hand, "Will not all great Neptune's seas wash this blood away?"

There was no blood there. It was the blood of murdered Duncan on her miserable, guilty soul. Conscience all through. Memory like a fanged hound of hell strikes its fangs and injects its venom. Hell is the insane asylum of the universe, where people remember. Yes, that is important.

Now, punishment doesn't cure. There are those who delude themselves and fool others, by thinking that a short term of punishment in the world to come will refine them as God has purified by fire, and that out of the soil of punishment will spring a fair flower of penitence and of faith and of purity. Oh! I wish to God I could believe that! I wish it were true, but I am compelled to face the fact that the overwhelming majority of prisoners in the penitentiaries and jails have been imprisoned from one to six times before.

I am compelled to face some facts. I wish I didn't have to do it. I am compelled to face the fact that an attack of delirium tremens doesn't have a curative effect on the man in the grip of strong drink. No sooner does he get over that than he will walk right into a saloon and drink the booze that gave him delirium tremens, and do the thing he knows will give him a second attack. Now isn't that a fact? All right!

You are up against some things. I want to show you that a lot of these old liars have been leading you wrong. That is what I want to do. Wait a minute.

I am compelled to face the fact that punishment, instead of uplighting life, and sweetening it, and putting hope into it—it does the reverse, it degrades, crushes and embitters, and the most embittered, crushed, my friend, of all are the men in prison. Why? The whole movement in our day for the reform of our penal institutions and prisons is based on the fact that our method of punishing criminals with a straight-jacket and the thum-screw and the black cell and all that—we have been turning them out on society at the end of their terms a darn sight worse than they were when they went in there. That is what we have been doing.

I say our method of punishing them, instead of sweetening and changing, has done the reverse. Now, our universe is all one piece and the law that operates in one realm operates in the other. Therefore, if punishment doesn't purify and change and make better in this world, you big idiot, on what ground do you argue that punishment in the next world would do what it don't in this one?

No! It is impossible for anybody that can think straight or see straight, to believe that punishment in the next world would have a redemptive and purifying effect upon the sins. Hell is not a college where you enter the freshman class of sin and degradation, and graduate with wings in your senior year. And your whole life tends to harden as the years go by and make more and more improbable any new decision or venture on your part.

Biology, with its laws of the devitalizing of the unused organs, has told you, if you have them and don't use them, you lose them. That is true mentally, spiritually, every way. Every time you do a thing, it is easier for you to do that same thing the next time, whether what you did was right or wrong. That is what we call the accumulative force of habit all through.

Dogs turn around before they lie down because dogs did that years ago. So all of these things, folks, if I had no Scripture to back it up, which I have, they'd plant no flag of hope over the grave of the sinner. I wish they did.

And every known law of our being, physical, mental and moral is a silent preacher of the fact that the older we grow, the longer we live, the more difficult it will be for you to make any radical decision or moral venture. That is true in this life. Oh, therefore, as we grow older, is it easier for the old people to be converted than the young? It is easier for the young people to be converted and the older you grow, the less your chance. All right, that is true in this world. The older you grow in the next, the longer you will be there and the older you grow the harder you will grow here. That is right and you know it!

You are up against it.

The assurance of a chance to repent after death would remove one of the greatest moral restraints of the human race. Oh! it may not be fair, my friend, and it may be that fact is not the highest motive to inspire a man to be decent. I am perfectly free to admit, sir, it is a finer thing to be decent and honorable and a Christian because it is right and because of love and because God wants you to be that way, than it is to be a Christian for fear you will go to hell if you don't.

I will admit it, but I don't give a rap what keeps you out of hell and makes you a Christian, if it is because of your love for God and you want to do it because it is right and honorable, or because it is right and will go to hell if you don't. So I don't care what you do as long as you do it. That is scriptural, too, just the same.

Now, hell may deter as many people from doing wrong as God's love may woo. Don't everybody repent because God loves them? Not everyone of them that does. No, sir! But wait a minute. I am not such a fool as to shut my eyes to the fact that if the spectre of fear, both temporal and eternal, were removed, it would mean the loosening of a hoard of follies and passions and the floodgates of human iniquity would be lifted and a perfect panorama of damnation, lust and vileness would cut loose which are now held in leash by the fear of punishment. There is many a fellow tonight would come out and stick a gun under your nose if he wasn't afraid he'd go to Sing Sing if he did.

There's many a fellow would crack your safe tonight and he would crack your bean, too. So, therefore, his fear of punishment holds him in leash, keeps him. All right! That's just as true of the other, too. Just exactly.

Everybody that keeps the law don't keep it because they love the law, it is because they are afraid if they don't they will get up against it. That is true with a whole lot of folks today.

A man one time said to Bellet, 'Say, if I believed as you do about the future, I'd fail to do anything in this life," and Bellet, shrewd as he was, replied, "I believe you would, you look like it."

Free to Ask Anything.

Oh, that didn't remove the question that the fellow had raised by his question. That was what was in his mind. If what you say is true, then I will be free to do anything in this world, knowing that I will get a chance to repent over there.

See what it would mean then. What a damnable doctrine it is. God Almighty never taught the world that doctrine. That crawled out of the pit of hell. He never taught the world that. No, sir! Wait a minute! If you would be sure that the door of God's great big heart would stand open forever, still if you die unrepentent in the light of experience and of common sense, you haven't even a gambling chance that you would reverse the decision that you have made in this life in rtjecting Jesus Christ and accept in the next world what you refused in this world.

Joseph Cook, the great liberal preacher of New England, advertised one time he was going to preach on the second chance after death and all the preachers, my friends, orthodox, Trinitarian and Unitarian, and all other "tarians," they flocked to hear Joseph Cook and he summed it all up by saying, "I am not going to stake my immortal soul on a guess, and the best you can do is to guess at it." He said, "I am not going to do it."

Yes, hell is a horrid word, I will agree with Lieber, in his book upon deviltry. And that has been banished from many a pulpit today and the word has been banished from so-called polite society. The doctrines, some say, which proved to be a powerful deterrent in holding people in other days. Oh, they won't hold good in the enlightened days of the twentieth century. Just as if God Almighty would change His revelation and withdraw His decrees and repeal His law as the world grows old. Just as though we'd say, "Well, God, it was all right for the sun to rise in the east and set in the west for the other days, but in these enlighened days we prefer to have it rise in the north and set in the south." God would say, "You go to hell."

No, sir, not at all! And in spite of the jeers and the laughter, hell remains a fact. No scoffing or sneering based on human ideas of justice can disprove the divine revelation. If that doesn't meet with your approval, that isn't a sign that you are right and God is wrong. Oh, no, not a bit! The human race in past ages believed in it.

And it is held now by nearly all nations and neary all tribes and nearly all tongues. The most ancient tribes of the world of which history tells us anything were the Chaldeans and the Egyptians and the Romans. The Chaldeans, history tells us, believed in hell, and the Egyptians believed in the immortality of the soul, they believed in the resurrection of the body, they believed in rewards and in punishments, and the Greeks, in their books which are now extant, they believed in rewards and they believed in punishments, and when we find that this has been a universal belief in all ages, which cannot be traced to any source of error, or opinions of man, the conclusion, my friends, is that it had its origin in divine revelation.

If God is, then God is holy, and He must necessarily love virtue and hate vice, and He is just, then He must reward the right and punish the wrong, or He wouldn't be just. Now, that is all there is to it! Wait a minute. I will not deny but that hell is surrounded by mystery. Many things are contained in God's word that are a mystery, but God Almighty often acts for reasons beyond our power to penetrate. Is he, therefore, wrong because He does things we can't understand?

Is that true? No! Then don't be a fool and say there is no hell.

Often, my friends, God acts beyond your reason to understand. God acts beyond your reason to understand when He says, "plow the ground and put that seed in there," and when you die, you trust to a law you can't understand, originate or control—the law of nature. Why God wants you to do it, I don't know, I don't know.

If you deny hell, just so you've got to deny God's existence. And hell is the basis upon which Christianity is built. Without it Christ's teachings won't hold together. He taught of heaven and hell, an if He was wrong on one, then on what grounds do you argue He was right on the other? If He was wrong in one case, then by all logic, He was wrong in the other and the plan of redemption is absolutely senseless, useless.

Why did Jesus become a man? Why was God incarnated in the flesh? Why did He suffer on the cross and be spit upon by men and wear a crown of thorns and bleed and die—except to resnal damnation? That is why He came into the world and if there was no punishment for Him to save us from there was no use for Him to come into it.

Do you see where your theory is gone? It is knocked in the head. That is why we build churches and have missionaries and Y. M.'s and Y. W.'s and all that, to preach the fact that God has made a way to escape. Hallelujah!

And hell was made, as I told you, for the devil and his angels and not for man at all. The devil sinned, my friends, but once. He was condemned without hope. God never gave the devil (and the devil was once a shining angel) a chance to repent. Not at all! Man sinned but God gave him a chance to repent. Now, why, I don't know. That is none of my business. No, sir!

So, when Adam and Eve ate the forbidden fruit and sinned, God gave the promise that the seed of the woman should bruise the serpent's head and Jesus was born of Mary in the manger, conceived by the Holy Ghost, to give man a chance to be saved. But, when the angels rebelled and became devils, God has never given them a chance and He never will. No! They never had one. I don't know why, but He didn't.

The plan of salvation has nothing to do with them at all. It has to do with human beings, which are the ones that God has offered salvation to, and the men and women sin grievously today. Yet, they are rarely struck dead. Why don't God strike a man down dead and say, "Listen to me." It is because God Almighty wants to give him a chance to repent, that is why.

O how we ought to thank God. If He had killed me when I was a sinner I'd been in hell long ago, instead of here preaching. So, one of the greatest torments will be that they had the means of escape offered to them and they rejected it, and that they are there through sheer neglect. That is one of the torments that comes to a man in the penitentiary. He sits there and thinks. He sees where he did the things that brought him there and says, "What a fool I was to do the thing that brought me here."

One of the great terrors of punishment is to reflect on the fact that he needn't to have been there if he hadn't been a fool. They told me that from Sing Sing to St. Quentin, and all over the country where I have spoken.

"Hell is Certain"

Hell is certain. I am not giving you my theories and speculations, but God knows, and God has told us, and one ounce of revelation is worth ten tons of speculation. We are absolutely certain that it is. You say some scholarly ministers have given up that belief. Well, that may be true. All right. That is always the way, favor the argument with a fellow who has a weak cause and wants to bolster it up with a strong assertion. I will admit that, but they didn't give it up because that has never been taught them in the Bible. They gave it up for sentimental reasons. They gave it up for speculative reasons, to be popular. No man breathes, I don't care who he is, listen! That man don't breathe that can go to the New Testament and read it to find out what it teaches in order to preach it to the people, my friends, and then not stand up and say, "There is an eternal damnation for the impenitent." Suppose all the preachers had, that wouldn't prove the Bible wrong. Facts are facts, whether anybody believes it or not. You don't change or alter them.

If you were familiar with the history of the world and of the church, there is not an invention nor a discovery, nor a doctrine, which we know to be absolutely true today, that weren't ridiculed and mocked when they were first advocated. Not a one! There was Bacon, he could see by the laws, which were then in effect, where the nation was drifting, and he told the people. They sneered and damned him and he had to spend ten years in jail because he was courageous enough to tell them. And today they take their hats off to him. He was right.

Gallileo—he said the world moves, and on his knees he was compelled to retract his statement by the professors of his day and the scholars who didn't believe him. On his knees they forced him down and as he arose he said, "It moves notwithstanding." All right, who was right? Gallileo, or the people that condemned him?

And Dr. Jenner—he said, "I can cure smallpox."

Ninety-eight people out of a hundred used to die from smallpox. Today the death rate is only four. Dr. Jenner discovered the power and the value of inoculation.

They expelled Dr. Jenner. We take our hats off to him. There isn't a thing today, a discovery since, or invention since, to be compared with it.

Didn't they try and kill Martin Luther because he said that the Jews should be saved by faith and they were saved by faith and not by works? They would have killed him if it hadn't been for somebody hiding him in the black forest. Martin Luther was right.

Don't they ridicule Wesley, when he got up and preached that man has something to do to be saved, and if he doesn't put his will on the side of God, although he is omnipotent, God can't save a man against his free will. Hats off to John Wesley. They damned him because he preached that. He was right, all through.

And Noah said, "God is going to destroy this world with a flood."

They said, "What? He will not do anything of the kind."

And he pounded for a hundred and twenty years on that old ark, but God turned the hose on them just the same.

Jesus walked down the streets of Jerusalem. He looked at the city and said, "Not one stone will stand on top of another."

They said, "What is that?"

They hurled stones at Him and spat upon Him. Forty years after He uttered those words the Rehoboam army entered Jerusalem and levelled its walls to the ground. Who was right?"

I have the words of Jesus. "Then shall He say also unto them on the left hand, 'Depart from me, ye cursed, into everlasting fire, prepared for the devil and his angels.'"

I have the words of Paul, "And to you who are troubled rest with us, when the Lord Jesus shall be revealed from heaven with His mighty angels, in flaming fire taking vengeance on them that know not God, and that obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ. Who shall be punished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glory of His power."

I have the words of Peter, "For if God spared not the angels that sinned, but cast them down to hell, and delivered them into chains of darkness, to be reserved unto judgment; and spared not the old world, but saved Noah the eighth person, a preacher of righteousness, bringing in the flood upon the world of the ungodly, and turning the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah into ashes, condemned them with an overthrow, making them an example unto those that after should live ungodly."

The Lord knoweth how to deliver the godly out of temptation and to reserve the unjust unto the day of judgment to be punished. God knows, we all do. And so the Lord's got it all planned out.

I have the word of Jude, "Behold, the Lord cometh with 10,000 of His angels to execute judgment upon all, and to convince all that are ungodly among them of all their ungodly deeds which they have ungodly committed, and of all their hard speeches which ungodly sinners have spoken against the Lord."

I have the words of Jesus, after He had been to the abode of death, after the resurrection, "But the fearful, and unbelieving, and the abominable, and murderers, and whoremongers, and sorcerers, and idolaters, and all liars, shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone; which is the second death."

Christ Said so.

We are certain that there is a hell. Jesus Christ said so. The apostles said so and God says so. We are more sure than we are that the sun will rise. The only thing against it, my friends, is the speculations of a lot of theologians that dream, of some poets and novel writers and philosophers, and those who may not be able to reconcile the suffering in hell with the doctrine of the love of God. But no intelligent man will give up a fact because he can't understand it. And you won't condemn God because He acts beyond your power of reason to understand it. You won't be fool enough to do that. At least I wouldn't, and I think you've got as much sense as I have. Now, when on one hand I've got the speculations of philosophers and theologians and the dreams of poets and novel writers who say there is no hell, and on the other side I've got the Word of God, and the Word of Jesus and the word of the apostles, who say there is a hell, it don't take me long to make up my mind which I am going to believe.

And the next time you read a book, and I don't give a rap who wrote it; the next time you hear a lecture, and I don't care who delivers it; the next time you hear a sermon, and I don't give a picayune who the preacher is; if that book says there is no hell, if that preacher says there is no hell, I say the author of that book, and that lecturer and that preacher are liars.

Hell is a place of bodily suffering. "In hell he lifted up his eyes being in torment." That is the plain teaching of the New Testament and the words used to express the doom of the sinner are these: "Death and destruction (or perdition which is translated perdition in one place and destruction in another, means the same thing).

"The beast shall ascend out of the bottomless pit and go into perdition (or destruction, same thing). And the devil that deceived them was cast into the lake of fire and brimstone where the beast and the false prophet are and shall be tormented day and night forever and ever."

According to the Word of God, my friends, perdition or destruction is a place in the lake of fire, where they are tormented day and night.

Let's see if we can find out where the beast goes: "And the beast was taken and with him the false prophet that wrought miracles before him, with which he deceived them that had received the mark of the beast, and them that worshiped his image. These both were cast alive into a lake of fire burning with brimstone."

By the Word of God, perdition or destruction is a place in the lake of fire of torment forever.

Let's see if we can find God's definition of death. Listen! "But the fearful, and unbelieving, and the abominable and murderers and whoremongers, and sorcerers and idolaters, and all liars shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone, which is the second death."

The word death doesn't carry with it the idea of ceasing to exist.

We've got a lot of people that say that means total annihilation, Russellism and a lot of these "isms" and "sisms." It doesn't mean anything of the kind. We say of a man, "He is dead in sin, and still alive physically."

He is dead in sin, he is a drunkard, a liar, a libertine, he is dead in sin.

He is dead to everything that is good, pure; he is dead in sin, but he isn't physically dead. He is dead in sin, but he is alive physically, for wherever the old devil goes you will see him go down the street. And we say to a person, "They are dead in sin." That is, they are Christians and they won't do right. They are dead in sin, dead to everything that is good, but they are still alive physically.

So the word death doesn't convey the idea that I cease to exist—and get into a coffin full of embalming fluid. Not a bit! See?

"O, but—" says a fellow to me, "Bill, that is figurative." Well, God's figures never lie. You can't do away with the truth by saying, "It is figurative,"—not at all! We use figurative language every day to expres facts or describe them. So does the Lord. Let me give you an illustration.

We say of a man, "He is slippery as an eel."

Well, is he? No, he isn't. It is figurative. We say, "He is as sharp as a tack." He isn't. That is figurative language, but it describes the fact that he is a smooth guy.

We say, "Oh, I am as dry as a fish." Now, that is figurative language to express the fect that you are thirsty. But you don't do away with the fact that you are thirsty, by using figurative language to say that you were thirsty. You are still thirsty.

You say the Lord said, "Land flowing with milk and honey." There weren't rivers of milk and rivers of honey, but the Lord says it is fertile, and when we talk about milk and honey, that is our idea about fertility.

So the Lord used figurative language to tell the people what a great country Canaan was and he said, "I shall cover thee with feathers as a mother hen covers her chickens. The Lord will protect thee."

The people understood that, when they saw a mother hen cover her children.

"The words were finished and I did eat them." You don't believe that Jeremiah picked up a Bible and bit off a corner of it—no sir!

Jesus said, "I am the vine, ye are the branch." But we are not. He said, "I am the door, by me if any man enter in, he shall be saved." He isn't, but he meant that the way you go into a house, you go through the door.

He said, "If you are going to heaven you've got to come through me, as you go through a door to get in." That is not figurative language, but it describes a fact. See?

And we say of a fellow, "He's got barrels of money." He hasn't got money in barrels.

We say of a fellow. "He has money to burn." He hasn't. He doesn't build a fire with money. He's got lots of it.

Figurative Language.

I was out West one time and they were talking about the man who built the Pennsylvania railroad. He didn't turn a spadeful of dirt nor lay a rail nor a tie nor drive a spike, but he raised the money with which they built the Union and Southern Pacific railroad.

A preacher said to be one time, "I built that church, Bill." He didn't lay a brick in it.

I was talking with a preacher the other day and he said to me, "There is a fine girl, I married her." He didn't. He officiated at her wedding. He didn't marry her. Another fellow married her but this fellow officiated.

Now, all that is figurative language. See? But it describes a fact that occurred. All right. You haven't put the fire out of hell because you use figurative language. It is there!

I am trying to help you, with all the strength I know how and the wisdom. Hell would be a place of vile companions, abominable murderers, idolators, thieves, whosover loveth and maketh a lie. Oh! I will admit there will be some people in hell that were great on earth. Ahab will be there! Jezebel will be there, there is no doubt of that at all. Old Antiochus will be there. So will Epiphanes—that old sinner will be there. Ivan the Terrible, Catherine of Russia will be there. Oh, yes there are lots of people that were great that will be there—Diderat de Alembert, Rosseau, Voltaire, John Stuart Mill. Those people were great on earth, great in science, great in art, great in literature, but they will be in hell. Why? Because they rejected Jesus Christ. I will admit there will be some people in hell that were great on earth, occupied great positions in the world.

Hell is a place without hope. Some people will deceive you and say the word, everlasting, doesn't mean everlasting as applied to hell. Then it doesn't mean everlasting as applied to heaven, either. If you blot it out in one place you rub it out in the other. If hell is not everlasting, neither is heaven. "And these shall go into everlasting punishment, but the righteous into eternal life." By what sense or common sense do you argue it is eternal in one and not in the other, the same as God said it?

I have looked the Bible through. I wouldn't stand up here and preach to you if I hadn't done it and give it to you from my standpoint and ability to understand it. I've studied it from every angle and I am here to tell you that there isn't one ray of hope that a man or woman will ever have a chance after you leave this world. If there was, I'd tell you so. Not one ray of hope, not one!

And so the trouble with many people is that they have no time for religion. No time for Christ. I've got to get this deal through, I've got to get rich first, I've got to succeed first. Some time, maybe, I'll be a Christian, but not now. Plenty of time.

O, Mr. Broker in a hurry; Mrs. Gad-About in a hurry; Mr. Stenographer in a hurry; Mr. Baker in a hurry; Mr. Newspaperman in a hurry; O, everybody in a hurry. Like the little girl down praying and she said, "Good-bye, God; papa struck oil."

And they say, "Well, anyhow this religion Bill's preaching up there in the tabernacle, it's too old-fashioned for me. Why, he preaches that there is a hell and that there is a personal devil, just think of it! Why, we discarded those old-fashioned notions long ago. Our preacher—he is a smart chap. We pay him ten thousand bones a year. He don't breathe a word about that. All right, then, you will go with him or he will go with you. It don't make any difference which.

It is appointed for men once to die. You don't like to think of hell, too uncomfortable. Yes, so is the ocean uncomfortable when the storm lashes her into fury and it swallows up man's greatness and breaks it as if it were made of an egg shell, and men sink 'neath its depths with bubbling groan, unwept, unhonored and unsung.

Yes, but it is there, and it is has rolled since the dawn began, ages old. Strong and uncontrolled, it passes restlessly to and fro, and it will break your bones and it will crush your staunchest ship upon its bosom.

Too old-fashioned! So is birth. It is as old-fashioned as the human race. But nobody ever came into the world, my friend, in any other way. Even the Son of God came through the door of mother. No! Old age is old-fashioned, but men have grown old with the years and they always will. Death is old-fashioned. Man, with all his genius, my friend, has never been able to change it and never will, you will die in the old-fashioned way, you will crumble to dust in the old-fashioned way, and if you are lost you will go to the old-fashioned hell. And if you are saved it will be in the old-fashioned way, the way of the cross leads home. And by the old-fashioned religion of your father and of your mother.

O, I have come to call you back to the old-fashioned Christ and the old-fashioned cross. So I have come, my friend, to preach the love of God to you, showing you from what God wants to save you. I can preach the love of God more by showing people what God's love wants to keep them out of, than any other way. Other people may preach it more from another angle but that isn't my way of doing it, my friends, and if we only appreciated God's love, I will tell you, the call to the unsaved would cease. If everybody only realized how God loves them, there would be no more thieves and thugs, no more selling or giving away manhood or womanhood, no more lying, no more men going around courthouses, my friends.

She Buys a Bible.

O, I suppose half of the troubles that are carried into court can be adjusted if only one side or the other of you would give in a little bit and you'd save wrecking your home and taking lives and sending your children out to drift upon this old sin-cursed world.

Oh! Jesus Christ, don't let the devil tear human hearts to shreds and then laugh at them for being sinners, fools! God! A young woman went to buy a ticket and up over the ticket window she read that God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son. She said, "Where is that?"

"In the Bible."

Have you a Bible? Do you know where I can get one?"

"Yes, across the street at the newspaper stand."

'Have I time before the train starts?"

She hurried, ran over and bought it and ran back, but when she got back she didn't know where to look for her train and finally a little woman saw her and said, "Is there anything you want?" And she told her. She turned to John 3:16 and read it and tears trickled down her cheeks like rivers of water as she read it again and again and kept her Bible open and her finger on the verse. When the train got to her destination she met her amour who was there in his carriage.

He said, "What is the matter, Bess, has anybody insulted you?"

"Oh! no read that!"

He said, "I have known that."

"Known that and never told me? Known it and lived the way you have? If that is true I don't want to live this way."

And they were converted and their home became a center of religious influence.

If you only realized what God's love is, you'd know what He wants you to do and there wouldn't be a sinner walking on the face of this old earth. He wants to save us from the punishment. That is the reason He came into the world. I have pictured it with the authority of the Bible and I've told you that God's love wants to keep you out of there. That is what it is for. That is why He was manifest at all in this world.

A man came from England years ago and went to Cuba and they arrested him on the supposition that he was a spy. He made his appeal to the British consul and to the American council. He'd lived a good many years 'neath the Stars and Stripes, though still a British subject and, he convinced them that he was not a spy. They told the governor general that he had convinced them that he was not a spy, but still he had been ordered shot in the morning at sunrise. No matter what they could do, he was to be shot in the early morning.

They were leading him out and they had his eyes bandaged and his hands tied when up dashed a carriage, out leaped the British consul and rushing up he wrapped the Union Jack about him. Up rushed the American consul and wrapped the Stars and Stripes about him. Stepping back, they said to the firing squad, "Shoot, if you dare."

And when I stand robed in Christ's righteousness, I don't fear all the devils on earth nor in hell.

I say sneer if you want to, for I am under the power of God, and it reaches to the end of the earth, sir.

"Whosoever will may come." If God Almighty would send an angel down to this old world to tell it of His love he'd have to stop every thief on the street and say, "God so loved the world."

He'd go into Sing Sing and into the death house and say, "God so loved the world."

He'd go down the White Way, into every theater and every cabaret, he'd say to them, wild, wayward, crowding to perdition, drinking, cursing, blaspheming, "God so loved the world."

He'd go into every haunt of vice and sin, he'd stop every girl on the street, my friend, he'd go to the haunts of vice and say that, "God so loved the world."

He'd go to the East Side, he'd go in every nook and corner of the city, he'd go into the great newspapers and say, "God so loved the world."

He'd walk up and down and cry it in the stock exchange, he'd go, my friends, into the great banks and cry it. He'd stand in front of churches and cry it to the surging crowds down the street and he'd cry out, and he'd go up and down the land unless there might be some sinner, somewhere, that angel wouldn't find.

God has emblazoned it on His world that He gave His only begotten Son that whosoever believed in Him might not perish but have everlasting life.

SPORTS

Edited by Dick Jemison.

A. A. C. Shifts Line-Up for Spartanburg

LINE-UP CHANGED FOR SPARTANBURG

Bryan to Supplant Bass at Forward in Athletic Club Five's Line-Up on Next Saturday.

The Atlanta Athletic club will present one change in its line-up for the second game of the season, which will be against the Spartanburg Y. M. C. A. five on Saturday night.

Bryan is slated to replace Bass at forward for the local five, and, due to the form he has been showing in practice this week, and the fact that he weighs about twenty-five pounds more than the man he succeeds.

Spartanburg will come to Atlanta with three of last year's veterans, the Vogel boys and Langford, while in Turner and Blair they have added two stars from other sections who have welded together a formidable aggregation.

This game will be a real test for the club team, and what the new aggregation can do with the first out-of-town invaders should interest and attract a large crowd.

The usual dancing features will follow. The probable line-up of the two teams is as follows:

ATLANTA.	Pos.	SPARTANBURG.
Dodge	Left Forward	Turner
Bryan	Right Forward	A. Vogel (Capt.)
Cocke (Capt.)	Center	S. Vogel
Dunwoody	Left Guard	Langford
Oliver	Right Guard	Blair

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35c & 60c
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71 Whitehall St.

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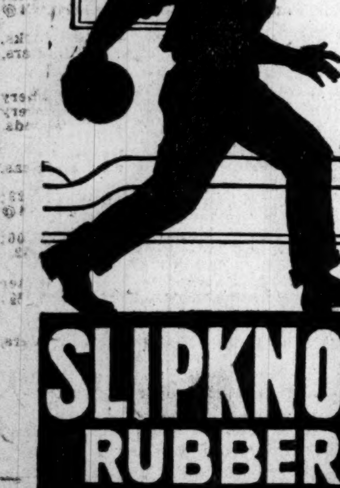

SLIPKNOT
RUBBER
HEELS

Sisler Next to Cobb In Consecutive Hit Games

BY IRWIN M. HOWE,
(Official Statistician of the American League, American Association, International League and Western League.)

All the fans are familiar with the thirty-five-game batting spurt of Ty Cobb during the recent pennant race. Who made the next longest spurt? That's a question that the majority of fans and experts as well will have to leave to the sphinx to answer unless they have access to the official records of the American league.

These figures show that it was George Sisler, of the St. Louis Browns, who was next to Cobb as a consecutive hitter. George ran twenty-six games in a row, during which he made one or more blows. This stretch of swatting carried from August 11 to September 5. But George also had an earlier run of twenty-one games, starting this lesser jamboree June 30, and having finished it by Carl Mays, of Boston, July 18.

This same pitcher, Mays, of Boston, deserves a medal or some other token of honor from Ty Cobb, for if it hadn't been for him Sisler might have continued his batting spree and at least equaled Cobb's season's record of thirty-five games. For right after being stopped without a blow, George began wielding his bat with deadly ferocity again and ran up thirteen more games before being held without a hit after the game of August 2.

So Mays at least stopped Sisler from a run of thirty-five games. If George had only made that hit—it seems that that little two-lettered word had a great deal to do with Sisler.

But for that "if" the versatile Brownie might have hung up the unheard-of sixty-eight consecutive contests in which he gleaned one or more swats. "If" he had made three little hits, one on July 18, another August 6 and another August 11, George now would be hailed as the willow wielding wizard of the world.

For the records show that except for July 18, August 6 and August 11, Sisler banged out a blow or more every day he played from June 30 to September 4, inclusive. Just think of it, "if," meaning three little hits, alone stood between Sisler and more than two solid months of swatting, but there's no way of erasing that "if."

And when Ty orders his token of appreciation he may as well get three, one for Walter Johnson and the remaining one for Rube Schauer. These bring the gentlemen who aided the Red Sox artist and Ty in keeping the world's batting records safe from the Missouri marvel.

WHITE SOX SECOND IN TEAM FIELDING

Official Fielding Averages of the American League Announced.

Chicago, December 19.—The Chicago Americans, the team which won the world's championship, was second in club fielding in the American league, Boston, with a total of .972, being five points to the good in this department of the game. This was shown in the official fielding averages announced by B. B. Johnson, president of the league, today.

Among the "regulars" Chick Gandil, Chicago, led the initial basemen, with Stuffy McInnis, Philadelphia, second. Jack Barry, manager of Boston, topped his rivals at the keystone sack with an average of .973. Eddie Collins, his former teammate and now captain of the Chicago White Sox, was four points lower.

The fourth member of Connie Mack's old $100,000 infield—Baker—now playing with New York, was tied with Weaver of Chicago among the third basemen, each fielding for a mark of .949. Scott, of Boston, was first among the shortstops. John Henry, of Washington, topped the catchers.

Four pitchers went through the season without a fielding error. These performers were Walter Johnson, Washington; Earl Hamilton, St. Louis; A. J. Schauer, Philadelphia, and George Mogridge, New York.

John Collins, Chicago, led the outfielders. He took part in 73 games and was four points in front of Jacobson, St. Louis, who went through 141 contests with five black marks against him.

MORNINGSTAR IS LED BY WALKER COCHRAN

Detroit, Mich., December 19.—Walker Cochran, of Chicago, was leading Ora Morningstar, of this city, 600 to 503 tonight, at the close of the first day's play in their 1,800-point 18.2 balk line billiard match here. Cochran took the first block this afternoon, 300 to 198. Both played 13 innings in this block. Cochran had a high run of 167, while Morningstar ran 119.

In the evening match Morningstar accumulated 305 in 9 innings, while Cochran required 10 innings to get his necessary 300. High runs were: Cochran, 190; Morningstar, 132.

TODAY IN PUGILISM

1906—Ray Bronson and Freddie Cole fought a ten-round draw at Lafayette, Indiana.

1909—Sailor Burke knocked out Jack Brown in the first round at Danbury, Connecticut.

1909—Knockout Brown and Pal Moore fought a ten-round draw at New York.

1910—Freddie Welsh won on a foul from Jim Driscoll in ten rounds at Cardiff, Wales.

1911—Leach Cross outpointed Knockout Brown in ten rounds at New York.

1911—Chicago Knockout Brown defeated Fritz Holland in ten rounds at Oakland, Cal.

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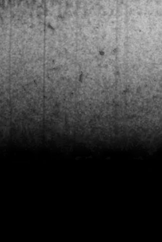

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C. GRIFFITH HAS GIVEN 1,286 BALL OUTFITS TO ARMY

Clark C. Griffith, manager of the Washington American league club, has just made public the figures on supplies of baseball paraphernalia which he has furnished to the soldiers and sailors through means of his bat and ball fund. The figures show that Griffith has undertaken a big task, and the funds contributed by ball fans throughout the country are being expended to good advantage.

The material furnished the soldiers and sailors purchased from the bat and ball fund consists of the following articles: On catcher's mask, mitt and chest protector, one first base mitt, three bats, three bases, three base pins, twelve balls, one book of rules and twelve score cards. These articles are enclosed in a box and constitute an outfit.

Up to December 1 Griffith had shipped 1,286 such outfits to various cantonments and foreign points where Uncle Sam's soldiers are quartered. The largest consignment was one of 190 outfits to General Pershing's boys in France.

Besides the 1,286 outfits, Griff has supplied $703.36 worth of baseball supplies, but his fund had reached a total of only about $36,000. It is to make up the deficit that major and minor league clubs have agreed to stage a bat and ball fund day at all parks next season.

BROWNS MAY COAX EDDIE PLANK TO RETURN TO GAME

Eddie Plank, the 42-year-old veteran who quit the Browns in midseason last year and retired to his farm in Pennsylvania, will soon be sounded by the management of the St. Louis club as to his intention to remain out of baseball.

Many inquiries were made at Chicago regarding the status of Plank, the occasion for the renewed interest in the great southpaw being the fact that he is too old to be subject to draft and would, therefore, be able to play out the entire season.

In view of the changed circumstances it is considered probable that Plank will reconsider his retirement. Even if he would not consent to pitch for the Browns he might be useful to some other needy outfit.

GOTCH'S REMAINS ARE LAID TO REST

Humboldt, Iowa, December 19.—Humboldt turned from its normal tasks today to place in Union cemetery here the body of Frank A. Gotch, the man whose wrestling fame brought public attention to this little city. Business paused and the school Gotch attended as a boy remained closed as the city and countryside joined in tribute to the retired world's champion wrestler, who died at his home here last Sunday after a protracted illness.

Governor Harding was among the hundreds of personal friends of the late champion who joined in the funeral services in the Congregational church. Rev. Alexander Benett, of Salina, Kan., formerly in charge of the Congregational church here and a personal friend of Gotch's, delivered the funeral oration. The Masonic order had charge of the services.

RECORD FALL SCORED BY DR. B. F. ROLLER

New York, December 19.—Dr. B. F. Roller, of Seattle, Wash., scored the record fall of the international catch-as-catch-can wrestling tournament here tonight when he threw Pierre le Belge, of Belgium, in 13 seconds with a body hold.

Wladek Zbyszko, of Poland, threw Demetrius Tofalos, of Greece, in 17 minutes and 54 seconds with a bridge hold and double arm lock. Ed "Strangler" Lewis, of Lexington, Ky., threw Tom Draak, of Holland, in 13:11 with a head hold.

FIFTEEN LETTERS TO OGLETHORPE MEN

Oglethorpe college has awarded fifteen letters to members of the 1917 football team. Coach Anderson presented the monograms. Those who received shingles were:

Captain W. J. Boswell, W. C. Johnson, C. C. Mason, Bob Nicholes, "Edgar Allan" Poe, A. H. Hopkins, George A. Reynolds, Joe P. Wilson, W. Bass Williamson, Joe Lane, A. Frank Laird, Glee B. Thompson, Frank S. Wilkerson, N. M. DeJarnette, B. F. Hawkins.

ED REULBACH NOW MAKING SUBMARINES

New York, December 19.—Ed Reulbach, former star pitcher of the Chicago Cubs in the days of Frank Chance and championships, is done with baseball for all time. He has become associated with the Submarine Boat corporation, of Bayonne, N. J.

Reulbach was with the Boston Braves last season, but did little work.

11th A. & M. 24, Waycross 12.

Waycross, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—In a fast game of basketball played in Douglas yesterday, the boys' team of the Waycross High school was defeated by the A. & M. college, of Douglas. Umpire, Professor Henderson, of Waycross; timer and scorer, Nettles, of Waycross.

Bobby Wallace Signs.

St. Louis, December 19.—Bobby Wallace, veteran infielder, has signed with the St. Louis Nationals for the season of 1918, President Branch Rickey announced tonight. Murphy Currie, pitcher, has joined the navy, the fourth man of the Cardinals to enter war service.

JIMMIE BERRI BESTS YOUNG ABE ATTELL

Fight Stopped in Third Round to Save Attell From Punishment.

Macon, Ga., December 19.—Jimmie Berri, of Cleveland, Ohio (Eighth Artillery), outfought Young Abe Attell, of Atlanta, in a scheduled eight-round fight here tonight. The referee stopped the battle in the third round to save Attell from further punishment.

ALEXANDER SETS $10,000 AS HIS SHARE OF PURCHASE PRICE

Chicago, December 19.—Grover Alexander, the pitcher purchased by the Chicago Nationals from Philadelphia, stated that he thought $10,000 would be his fair share of the purchase price paid Philadelphia and he thought the latter club should pay it.

"I'm not making any threats," said Alexander, "but I think the public should know the situation. Seven years ago Philadelphia paid $750 for me. They sold me for $50,000. Hard work brought about the boom in my stock and the man who did the work ought to get some of it."

Alexander has not yet signed a contract with Chicago.

COULON AND JACKSON IN TEN-ROUND DRAW

Little, Rock, Ark., December 19.—Eddie Coulon, New Orleans lightweight, who is a private in the national army at Camp Pike, and Nate Jackson, of Oklahoma, fought ten rounds to a draw here tonight.

Jackson forced the fighting, but Coulon landed the most effective blows. Numerous clinches marred the fight. Coulon started strong, the first round being his. The fighting in this round was in the middle of the ring, and the New Orleans fighter demonstrated his superiority as a boxer. Jackson closed in on Coulon in the second and the round was declared a draw. The third went to Coulon. Jackson took the fourth. Coulon won the fifth and seventh. Jackson had the better of the sixth, eighth and tenth. The ninth was even.

HENDRICKS' RELEASE WITHDRAWN BY CLUB

Indianapolis, December 19.—The offer to release Jack Hendricks, manager of the Indianapolis American Association baseball club, for $10,000 was withdrawn today by J. C. McGill, president of the club, in a telegram received from him by Hendricks.

GEO. CLARK, IN CASE, WINNER AT MACON IN MILE AUTO RACE

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Despite the extreme cold weather that prevailed, Macon speed fans turned out in good numbers to witness the running of the auto races staged at Central City park today. From a sporting standpoint the races were of championship caliber, but the promoters were on the losing end. The track developed roughness due to an underlying dampness that slowed it up considerably and best time of the day was 53 seconds for one mile, made by George Clark at the wheel of a Case, the 1917 dirt champion of America. This sets a new record for the track, the former record being 54 seconds, made by Barney Oldfield, driving a Blitzen Benz several years ago.

Many speed fans picked George Clark as the favorite and he amply justified their faith in him. He was the victor in every race in which he entered. His hardest race and the prettiest event of the afternoon's program was the match race, a distance of three miles, between Clark and Jules Ellingboe, the Canadian champion. Ellingboe, driving a Briscoe, took the lead from the start and maintained it more than two and one-half miles, when Clark in his Case gradually forged ahead and crossed the line the winner by a half car length.

FAILURE WRIT LARGE ON U-BOAT CAMPAIGN

Continued From First Page.

command in the British admiralty Mr. Pollen said:

"In bringing about this new order of things at Whitehall, the reformers were undoubtedly assisted, first, by the fact that an extremely effective, well equipped and brilliantly commanded contingent of American destroyers was already at work in a very important area of the theater of war, and next by the British government waking up to the truth that the belligerency of America meant not only the co-operation of a very gallant and enterprising ally, but the domestication, so to speak, of a new and extremely intelligent critic."

U. S. Naval Officers Praised.

Mr. Pollen mentioned the consultations with the British admiralty of "three distinguished and resourceful American naval officers," Admiral Sims, Mayo and Benson. Through these men, "American professional knowledge," he said, "has gained a first-hand experience of the reality of war and has been able to contribute an impersonal and impartial judgment upon the character of the operations to be pursued and of the methods of command under which they should be carried out. I cannot doubt for a moment that much of the improved efficiency of the counter-campaign is due to this intellectual stimulus."

Mr. Pollen paid tribute to Secretary Daniels, praising what he described as the secretary's policy of obtaining loyal team work by allowing the forces under his orders to be directed "in strictly professional matters according to the judgment and advice of the singularly able and efficient officers that, so to speak, form his council of war."

Adverting to the recent North sea raid by German forces, Mr. Pollen said: "The only remarkable thing about such incidents is not their occasional occurrence, but their rarity. Were the British or the American navy in the position of the German navy, I fancy they would be far more frequent."

FOR THE SOLDIER

Vest Pocket Kodak—Luminous Dial—compass or fountain pen. The above are useful Xmas suggestions. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, 42 N. Broad St.

John Ruskin

For Christmas buy him a box of John Ruskin Cigars

J. N. HIRSCH, Atlanta Dist.
E. L. ADAMS & CO., Dist., Atlanta.
GRIFFIN GRO. CO., Griffin Dist.

Cigar 5¢

CITIZEN OF GEORGIA BACK FROM NEW YORK

Clayton Robson, of Milledgeville and the state-at-large, returned to Atlanta Wednesday night from New York, where he has been visiting for the last several weeks.

The genial Clayt is looking fine and feeling the same, thank you.

Broadway remains about as broad as usual, and New York is still comparatively new in spots, according to Mr. Robson. He declined to discuss affairs at the national capital, having stopped over in Washington only long enough to change trains.

Mr. Robson registered at the Kimball house.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION TO WORK OUT PROGRAM

The state highway commission will meet Thursday morning to take final action of the several county highway projects pending before it with applications for federal aid.

When the commission has placed its approval upon these projects it will work out a two years' road improvement program for the utilization of the 1918 and 1919 federal appropriations for aid in state highway improvement, the total federal money available being approximatetly $600,000.

You will have a perfectly glorious Christmas time if you see "Experience"—Christmas week, at the Atlanta theater.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
R. S. Wagstaff vs. Annie Laura Wagstaff. Superior Court.
To Annie Laura Wagstaff:
By order of court, you are notified that on the 2d day of November, 1917, R. S. Wagstaff filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term of said court.
You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.
Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 2, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
C. J. Baisden vs. J. W. Chandler, Fulton Superior Court.
To J. W. Chandler, greeting:
You are notified that on the 7th day July, 1917, C. J. Baisden filed in superior court, Fulton county, Georgia, an equitable petition against you, returnable, by amendment, to January term, 1918, of said court. You are notified to appear at said term of said court on the first Monday in January, 1918, to answer said petition.
Witness Hon. George L. Bell, judge of said court, this November 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Dola Hornsby vs. Theodore Hornsby.
To Theodore Hornsby:
By order of court, you are notified that on the 5th day day of November, 1917, Dola Hornsby filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term of said court.
You are required to be at the January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January, to answer the plaintiff's complaint.
Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, judge of said court, this November 5, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

L. K. Newlin vs. F. B. Newlin. No. 36563. Fulton Superior Court. Libel for Divorce. Verdict for total divorce Nov. 6, 1917.
Notice is hereby given to all concerned that on the 21st day of November, 1917, I filed with the Clerk of Fulton Superior Court my petition addressed to said Court, returnable to March term, to be held on the first Monday in March, 1918, for the removal of disabilities resting upon me under the verdict in said case by reason of my intermarriage with L. K. Newlin, which application will be heard at March term, 1918, of Fulton Superior Court, which commences on the first Monday in March, 1918.
F. B. NEWLIN.
HUGHES ROBERTS, Attorney.

GEORGIA, Fulton County, Superior Court.
Mrs. Marie G. Merker vs. Henry Robert Merker, No. 37924. To Henry Robert Merker. By order of Court you are hereby notified that on June 5, 1917, Mrs. Marie G. Merker filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the January term, 1918, of said Court. You are hereby required to be and appear at the January term, 1918, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday in January, 1918, to answer Plaintiff's complaint. Witness the Hon. J. T. Pendleton, Judge of said Court, this 6th day of November, 1917.
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Under and by virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of DeKalb county, Georgia, granted at the December term, 1917, there will be sold before the courthouse door of Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1918, within the legal hours of sale to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following property of the estate of Mrs. Mary E. Clarke, deceased, to wit:
All that tract and parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot 46 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, more particularly described as follows: Beginning fifty (50) feet east of the southeast corner of Highland avenue (formerly Harris street) and Howell (formerly Howland) street, and running thence south one hundred and two (102) feet; thence east fifty-six (56) feet; thence north one hundred and two (102) feet; thence west along the south side of Highland avenue fifty-six (56) feet to point of beginning, being a part of lots 38 and 39 of the O'Keefe & Nutting subdivision of the Johnson Hill property.
Terms cash.
H. M. ASKEW, Administrator.
GREEN, TILSON & M'KINNEY,
Attorneys.

LEGAL ORDINARY'S NOTICES

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 14, 1917—M. Herzberg has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Jue Jung, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 14, 1917—Floy Anderson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Marcellus M. Anderson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary, Chambers, December 14, 1917.—To the heirs-at-law of Bertrand N. Healey, deceased, who reside out of said state: William B. Parr having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next January term of said court, on the first Monday in January next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary, Chambers, December 14, 1917.—To the heirs-at-law of John B. Daniel, deceased: Laurie M. Quillian having applied for an order requiring Paul L. Fleming and Lucian L. Knight, the executors of the estate of said deceased, to execute title under a bond for title, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next January term of said court to be held on the first Monday in January next, then and there to show cause, if any you can, why said order should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 14, 1917.—H. N. Smith has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Annie R. Smith, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Manda Green has applied for letters of administration, with will annexed, on the estate of Rebecca Reid, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Nina Hornady has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Annie Cornelia Hornady, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Eva L. Wheeler has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Samuel S. Wheeler, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—W. R. McKibben has applied for letters of administration on the estate of E. R. Hughey, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—J. M. Lee has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. M. M. Lee, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Julia Pratt has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Homer Pratt, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Mattie Cross has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Julius R. Cross, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—H. E. Cohen has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Davie Cohen, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—R. A. Donaldson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of S. H. Donaldson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Nora B. Webb has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Dr. E. B. Webb, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Louis J. Elsas has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Eugene M. Elsas, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Mary F. Megee, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Mary Chandler, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that C. D. Jordan, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Annie Lowe, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Frampton E. Ellis, as administrator of the estate of Porter Freeman, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Frampton E. Ellis, as administrator of the estate of John McGuire, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Mrs. N. M. Morris and A. S. Thompson, as administrators of the estate of Mrs. M. E. Thompson, deceased, have applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Lula G. Mauldin, as guardian of R. F. Mauldin, non compos mentis, has applied for leave to sell the land of said R. F. Mauldin. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Mrs. E. C. Wright, as administratrix of the estate of John M. Wright, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary—At Chambers, December 13, 1917—The appraisers on the application of Alice Chancellor, widow of W. H. Chancellor, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself, having duly filed her return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary—At Chambers, December 13, 1917—The appraisers on the application of Fannie E. Maddox, widow of G. J. Maddox, deceased, for a tewlve months' support for herself and minor children, having duly filed their return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary—At Chambers, December 13, 1917—The appraisers on the application of Addie Blanche Perry, widow of Ben F. Perry, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having duly filed their return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary—At Chambers, December 13, 1917—The appraisers on the application of Sallie E. Parker, widow of C. T. Parker, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself, having duly filed her return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Julia A. Gaines and Mary Louise Gaines, as executrixes of the will of Wesly J. Gaines, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said executrixes should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—T. J. Middlebrooks, as administrator of the estate of George W. Huie, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Richard B. Perry, as administrator of the estate of Rev. A. E. Day, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—W. T. Smith, as administrator of the estate of Mary C. Smith, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917—Peter F. Clarke, as guardian of Sophia Stewart, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said guardian should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—C. J. Adair, as guardian of Lois Bell Schenck, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said guardian should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Frankie Andrews, as guardian of Idella Andrews, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said guardian should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Jennie Kutz, Louis J. Regenstein and Walter W. Visanska, as executors of the will of Max Kutz, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said executors should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Mrs. F. W. Plaster, as administratrix of the estate of D. L. Plaster, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—J. D. Malsby, as administrator of the estate of Maude Malsby, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Emma Hendon, as administratrix of the estate of Carl Zoeller, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Edward T. Brown, as executor of the will of Henry A. Lowrance, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said executor should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Trust Company of Georgia, as administrator of the estate of Emma Scully, deceased, represents that it has fully discharged the duties of its said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—S. C. Prichard, as administrator of the estate of Nancy C. Prichard, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary, Chambers, December 13, 1917.—To Fred Farrar, Irene Dernier, Mrs. Thomas G. Drumm, Mrs. E. L. Kimball, Mrs. Kate E. Paige, Hester E. Powers, George F. Blanchard, Mrs. M. E. Blanchard, Mrs. H. Burt and all other persons claiming to be heirs-at-law of Charles E. Currier, deceased, such others being unknown, who reside out of said state:
Trust Company of Georgia having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next January term of said court, on first Monday in January next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Mary J. Watts, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Louis J. Elsas has applied for letters of guardianship of the property of Claire S. Elsas, minor, under the age of 14 years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
In re Estate of Lucy Williams—No. 1407. In Fulton County Court of Ordinary. Application for probate.
To E. M. Williams, greeting:
You are hereby notified that upon the application of Fred Kreis in said court filed, you are required to offer for probate in solemn form in said court at the February term, 1918, which term convenes on first Monday in February next, a pretended will of Lucy Williams, in which you are nominated as executor and named as sole beneficiary. This 21st day of November, 1917.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Martha A. Megee, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the county administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in January next, unless valid objections is made thereto.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County:
Court of Ordinary.
At Chambers, December 13, 1917.
The appraisers on the application of Bessie W. Schmidt, widow of Henry C. Schmidt, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor child, having duly filed their return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County:
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.
Z. T. Adams has applied for letters of administration on the estate of H. T. Adams, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County:
Court of Ordinary.
At Chambers, December 13, 1917.
The appraisers on the application of Mrs. Paul Stieglitz, widow of Paul Stieglitz, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having duly filed their return, all persons are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Mrs. W. C. Rentz has applied for letters of administration on the estate of W. C. Rentz, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Court of Ordinary, Chambers, December 13, 1917.—To the heirs-at-law of William M. Weathers, deceased: R. M. Kenny having applied for an order requiring Sarah Irene Weathers, the administratrix of the estate of said deceased, to execute title under a bond for title, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next January term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in January next, then and there to show cause, if any you can, why said order should not be granted.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

GEORGIA—Fulton County.
Ordinary's Office, December 13, 1917.—Irene Houseworth has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Forrest Hand, minor, under the age of 14 years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in January next.
THOMAS H. JEFFRIES, Ordinary.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Bulls Still Have the Upper Hand In Cotton, Day Showing Net Gains

Highest for Wednesday Made Recovery of 120 Points Above Last Week's Lowest Level—Some Realizing Results.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, December 19.—(Special.)—Today's market showed underlying strength with good demand on declines. We look for higher levels and suggest purchases at times of weakness.

JOHNSTON, STORM & CO.

New York, December 19.—(Special.)—An increased demand coming from local trade interests as well as from southern sources brought about an advance of approximately thirty points. At the high of the day, there was some realizing which had the effect of bringing about a reaction. At no time during the day, however, was there any weakness. The market ruled with a firm undertone. Southern advices denote higher spot markets, with a fair demand. The exports were 12,511 bales.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, December 19.—(Special.)—It was another day of hedge selling from the south and of buying by western traders, which more than absorbed the hedges. Local traders followed the western buying on the theory that it would be heavier than the offerings. Outside of these factors the trading was of a limited character. The near approach of the holidays, the possibility of any kind of war news over the holidays and the weakness in securities checks trading. In the last hour realizing orders affected prices.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	29.28	29.53	29.15	29.43	29.34
March	28.84	29.20	28.78	29.03	28.96
May	28.62	28.93	28.53	28.81	28.73
July	28.35	28.62	28.35	28.53	28.44
Oct.	27.12	27.29	27.12	27.23	27.00

Closed steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	28.21	28.50	28.15	28.38	28.25
March	27.91	28.20	27.84	28.08	27.95
May	27.77	28.05	27.72	27.91	27.80
July	27.66	27.90	27.60	27.77	27.68
Oct.	26.43	....	....	26.56	26.47

Closed steady.

New York, December 19.—While advances were not fully maintained, the cotton market made a general steady showing today, with last prices showing net gains of 6 to 18 points. January contracts sold up from 29.15 to 29.53 and closed at 29.43, compared with 29.34 at the close of the previous day.

The market opened steady at a decline of 8 to 15 points with March selling at 28.78 and May at 28.53 under local and Wall street pressure, which was encouraged by the relatively easy showing of Liverpool. Trade interests seemed to be absorbing the cotton on a scale down, however, and the tone soon became firmer on the bullish average of southern advices. Covering followed with the market for a time, showing considerable strength and activity. March advanced to 29.20 and May to 28.93, with the general list selling about 19 to 24 points net higher.

This made a recovery of about 120 points from the lower level reached on the break of last week, which attracted some realizing. There also seemed to be scattered southern selling, believed to be against spot business, while the volume of buying tapered off. Reactions followed in consequence, with last prices some 10 to 17 points off from the best.

Liverpool cables reported that the British government had allotted forty thousand tons of ocean shipping to the cotton trade for January. One of the cables said that the cotton had already been bought and was awaiting shipment in the south. It was reported around the ring, however, that Liverpool was a buyer of spots during the day. Southern mills were reported also to be buying spots in the south and wires from Texas said the spot situation was firmer than for some time.

The census report showing 379,344 bales of linters obtained for the first four months of the season against 460,000 last year attracted some attention.

Spot cotton quiet; middling, 30.30.

HIGH LEVELS REACHED ON EVE OF GINNING RETURNS.

New Orleans, December 19.—Expectations of bullish ginning returns tomorrow put the price of cotton to higher levels here today, after a small decline on the opening. Buyers found little for sale and while no great pressure to buy developed at any time, values were easily held at the advance during the greater part of the session.

On the opening call prices were off 8 to 11 points under overnight selling orders. These offerings were quickly absorbed and prices moved to higher levels on a demand which grew with the session and caused considerable activity at the middle of the session. At the topmost prices the active months were 22 to 25 points over yesterday's last quotations. Toward the end of the day realizing by early buyers set in and the market reacted in a small way, closing at a net gain of 9 to 13 points.

Better spot accounts from the interior and somewhat larger sales were a stimulating influence, as was the census bureau report showing a total production of linters to the end of November of only 379,000 bales, as against 461,000 to the same date last year. The bulk of the buying, however, was based on the census bureau figures on ginning tomorrow morning.

Spots in New Orleans.

Spot cotton firm and unchanged. Sales on the spot, 1,874 bales; to arrive, 1,200. Low middling, 28.00; middling, 28.88; good middling, 29.38. Receipts, 7,506; stock, 346,324.

Comparative Port Receipts.

	Last Year.	Wednesday.
Galveston	8,790	3,324
New Orleans	7,163	7,504
Mobile	179	88
Savannah	2,339	3,348
Charleston	528	844
Wilmington	288	844
Norfolk	2,278	2,377
New York	1,553	60
Boston	1,587	1,195
Philadelphia		81
Various	17,462	.....
Total all ports	32,164	18,935

Interior Receipts.

	Last Year.	Wednesday.
Augusta	781	888
Memphis	6,405	4,507
St. Louis	2,978	1,251
Cincinnati	1,120	140
Houston	4,653	7,564
Little Rock	1,110	1,950
Total	17,047	16,300

Semi-Weekly Interior Movement.

Receipts	111,547	84,143	106,810
Shipments	103,131	69,818	90,827
Stocks	852,757	1,008,658	1,052,876

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, December 19.—Cotton, spot easier; prices steady. Good middling, 22.79; middling, 22.26; low middling, 21.74; good ordinary, 20.74; ordinary, 20.21. Sales, 2,000 bales, including 1,700 American. No receipts. Futures closed steady. New contracts: January, 22.36; March, 22.29; May, 22.19. Old contracts, fixed prices: December, 21.21; December-January, 21.06; February-March, 20.87; April-May, 20.70; June-July, 20.54.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS ON COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

DECEMBER—	Bid.	Asked.
Crude oil, prime basis	$ 1.31¼	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	48.50
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	47.00	48.00
Cotton seed hulls, loose	19.00	20.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	22.50	23.50
Linters, first cut, high grade	.....	.....
Linters, clean mill run	.05¼	.05½
JANUARY—		
Crude oil, prime basis	1.31¼	.....
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent ammonia	47.50	48.50
Cotton seed meal, 7 per cent, Georgia common rate point	47.00	48.00
Cotton seed hulls, loose	19.00	20.00
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	22.50	23.50
Linters, clean mill run	.05¼	.05½

Cotton Seed Quotations.

Georgia common rate points ..$70.00@75.00
Cotton seed, f. o. b. Atlanta ..$75.00@80.00

PENNSYLVANIA LOWEST SINCE SLUMP OF 1877

Philadelphia, December 19.—The slump in Pennsylvania railroad stock to 40¼ on the New York stock exchange today represents the lowest price at which that security has sold since the riots of 1877, when it dropped to $25 a share, but quickly recovered.

AMERICANS BLUER OVER WAR THAN THE ENGLISH

Physician Back From Britain Gives Encouraging Report of Conditions There.

Dublin, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) American people are more depressed and worried over the war than the English people, even though the latter have 100 times as many inconveniences and hardships resulting from the war, and have more room to complain. The people of this country have no right to be pessimistic, because they are not feeling the war anything like the people of England. This was the statement made by Dr. T. J. Blackshear, of this city, just back from an eighteen months' stay in England, as staff physician in a base hospital at Reading, 40 miles from London. He says he finds more uncertainty and depression here than in England.

In regard to the length of the war, he gave it as his opinion that it will probably end within the next eighteen months, or it possibly may last for five years. He has talked a great deal, he states, with officers in the hospital direct from the firing line, and bases his opinion on information given by them.

As to the morale of the English people, he states that the home people are more worried and restless with the war than the army, as they have not the excitement of active service, and getting food is not near so easy. The men on the front have no responsibility but to fight, and are well cared for. Consequently, their morale is excellent. However, even the most pessimistic Englishman at home is convinced that the Germans are going to be defeated, and not one of them has any idea of giving up until victory.

Food is not hard to obtain in England, he states, but the government regulates its distribution carefully. Sugar is very scarce. There is plenty of war bread made from potato meal, corn meal, barley and wheat flour. The people are put to inconvenience in getting food sometimes, but there is no lack of plenty to eat.

Regarding the reception given American troops by the British, Dr. Blackshear states that the Americans are considered the finest body of fighting men yet sent to the front, in point of physique, alertness, initiative and general fighting qualities. With the entry of America into the war the British are seeing a different and more representative class of Americans than they had been accustomed to in days gone by, and they are decidedly impressed with the people the United States is sending over there now.

VOTE FOR WRIGHT, JOHNSON TELLS 4TH DIST. REPUBLICANS

Henry Lincoln Johnson, the well-known leader of the negro republicans in the state, has issued a statement, urging republican voters of the Fourth congressional district to support W. C. Wright, the democratic nominee, and not vote for Holloway, the Carroll county man, who is running as an independent on an anti-conscription platform.

Mr. Johnson is urging this as a patriotic move, holding that support of the government i nthe war transcends all party issues and that there is nothing for patriots to do, regardless of race or party, except to stand by the government and by their votes show their disapproval of all that savors of disloyalty and pro-Germanism in this critical time.

Columbus Coal Yards Limit Single Deliveries To One Quarter of Ton

Columbus, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—A new limit of a quarter of a ton for single deliveries has been fixed by the coal yards of Columbus. Up until yesterday deliveries of a half ton were made, but the smaller quantity was fixed upon in order to give a wider distribution of fuel. The delivery systems of the coal yards, although vastly enlarged, are inadequate, and many people send wagons or trucks to the yards and haul their coal.

MOULTRIE MAN FACES CHARGES OF BIGAMY

Moultrie, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—J. P. McGriff, a well-known young Moultrie man, has been arrested on a charge of bigamy. The warrant against him was sworn out by J. E. Perdue, of Hawkinsville, brother of McGriff's first wife. McGriff put up a cash bond in the sum of $300 and was released. He stoutly denies the bigamy charge, and declares that he secured a divorce in Jacksonville before he secretly married Miss Lillie Gurr, here about three weeks ago. It it understood here that the prosecution will contend that the divorce which McGriff says he has is not a legal one, from the alleged fact that he made false statements with reference to the length of his residence in Florida in order to obtain it.

Miss Gurr and Mr. McGriff had been married about two weeks before it became known. The ceremony was perfored by Ordinary Cooper, and he was asked not to say anything about the marriage.

GINNINGS IN SUMTER ARE 6,000 BALES SHY

Americus, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Sumter county cotton ginnings up to December show a net loss of approximately six thousand bales, as compared with last year. W. P. Persons, special agent of the census bureau here, announced today that ginnings to the date named for 1917 totaled 24,494 bales, counting round as half bales, while last year there had been ginned to the sae date 30,897 bales. Practically all of the gins in the county have suspended operation for the season.

COTTON MOVEMENT.

ATLANTA WAREHOUSE COMPANY: Atlanta 4s, 30 5-16c.

ATLANTA COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE: Good middling, 30.20c.

Receipts, 1,523 bales.
Shipments, 929 bales.
Stock, 48,791 bales.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 28.88; receipts 7,504; exports 2,858; sales 3,071; stock 346,324.

Galveston—Middling 29.15; receipts 3,324; exports 9,653; sales 1,461; stock 262,937.

Mobile—Middling 29.25; receipts 88; stock 13,063.

Savannah—Middling 29.13; receipts 3,348; sales 1,213; stock 243,640.

Charleston—Middling 29.00; receipts 844; sales 40; stock 58,572.

Wilmington—Middling 29.00; receipts 114; stock 47,613.

Texas City—Stock 17,684.

Norfolk—Middling 29.25; receipts 2,377; sales 369; stock 79,563.

Baltimore—Stock 27,825.

Boston—Middling 30.55; receipts 1,195; stock 13,200.

Philadelphia—Middling 31.05; receipts 81; stock 7,218.

New York—Middling 30.30; receipts 60; stock 126,978.

Minor ports—Stock 37,827.

Total today—Receipts 18,935; exports 12,511; stock 1,283,444.

Total for week—Receipts 81,878; exports 82,045.

Total for season—Receipts 3,340,998; exports 2,009,631.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 28.90; receipts 7,564; sipments 7,970; sales 6,678; stock 223,345.

Memphis—Middling 29.50; receipts 4,507; shipments 4,627; sales 500; stock 249,794.

Augusta—Middling 29.50; receipts 888; shipments 1,641; sales 1,664; stock 156,448.

St. Louis—Middling 29.75; receipts 1,251; shipments 1,252; stock 11,432.

Cincinnati—Receipts 140; shipments 328; stock 20,657.

Little Rock—Middling 29.50; receipts 1,950; shipments 1,153; sales 1,153; stock 51,914.

Dallas—Middling 28.75; sales 10,622.

Montgomery—Middling 29.50; sales 200.

Atlanta (semi-weekly)—Stock 48,791.

Total today—Receipts 16,300; shipments 16,966; stock 713,590.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, December 19.—The cotton seed oil market was very quiet with prices firmer on belated short covering. Offerings were scarce. The census report on the crush had no effect upon the market. December sold to 18.70 and January to 18.65. Efforts made by trade officials to secure concessions that would provide a broader market were without avail. Final bids were 5 points net higher. Sales, 500 barrels. Tenders, 1,900 barrels. Prime crude, 17.50, nominal. The market closed steady, spot 18.65.

The range in futures follows:

	Open.	Close.
January	18.40@18.75	18.65@18.70
February	18.60@18.75	-8.70 bid
March	18.60 bid	18.85@18.95
April	18.60 bid	18.85 bid
May	19.00 ask	19.00 ask

Coffee.

New York, December 19.—There was some further buying for either English or Wall street account in the market for cofeee futures during today's early trading. The demand was by no means active, however, while the opening advance of 3 to 5 points seemed to attract a little realizing or trade selling under which prices reacted slightly. March sold from 7.37 to 7.35 and September from 7.90 to 7.80 with the general list closing net 2 points higher to 4 points lower. December, 7.15; January, 7.16; March, 7.36; May, 7.50; July 7.64; September, 7.79; October, 7.88.

Spot udl; Rio sevens, 7⅝; Santos fours, 9⅝. Firm offers were reported unchanged to 10 points higher. There were sales of Santos fours yesterday at 9.35, London credits. Today's offers ranged from 9.40 to 9.45.

The official cables reported no changes in Brazilian markets except Santos futures, which were 25 to 50 reis higher. Rio exchange on London was 1-32d higher at 13 27-32d. Brazilian port receipts, 60,000; Jundiahy receipts, 41,000.

Metals.

New York, December 19.—Metal exchange quotes lead steady; spot, 6.62½; spelter quiet; East St. Louis delivery, spot offered at 7.50.

At London: Spot copper, £110; futures, £110; electrolytic, £125; spot tin, £309; futures, £298 10s; lead, spot, £30 10s; futures, £29 10s; spelter, spot, £54; futures, £50.

Rice.

New Orleans, December 19.—Rough and clean rice were steady today with quotations unchanged. Receipts: Rough, 762 sacks; millers, 762; clean, 3,160 pockets. Sales: Clean, Honduras, 334 pockets; Japan, 100; Blue Rose, 1,700.

Dry Goods.

New York, December 19.—Staple print cloth yarn goods here today were slightly easier on second hands. Finished goods were firm with higher trend. Yarns were firm and worsted yarns very firm. Knit goods were quiet and firm.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE IN ATLANTA MARKET

The following information collected by the United States department of agriculture, bureau of markets, Atlanta branch, together with detail reports from other cities, will be mailed free of charge on request. These are jobbing prices, namely: less carload prices on large lots to jobbers and are not retail prices:

Apples—Arrived 1 mixed unknown. Demand and movement generally good, market steady, quality and condition good. Barrels, Virginias: Winesaps, $6.00 to $6.25; Yorks, sales from storage, $5.25 to $5.50; boxes, Washingtons, Roman Beauties, Spitzenburg, Stayman Winesaps, $2.15 to $2.35.

Cabbage—No fresh arrivals, no supplies, no sales reported.

White Potatoes—Arrived 1 unknown. Demand and movement good, market stronger, quality and condition generally good, western rurals, sacked, per hundredweight, $2.40 to $2.65.

Sweet Potatoes—Arrived 3 Georgia. Demand and movement good, market firm, quality and condition good, some poorly graded. Georgia Porto Ricans, sacked, per hundredweight, $2.24 to $2.37.

Oranges—Arrived 3, Florida. Demand and movement good, market firm, quality and condition generally good; west coast and central Floridas, car run grades and sizes, $3.65 to $4.00.

Grapefruit—No fresh arrivals. Demand and movement moderate, quality and condition generally good. West coast and central Floridas, car run grades and sizes, $3.35 to $3.50.

Lettuce—Supplies very light. Demand and movement moderate, market steady 1½-bushel hampers, Florida head, quality and condition, wide range, $2.00 to $3.00.

Eggplants, strong; beans and peppers, market cleaned up; no sales reported.

Commodities in New York.

New York, December 19.—Flour, quiet and irregular.

Pork, unsettled; mess, $52.50@53.00.

Lard, irregular; middle west spot, $24.50@24.60.

Sugar—Raw, qiuet; centrifugal, 96 test, 5.92; refined, quiet; cut loaf, 9.65; crushed, 9.40; powdered, 8.30@8.55; granulated, 8.15@8.35.

Coffee—Rio, No. 7, on spot, 7⅝.

Tallow—Specials, 17½; city, 16⅞.

Hay, dull; No. 1, $1.35; No. 3, $1.05@1.10; clover, $1.00@1.35.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., December 19.—Turpentine firm, 44¾; sales, 230; receipts, 73; shipments, 253; stock, 25,568.

Rosin firm; sales, 784; receipts, 630; shipments, 432; stock, 79,503.

Quote: B, D, E, F, G, H, $6.15; I, $6.15@6.17½; K, $6.70; M, $7.00; N, $7.30; window glass, $7.60; water white, $7.75.

Jacksonville, Fla., December 19.—Turpentine firm, 44½; sales, 129; receipts, 117; shipments, 215; stock, 61,221.

Rosin firm; sales, 1,384; receipts, 959; shipments, 6,385; stock, 157,214.

Quote: B, D, E, F, G, H, I, $6.10; K, $6.55; M, $6.85; N, $7.20; wndow glass, $7.30; water white, $7.40.

Sugar.

New York, December 19.—No further sales were reported to the committee in the raw sugar market today and prices were unchanged at 4.90 for new Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 5.92 for centrifugal. Molasses nominal. Receipts of sugar at Cuban ports during the past week were 12,000 tons, against 5,236 a year ago.

In refined little or no new business was being taken and prices were unchanged at 8.15 to 8.35 for fine granulated.

Live Stock.

Chicago, December 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; strong. Bulk, $15.90@16.40; light, $15.25@16.30; mixed, $15.70@16.55; heavy, $15.70@16.55; rough, $15.70@15.90; pigs, $11.00@14.10.

Cattle—Receipts, 13,000; firm. Native steers, $7.25@14.35; western steers, $6.30@12.75; stockers and feeders, $6.25@10.30; cows and heifers, $5.00@11.15; calves, $9.00@16.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; weak. Wethers, $9.00@13.10; ewes, $8.00@11.30; lambs, $12.65@16.65.

St. Louis, December 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,600; higher. Lights, $16.00@16.40; pigs, $14.50@15.00; mixed and butchers, $16.35@16.55; good heavy, $16.45@16.65; bulk, $16.00@16.55.

Cattle—Receipts, 4,600; strong. Native beef steres, $8.00@14.25; yearling steers and heifers, $7.00@15.50; cows, $5.00@11.00; stockers and feeders, $6.50@11.00; Texas quarantine steers, $6.75@10.50; fair to prime southern beef steers, $9.00@12.75; beef cows and heifers, $6.00@10.00; prime yearling steers and heifers, $7.50@10.00; native calves, $5.75@16.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 3,100; sheep, steady. Lambs, lower. Lambs, $13.00@16.85; ewes, $10.00@11.50; wethers, $11.00@12.50; canners and choppers, $6.00@9.00.

Kansas City, December 19.—Hogs—Receipts, 1..,000; higher. Bulk, $15.50@16.25; heavy, $15.90@16.45; packers and butchers, $15.50@16.25; light, $15.50@16.15; pigs, $12.50@14.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 14,000, steady. Prime fed steers, $12.50@14.75; dressed beef steers, $11.00@12.50; southern steers, $7.00@9.00; cows, $5.50@9.00; heifers, $6.00@10.50; stockers and feeders, $7.0@10.00; bulls, $6.00@8.00; calves, $6.00@13.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 8,000, steady. Lambs, 25 to 35 cents lower. Lambs, $15.00@15.15; yearlings, $12.00@13.50; wethers, $11.00@12.00; ewes, $9.0@11.35; stockers and feeders, $7.00@15.00.

BILLION-BUSHEL WHEAT CROP GETS A SETBACK

December Report Shows Largest Acreage Ever, But Lowest Condition Percentage.

Washington, December 19.—Government plans for a billion-bushel wheat crop next year to help the United States feed its allies have received a setback. It was disclosed today by the December crop report of the department of agriculture that, while winter wheat was planted on the largest acreage ever sown to that cereal, its condition on December 1 was the lowest on record for that date.

A winter crop of 540,000,000 bushels was forecast by the bureau of crop estimates. The actual production will be greater or less than that quantity, according as conditions hereafter are better or worse than average. Through a great spring crop it still is hoped to bring the year's total, to somewhere near the billion mark.

An area of more than 47,000,000 acres was the market set by the government for farmers to plant to winter wheat this fall, but the December canvass shows that 42,170,000 acres were sown. The farmers did their best, department of agriculture offcials say, but conditions were against them.

The very dry weather in most of the winter wheat belt was a large drawback, while late harvest of other crops and shortage of farm help were con-

Should the winter wheat crop mature

Shoul dthe winter wheat crop mature to 540,000,000 bushels as forecast today it would be the third largest of record, being exceeded only by the crops of 1914 and 1915. Government officials had figured on having winter wheat production reach 672,000,000 bushels, but today's forecast indicates that it will fall 132,000,000 bushels short of that figure. Indications are that rye production will be 25,000,000 bushels larger than last year's record crop.

Already steps are being taken for a large increase in the acreage of the spring wheat crop to be planted next spring. Council of national defense and department of agriculture officials have conferred and will adopt measures to insure an adequate labor supply for planting operations, ample supply of seed wheat and help for the harvests. The largest spring wheat crop heretofore was in 1915, when 351,854,000 bushels were harvested from 19,161,000 acres.

The condition of winter wheat was only 79.3 per cent of normal, the department announced.

The area sown to rye is 6,119,000 acres, and the condition on December 1 was 84.1 per cent normal.

The condition of winter wheat on December 1 compares with 85.7 per cent of a normal on that date last year, 87.7 in 1915, and 89.3, the ten-year average.

The December 1 rye condition compares with 88.8 per cent of normal on December 1, last year, 91.5 in 1915, and 92.2, the ten-year average.

Acreage of winter wheat with the percentage of increase over last year in southern states follow:

Virginia, 1,463,000 acres, 10 per cent.
North Carolina, 1,179,000 acres, 15 per cent.
South Carolina, 270,000 acres, 20 per cent.
Georgia, 428,000 acres, 9 per cent.
Tennessee, 840,000 acres, 5 per cent.
Alabama, 144,000 acres, 20 per cent.
Mississippi, 36,000 acres, 100 per cent.
Texas, 1,622,000 acres, decrease 6 per cent.
Oklahoma, 36,400 acres, decrease 4 per cent.
Arkansas 233,000 acres, increase 31 per cent.

CENSUS BUREAU REPORT ON SEED AND PRODUCTS

Washington, December 19.—Cotton seed and cotton seed products statistics for the period, August 1 to November 30, announced today by the census bureau, show:

Cotton Seed—Received at mills, 2,668,978 tons; crushed, 1,531,351, and on hand at mills November 30, 1,161,554.

Cotton Seed Products—Production, crude oil, 458,346,889 pounds; refined oil, 284,368,923 pounds; cake and meal, 734,763 tons; linters, 379,344 500-pound bales; hull fibre, 88,447 500-pound bales.

Stocks on Hand November 30—Crude oil, 139,516,149; refined oil, 138,003,473; cake and meal, 195,448; linters, 231,648; hull fibre, 8,372.

Imports—Oil, 2,092,369 pounds.

Exports—Oil, 14,484,536 pounds; cake and meal, 10,153 tons; linters, 93,938 running bales.

London Financial.

London, December 19.—Bar silver, 43d per ounce.

Money, 3¾ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, 4⅝ per cent; three months bills, 4¾ per cent.

SLUMP CONTINUES; NO CAUSE APPARENT

The Prices Seem to Recede From Sheer Inertia, Prime Favorites in Rails and Stocks Reaching Record Low Prices.

New York, December 19.—No new developments or problems presented themselves for serious consideration today, but the stock market continued to decline.

At no period since the inception of the liquidating movement, now almost six months old, has the securities list shown such indifference to attractive interest and dividend returns and such a paucity of speculative inquiry.

Prices seem to recede from sheer inertia more than for any other reason. Support, save in isolated cases and at rare intervals, was wholly lacking, gilt-edged issues yielding more easily than those of less intrinsic value.

The supplementary list of fresh low records, both for stocks and bonds, included such former prime favorites as Union Pacific, New York Central, Pennsylvania, Atchison, Great Northern, Louisville & Nashville and Baltimore & Ohio.

In these stocks extreme losses extended from 2 to 4 points, while among the bonded obligations of the same properties the shrinkage ran from 1 to 2 per cent. United Kingdom 5s were weakest of the international group, other foreign issues also yielding.

Stocks were lowest on the enlarged offerings of the last hour, leaders losing 2 to 5 points. United States Steel made an extreme reversal of 2½ at 80¼ and Union Pacific 3⅞ at 102.

Liberty 4s were heavy at 97.12 to 97, the 3½s being more steady at 98.50 to 98.40. Total sales, par value, aggregated $4,850,000.

United States bonds (old issues) were unchanged on call.

Stocks in New York.

STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	65¼	.65	65	65⅞
Am. Can	34⅛	33	33	34⅛
Am. Car and Fdry.	62	60¼	60¼	62
Am. Locomotive	48¼	46⅞	46⅞	47⅞
Am. S. and Rfg.	70⅞	68⅞	68⅞	69⅞
Am. Sugar	.....	.....	92½	92½
Am. Tel. and Tel Co.	98½	96⅛	96⅝	97
Anaconda Copper	55⅛	53⅞	54	55
Atchison	78⅞	76½	76½	79
Atlantic Coast Line	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83
Bald'n Locomotive	53⅛	51⅛	51⅛	53¼
B. and O.	46	43⅞	43⅞	46
Beth. Steel "B"	69½	66⅞	67⅞	68⅞
Canadian Pacific	129⅞	128	128	-29½
Central Leather	59⅛	56⅛	56⅛	59⅛
Chesap'e and Ohio	43⅛	43	43	43⅞
Chi., Mil. and St P.	38	37	37	38⅞
Chi., R. I. and Pac.	16⅞	16	16	17
Col. Fuel and Iron	31	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞
Columbia G. and E.	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	29⅞
Corn Products	29	27⅞	27⅞	29
Crucible Steel	48⅛	46⅞	46⅞	48⅛
Cuba Cane Sugar	26⅛	26	26	26
Erie	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞	14
General lectric	120⅞	118⅞	119	120⅞
General Motors	86⅞	85⅞	85⅞	86⅞
Great N., pfd.	82⅛	80	80	83⅛
G. N. Ore Ctfs.	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	23⅞
Gulf States Steel	.....	.....	80	80
Inspiration Copper	39⅛	38⅞	38⅞	39
Int. Mer. Marine	18⅞	17⅞	17⅞	18⅞
do. pfd.	77⅛	75	75⅞	77⅞
International Nickel	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛
International Paper	24	23	23	23
Illinois Central	87⅛	87	87	88
Kennecott Copper	29	28⅞	28⅞	29⅞
L. and N.	107⅞	104⅞	104⅞	107⅞
Maxwell Motors	22½	22	22	22½
Mexican Petroleum	69	68	68	69
Midvale Steel	41⅛	40	40⅛	31⅞
Missouri Pacific	22⅞	21⅞	21⅞	22⅞
Nevada Consol.	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
N. Y. Central	66	62⅞	62⅞	66
N. Y., N. H. and H.	28	26⅞	26⅞	27⅞
N. and W.	96	94	94	96
Northern Pacific	78⅞	77⅛	77⅛	79⅞
Ohio Cities Gas	33⅞	33	33	33⅛
Pennsylvania	43	40⅛	40⅛	43⅛
Pittsburg Coal	41	38⅞	38⅞	39⅛
Ray Consol. Copper	20⅞	20⅛	20⅛	20⅞
Reading	68⅛	66	66	67⅞
Rep. Iron and Steel	72⅛	70⅞	70⅞	72⅞
Seaboard Air Line	8⅛	8	8⅛	8⅛
do. pfd.	17⅛	17	17	17⅛
Sinclair Oil and Rfg.	26⅞	25⅞	26⅛	26⅞
Sloss.-Shef. S. and I.	.....	.....	34	35
Southern Pacific	79⅛	77	77	79⅞
Southern Railway	23	21⅛	21⅛	23
do. pfd.	55	54	55	55⅛
Studebaker Corp.	44⅛	42⅞	42⅞	43⅞
Tenn. Copper	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	12
Texas Co.	119	115⅛	115⅛	120
Tobacco Products	44⅛	43⅞	43⅞	44⅛
Union Pacific	105⅞	102	102⅛	102⅞
United Cigar Stores	83⅞	83⅞	.....	83⅞
United Fruit	112	108	108	111⅛
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	109½	106⅛	106⅛	108
U. S. Rubber	48⅛	47	47⅛	48⅛
U. S. Steel	82⅛	80⅛	80⅛	84⅞
do. pfd.	104⅛	103⅞	103⅞	105
Utah Copper	71⅞	70⅞	70⅞	71⅞
Va.-Caro. Chem.	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛	31⅛
Wabash pfd. "A"	37½	37	37	38
Westingh's Electric	35⅛	34½	34½	35⅛

Sales for the day 457,700 shares.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered, bid	96½
do. coupon, bid	96½
U. S. 3s, registered, bid	99
U. S. 3s, coupon, bid	99
U. S. Liberty 3½s	98.44
U. S. 4s, registered, bid	110¾
do. coupon, bid	133¾
American Foreign Securities 5s	91½
American Tel. and Tel. clt. 5s	89
Anglo-French 5s	82½
Atchison gen. 4s, bid	80¾
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	79¾
Baltimore and Ohio cv. 4½s	69½
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s, bid	88
Central of Georgia Consolidated 5s	83¾
Central Leather 5s	92
Chesapeake and Ohio cv. 5s	72
Chicago, B. and Q. joint 4s	91¾
Chicago, Mil. and St. P. cv. 4½s	67
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. ref. 4s	60
Colorado and Southern ref. 4½s	68½
Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s, ofd	49½
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931)	89
Erie gen. 4s, bid	48½
Illinois Central ref. 4s	76¼@82
Int. Mer. Marine 6s	88
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s	75
Liggett and Myers 5s, bid	86
Louisville and Nashville un. 4s, ofd	87
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s, bid	56¼
Missouri Pacific gen. 4s	52¾
New York Central deb. 6s	87
Norfolk and Western con. 4s, bid	80
Northern Pacific 4s	81¾
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid	95¾
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s	86½
Reading gen. 4s	80½
Republic Iron and Steel 5s (1940), bid	93¼
St. Louis and San Fran. adj. 6s	55½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	47¾
Southern Bell Tel. 5s, bid	91
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	85
Southern Railway 5s	89
do. gen. 4s	57¼
Texas Company cv. 6s, bid	95½
Texas and Pacific 1st, bid	82
United Kingdom 5s	96¾
United States Steel 5s	98¾
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s, bid	89¼
Wabash 1st	93

Money Market.

New York, December 19.—Mercantile paper, 5½@5¾; sterling, 60-day bills, 4.71¼; commercial, 60-day bills on banks, 4.71; commercial, 60-day bills, 4.70½; demand, 4.75¼; cables, 4.76 7-16.

Bar silver, 85⅝.

Time loans strong; 60 days, 90 days and six months, 5½@6.

Francs, demand, 5.74¾; cables, 5.72. Guilders, demand, 43½; cables, 44. Lires, demand, 8.32; cables, 8.30½. Rubles, nominal; demand, 12.70; cables, 12.90.

Mexican dollars, 87¼.

Government bonds steady; railroad bonds weak.

Atlanta Bank Clearings.

Clearings Wednesday	$9,600,996.23
Same day last year	5,028,194.77
Increase for day	$4,572,801.46

NEW HIGH RECORDS SCORED BY GRAIN

Despite Reports of Increase in Cars Available, Arrivals Were Uncomfortably Meager, Giving Bulls the Advantage.

Chicago, December 19.—Both corn and oats surpassed today all previous high price records this season. Disappointing smallness of receipts was largely responsible. Corn closed firm at ⅛ to 1⅛ cents net advance, with January $1.21¾ to $1.21⅞ and May $1.19⅜. Oats gained ⅜@⅝ cent to 2⅜ cents, and provisions 45 cents to $1.

Despite reports of some increase in the number of freight cars available, the fact could not be evaded that arrivals of grain were uncomfortably meager. One reason ascribed was a dearth of sufficient motive power, and it was said that many locomotives as well as freight cars had been diverted elsewhere from the corn belt. The resulting advances in the price of corn were vigorously upheld, owing more or less to prevailing warmth and moisture that greatly hindered the safe handling of poor qualities of the cereal.

Strength in oats came in considerable measure from reports that the government had been a free buyer during the last few days. Besides, gossip was current that for the present corn would be given preference over oats in regard to the furnishing of cars to rural shippers.

Curtailment of the hog supply here lifted provisions.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices on the exchange Wednesday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
CORN—					
Dec.	1.25⅝	1.26¼	1.25¼	1.26¼	1.25⅛
Jan.	1.21⅝	1.22	1.21⅝	1.21⅞	1.21¼
May	1.19⅜	1.19⅞	1.19⅜	1.19⅜	1.19⅛
OATS—					
Dec.	.75½	.77½	.75⅝	.77½	.75¼
May	.72½	.73⅛	.72⅛	.73	.72¼
PORK—					
Jan.	45.00	45.45	45.00	45.45	45.50
May	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	44.00
LARD—					
Jan.	24.05	24.05	23.09	24.05	23.55
May	24.10	24.35	24.02	24.35	23.85
RIBS—					
Jan.	23.75	24.35	23.75	24.35	23.45
May	24.10	24.37	23.95	23.95	23.90

Receipts in Chicago.

Articles.	Wednesday.
Wheat, cars	16
Corn, cars	201
Oats, cars	110
Hogs, head	13,000

Cash Grain.

Chicago, December 19.—Corn, No. 2 yellow, nominal; No. 3 yellow, nominal; No. 4 yellow, $1.47@1.50.

Oats, No. 3 white, 77½@78¾; standard, 72½@79.

Rye, No. 2, nominal; No. 3, $1.79.

Barley, $1.40@1.61.

Timothy, $5.00@7.50.

Clover, $20.00@26.00.

Kansas City, December 19.—Corn, No. 2 mixed, $1.58@1.61; No. 2 white, $1.63@1.64; No. 2 yellow, $1.65@1.68.

Oats, No. 2 white, 78; No. 2 mixed, 75½@76.

Country Produce.

New York, December 19.—Butter, firm; receipts, 3,791; creamery, extras, 50; do. special market, 50½@51; imitation creamery, firsts, 38@49; state dairy, tubs, nominal.

Eggs, steady; receipts, 5,273; near-by white fancy, 70@72; near-by mixed fancy, 58@64; fresh firsts, 59@64.

Cheese, steady; state, common to specials, 17@25; skims, common to specials, 8@19½.

Pressed poultry, strong; turkeys, 25@42; chickens, 22@36; fowls, 19@29; ducks, 24@29.

Live poultry, firm; geese, 22@23; ducks, 24@25; fowls, 23@28; turkeys, 32; roosters, 18@24.

Chicago, December 19.—Butter: Creamery extras, 49; creamery extras, 49; creamery firsts, 48@48½; firsts, 42½@47; seconds, 39@40½.

Eggs—Ordinaries, 44@48; firsts, 50.

Cheese—Twins, 2¼@23; young Americas, 26@26½.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 22; ducks, 19@23; geese, 17@17½; springs, 20; turkeys, 24@25.

Potatoes—Cars, 3. Wisconsin, $1.75@2.00; Minnesota, $1.75@2.00; fancy western, $2.

Kansas City, December 19.—Butter creamery, 43½; firsts, 45½; seconds, 39½; packing, 34.

Eggs, firsts, 47; seconds, 31@32.

Poultry, hens, 21; roosters, 15; broilers, 24@25.

Provisions.

Chicago, December 19.—Cash: Pork, nominal.
Lard, $24.37.
Ribs, 23.75@24.25.

Today's Prices on the Atlanta Commodity Markets

Local Stocks and Bonds

STOCKS.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	250	255
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp.	75	76
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp., pfd.	87	90
A. & W. P. Ry.	155	160
Atlantic Steel	150	...
do. pfd.	96	97
Central Bank and Trust Corp.	149	153
Augusta and Savannah Ry.	103	104
Fulton National Bank	112½	115
Fourth National Bank	295	310
Exposition Cotton Mills	175	186
Gate City Cotton Mills	225	...
Ga. Ry. and Electric, 6 per cent	85	87
Ga. Ry. and Elec. stamped	125	135
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 1st pfd.	93	96½
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 2d pfd.	21	23
Ga. Ry. and Power Co. common	13	13
Ga. Ry. and Banking Co.	265	270
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	58	60
Empire Cotton Oil Co., pfd.	86	88
Southern Ice Co.	10	15
Southern Ice Co., pfd.	45	53
Southeastern Railroad	104	107
Trust Co. of Ga.	295	300
Third National Bank	215	217½
Lowry National Bank	235½	237

ATLANTA GROCERIES.

(By Cone M. Maddox Company.)
United States Food Administration License No. G 06583.

Baking Powders—Success, 48 5c packages	$ 1.80
Bran—Pillsbury's Health Bran, 1 doz. packages	1.35
Brooms—4-string 22, per dozen	5.00
Catsup—Bull head, 2 dozen 8-oz. bottles	2.70
Cheese	.28
Coffee—Arbuckle's, 100-bl. cases	18.35
Coffee, Rio Roasted, 100-lb. sacks	11.75
Coffee—Arbuckle's Breakfast, 60-lb. cans	.24¾
Corn—Canned, 2 dozen No. 2s	3.25
Corn Flakes—Post Toasties, 36 pkgs.	3.30
Corn Flakes—Kellogg's 36 pkgs.	3.40
Corn Flakes—Krinkles, 36 pkgs.	2.85
Corn, Okra and Tomatoes—2 dozen, No. 2, canned	3.25
Crackers—Sodas in boxes, bulk	.14
Flour—Pillsbury's Best, sacks	11.75
Flour—Pillsbury's Graham, 12-lb. sacks	11.35
Flour—Pillsbury's Whole Wheat, 12-pound sacks	11.50
Flour—Pillsbury's Pure Dark Rye, 98 pounds	9.50
Flour—Columbia Fancy Patent, sacks	11.30
Flour—Sweet Marie Self-Rising, sacks	11.30
Flour—Quick Riser, Self-Rising, sacks	11.00
Flour—Rising Sun Self-Rising, sacks	11.30
Grits—24 pkgs. Purity Quaker	2.35
Grits—96-lb. sacks	5.00
Grape Nuts—No. 22, 2 doz. 15c pkgs.	3.35
Jelly—Pure Apple, 4 doz. tumblers	3.80
Jelly—Glucose Apple, in 26-lb. pails	2.25
Lard—Compound	.22
Lard—Snowdrift, cases	13.25
Macaroni—Pkgs., 5c, 10c	2.20
Macaroni—Broken in bbls.	.09
Mackerel—100 count, 5-6 oz. Fat Shore	3.00
Meal—Columbus Water Ground, 2-bushel sacks	3.30
Milk—Dime Brand Condensed, 48 cs.	6.35
Milk—Eagle Brand, Condensed, 48 cs.	8.70
Milk—Winner Brand, Con., 48 cans	6.25
Milk—Evap., baby size, 72 cans	4.50
Mince Meat—Atmore's Keystone, 40-pound pails	.15
Mincemeat—Goodwin's Best, 70-lb. Kannikans	.12½
Molasses—Black Strap, bbls.	.42
Mustard—2 doz. 10c	1.80
Oatmeal—Purity, 24 packages	1.90
Oil—Cooking, in barrels, refined	1.52
Oil—Wesson, 3-1 gallons	15.25
Oil—Wessons, 2-5 gallons	19.00
Oil—Wessons, 2 doz. small cans	7.40
Okra—2 doz. No. 2s, Dunbar's end.	3.00
Peaches—Choice Evap. 50-lb. bxs	.13
Pepper—Durkee's, 5c and 10c pkgs.	1.90
Pepper—Ground, black, 15-lb. pails	.35
Pepper—Cayenne, 10-lb. boxes, bulk	.38
Raisins—45 12-oz. pkgs., White Ribbon	4.25
Raisons—Loose Muscats, 50-lb. boxes	.10
Raisins—Seeded, 25-lb. boxes, bulk	.09
Raisins—Thompson's Bleached, 50-lb. boxes	.14
Rice—Head, 100-lb. sacks, Blue Rose	8.50
Rice—Cracked, 100-lb. box	7.50
Salad Dressing—Durkees' Picnic size	2.20
Salad Dressing—Duncan's medium size	5.40
Salt—Ozone, 25 2-lb. packages	.90
Soap—Fairy, 100 bars	5.75
Soap—Ivory, 100 bars	5.65
Soap—Clean Easy, 60 bars	2.60
Soap—U. S. Mail, 120 8-oz. bars	4.35
Soap—Fairbank's Tar, 100 bars	5.00
Soup—Campbell's Condensed, 48 cs.	4.65
Spaghetti—5c and 10c pkgs., per case	2.20
Starch—Bulk, 50-lb. boxes laundry	.07
Sugar—Granulated, sacks or barrels	Nominal
Syrup—Eagle, in barrels, 60 gals.	.65
Syrup—Alaga, 48 1½-lb. cans	5.75
Syrup—Sunnygold, 48 ½-lb. cans	5.50
Syrup—Alaga, 6-10c, $4.75; 12-5s, $5.00; 2½s	5.25
Tomatoes—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2s	3.00
Vitos—Pillsbury's Vitos in pkgs.	2.20
Vinegar—Colored distilled, barrels	.16
Vinegar—Apple and Distilled, bbls.	.22
White Fish—New catch, 60-lb. kegs	6.25

All prices F. O. B. Atlanta, Ga.

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

(Corrected by W. S. Duncan Company.)
(United States Food Administration License No. G-06431.)

Flour, Sacked, Per Bbl.—Victory (our finest patnt), $12.75; Gloria (self-rising), $11.90; White Lily (self-rising), $11.90; Royal (self-rising), $11.90; Puritan (highest patent), $11.90; White Cloud (high patent), $11.70; Ocean Spray (good patent), $11.50. All 24-lb. bags, 10c per barrel higher.

Meal, Plain, Per Bu.—Meal, plain, 96-lb. sacks, $1.87; meal, plain, 48-lb. sacks, $1.89.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bu.—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.87; oats, fancy white clipped, 98c; oats, No. 2 white, 97c; oats, mixed, 94c.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bu.—Wheat, Tenn. blue stem, $3.50; Georgia seed rye, 2½-bu. sacks, $2.75; Bancroft seed oats, $1.75; Texas rust-proof oats, $1.40; Oklahoma rust-proof oats, $1.20.

Hay, Etc.—Timothy, No. 1 large bales, $2.10; alfalfa hay, standard, $2.20; Johnson grass hay, $1.60; peanut hay, $1.50; shucks, $1.00; straw, $1.00; C. S. meal, prime No. 7, $52.00; C. S. meal, Buco feed, $40.00; C. S. meal, creamo feed, $40.00; C. S. hulls, old style, $27.00; C. H. hulls, lintless, $18.50.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb sacks, $5.25; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.75; special scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.15; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $3.60; meat scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $5.75; meat scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $3.25; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, $1.00.

Peters Proven Products, Etc., Cwt.—Arab horse feed, $3.80; A. B. C. horse and mule feed, $2.70; Sucrene dairy feed, $2.75; Alfal- Fat dairy feed, $2.70; rich cream dairy feed, $2.25; Jersey cream dairy feed, $2.13; No. 1 alfalfa meal, $2.00; Blatchford, calf meal, $6.00.

Shorts, Bran, Mill Feed, Cwt.—Fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sack, $3.60; fancy mill feed, 100-lb. sack, $3.55; International hog feed, 100-lb. sack, $3.25; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sack, $3.20; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sack, $3.10; X. X. X. mill feed, 75-lb. sack, $3.05; brown shorts, best, 100-lb. sacks, $3.05; brown shorts, Hal., 100-lb. sacks, $2.95; Big Mac hog feed, 75-lb. sacks, $2.85; peanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.70; cocoanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; velvet bean meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; bran, pure wheat, 75-lb. sacks, $2.60; bran, pure wheat, 100-lb. sacks, $2.55; bran, pure rice, 135-lb. sacks, $2.50.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $7.50; salt brick (plain), per case, $4.50; salt, white rock, per cwt., $1.50; salt, Ozone, case 25 2-lb packages, $1.05; salt blocks, 50-lb. blocks, each 50c.

These prices are f. o. b. Atlanta, Ga., and subject to market changes.

THE ATLANTA PRODUCE MARKET.

Fruits.

Grapefruit	$3.50
Grapes, crate $2.25, keg	$5.50
Lemons	$5.00@6.50
Apples, per barrel	$5.00@7.00
Apples, per box	$1.50@2.75
Oranges, per box	$3.75@4.00
Bananas	3½@3¾
Raisions	$2.25

Vegetables.

Cabbage, per pound	3c
Celery, washed, per dozen	$1.25
Lettuce, dozen	$1.00@1.25
Onions, yellow	$3.50
Onions, white	$4.00
Irish potatoes, pound	2¾@3c
Sweet potatoes	$1.25@1.40
Turnips	1¾c

Poultry and Eggs.

Eggs	45@54c
Hens	26@28c
Friers	28@30c
Turkeys, live	28@30c
Friers, live	28@30c

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., President of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice beef steers, 850 to 1,000, $8.50 to $9.00.

Good steers, 750 to 850, $8.25 to $8.75.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $7.75 to $8.25.

Good to choice heifers, 550 to 650, $6.50 to $8.00.

Medium to good cows, 650 to 750, $6.75 to $7.25.

Good to hcoice heifers, 550 to 650, $6.50 to $7.00.

The above represents ruling prices for good quality cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $7.25 to $7.75.

Medium to good cows, 600 to 700, $6.00 to $6.75.

Mixed common, $5.00 to $6.00.

Good fat oxen, $7.50 to $8.00.

Medium to good oxen, $6.50 to $7.25.

Good butcher bulls, $6.00 to $7.00.

Choice veal calves, $7.00 to $8.00.

Yearlings, $6.00 to $6.50.

Prime hogs, 165 to 225, $14.35 to $14.75.

Light hogs, 130 to 165, $13.25 to $14.00.

Heavy pigs, 100 to 130, $12.50 to $13.00.

Light pigs, 80 to 100, $11.00 to $12.00.

Stags and roughs, $10.00 to $11.00.

Above quotations apply to good quality mixed fed hogs.

BOOKS
For Boys
35c & 60c
SEND—FOR—LISTS.
GAVAN'S
71 Whitehall St.

January and December 1917 Bond Prices Compared

We have prepared a pamphlet showing the wide difference in January, 1917, and December, 1917, prices on a list of standard bonds.

This information is presented both in tabulated and chart form.

A copy of this Price Comparison may be had upon request for pamphlet AC-148.

The National City Company

National City Bank Bldg., N. Y.
ATLANTA OFFICE
Trust Co. of Georgia Bldg.
Bonds Short Term Notes Acceptances

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants
HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK

Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for consignments of spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

TRAVELERS PROTEST INCREASE IN RATES

R. A. Broyles Represents the T. P. A. Before Interstate Commerce Commission.

Washington, December 19.—Southern commercial travelers entered strong protest against the proposed increase of interchangable mileage rates from 2 to 2½ cents on southeastern railroads when the roads' application was heard today by an interstate commerce commission board.

R. A. Broyles, of Atlanta, representing the Travelers' Protective association, and Bernard M. Levy, of New York, president of the Southern Travelers' association, argued that 2 cents was adequate for commercial mileage.

The railroads explained that the increase is sought to make southeastern mileage rates equal to those maintained elsewhere.

The protest referred to in the foregoing dispatch was decided upon at a joint meeting of Travelers' Protective association and United Commercial Travelers' officials held in Atlanta December 9. At that time telegraphic protest, at the request of the Atlanta conference, was sent to the interstate commerce commission over the signatures of representatives of both organizations from the headquarters in St. Louis.

R. A. Broyles, who is national railroad chairman of the Travelers' Protective association for the southeastern division, recently stated that for several years prior to 1914 the railroads did not seem to care to treat the traveling men in the southeastern division fairly, but since 1914 relations between the railroads and commercial travelers have been more pleasant. He expressed his surprise that the roads should now undertake to change the Z form mileage book from 1,000 miles for $20 to 2,000 miles for $45. It is this change that the traveling men are now protesting.

ITALIANS ARE FORCED TO SURRENDER GROUND

Continued From First Page.

elsewhere, which enable them to outflank any Austrian attack on the Upper Piave. The alteration of the trenches is going on everywhere and is considered of special importance, as the original shelters were so shallow that the men were constantly exposed to rifle fire and sniping unless they moved about bent nearly double.

TEUTONS STORM HIGH POSITIONS.

Berlin, December 19.—Austro-Germas forces yesterday stormed the Italian position on Monte Asolone and the adjoining heights, according to the official statement issued today by the German staff. More than 2,000 soldiers were captured.

The statement follows:

"Throughout the day there was a violent artillery duel between the Brenta and Piave rivers. After heavy artillery preparation Austro-Hungarian troops stormed Monte Asolone and the Italian positions adjoining, to the northwest and northeast. They took prisoner 48 officers and more than 2,000 men.

"The Italian attacks east of Monte Solarolo broke down."

GAIN ADMITTED BY ITALIANS.

Rome, December 19.—Austro-German forces on the Italian mountain front made a determined effort yesterday to advance on the line between Col Caprille and Monte Pertica. The war office announced today that only in the Monte Asolone zone did the enemy gain ground and maintain it.

The sanguinary fighting that resulted from this enemy effort lasted all day.

FRENCH REPULSE GERMAN ATTACKS IN THE ARGONNE

Paris, December 19.—Two attempts by the Germans to approach French positions in the Argonne near Four de Paris last night were defeated with losses, the war office announced today. The communication follows:

"The enemy's artillery during the night bombarded our first lines south of Juvincourt and in the Argonne, at Four de Paris. Our batteries replied effectively. At the latter point enemy forces which made two attempts to attack our positions were repulsed with losses.

"In Lorraine, in the sectors of Flirey and Nauroy, our patrols took prisoners, including an officer.

"There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front.

"Last night German aviators threw down fifty bombs in the region of Dunkirk. No victims have been reported thus far."

The official communication issued by the war office tonight reads:

"Reciprocal bombardments occurred in the region of Juvincourt and north of the Caurieres wood (Champagne), as well as in the sectors of Hartmanns Weilerkopf and Schoenholz in the Woevre. An enemy attack on our trenches before Regniville failed under our fire.

"Belgian Communication: 'In the course of the day of December 18 there were moderately intense artillery actions in the regions of Dixmude and Merckem. Furnes, the approaches to the station at Adinkerke and the region of Duynhoekje were cannonaded. On December 19 the artillery activity was slight. The environs of Adinkerke and Duynhoekje were bombarded.'

Eastern Theater, December 18: Patrol encounters took place along the Struma and in the region of Doiran.

There was artillery action on both sides of the Vardar and between Lake Doiran and Nonte. North of Monastir the enemy attempted a raid which was checked."

BRITISH DRIVE GERMAN PATROLS.

London, December 19.—German patrols were active last night in Flanders near Passchendaele. Otherwise, there were no operations of consequence, the war office reports. The statement follows:

"Hostile reconnoiterers endeavored to approach our posts southeast and northeast of Passchendaele. They were driven off by our fire. We secured a few prisoners. Elsewhere there was nothing of special interest."

Minor operations only are reported in the statement from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters tonight. The text of the statement reads:

"During the night a hostile raiding party was driven off by our fire east of Guemappe (Arras sector). Other raiding parties attacked two of our posts in the neighborhood of Avion; two of our men are missing.

"As a result of raids unsuccessfully attempted by the enemy last night near Passchendaele we captured fourteen prisoners and four machine guns.

"The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity in the neighborhood of Ploegsteert and Polygon wood (Ypres) sector."

GEN. SARRAIL REMOVED FROM SALONIKI FRONT

Gen. Guillemet Will Succeed to Command of Saloniki Forces.

London, December 19.—General Sarrail, commander of the allied armies at Saloniki, has been recalled, according to newspaper announcement in Athens, says a Reuter dispatch from the Greek capital under date of December 15. The successor of General Sarrail in command of the Macedonian forces, it is stated, will be General Guillemet.

General M. P. E. Sarrail has been identified with the allied operations based on Saloniki since October, 1915, when he was sent to command the French expeditionary force engaged in an attempt to succor the Serbians during the Teutonic-Bulgarian drive that resulted in the over-running of Serbian territory.

When Saloniki was turned into an allied base and active operations on the Macedonian front were begun by the entente forces the next year General Sarrail directed the united operations of the allies and has since remained in command on this front.

It is not known whether the removal of General Sarrail presages any change in the policy the allies have pursued at Saloniki, which, for months past, has been just sufficiently aggressive to keep the central powers uncertain of the entente intentions.

General Sarrail's chief services previous to going to Saloniki were performed during the battle of the Marne, when he held the German crown prince's army in the Argonne and prevented the investment of Verdun, and the Dardanelles, where he commanded the French expeditionary force after General Gouraud was wounded there and subsequently relieved in August, 1915.

Although there are several officers bearing the name of Guillemet in the French army, it seems not improbable that the man selected to succeed General Sarrail may be General Guillemet, who commanded the French armies at Verdun during their brilliant operations last summer when they completed the recovery of virtually all the ground that the Germans had won in their 1916 drive.

GEORGIAN RETURNS WITH WOUNDED MEN OF CANADA'S FORCES

An Atlantic Port, December 19.—Her rails lined with khaki-clad soldiers of the Canadian overseas army returning home to recuperate from wounds, shell shock and other ailments peculiar to modern trench warfare, a large British ship, originally bound for Halifax, docked here late today and work of transferring the men for a railway journey to Canada was started.

Sight of an occasional crutch and a limping soldier here and there gave proof that "somewhere in France" the homeward bound fighting men had "done their bit."

In all there were 1,206 officers and men and 803 women and children aboard the vessel. One American among them was Captain Miller R. Taylor, a native of Macon, Ga., who had been attached to the Royal Flying corps for more than a year. His wife and baby daughter accompanied him. The child was born in London during an air raid by the Germans, October 31.

Many Tickets Sold To Hear President's Daughter in Concert

Indications drawn from the advance sale of tickets are that the concert Saturday night by Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson will draw one of the largest audiences the Auditorium has known this season.

Hundreds of officers and men from Camp Gordon have taken blocks of seats, Saturday being a holiday, and large reservations have been made by various civic and patriotic organizations.

Miss Wilson will arrive in Atlanta Saturday and be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Brown, on Peachtree street. She will leave Sunday to spend Christmas day in the white house.

Miss Wilson is devoting all her fees for concerts to the war relief fund. The Scottish Rite Home for Crippled Children will share in the local receipts. The ticket sale is at the Cable Piano company's store.

PROF. CHAS. LEE, Spiritualistic Adviser AND Trance Medium

YOU TELL HIM NOTHING— HE WILL TELL IT ALL TO YOU Before You Utter a Solitary Word

can be consulted daily upon all matters of life, such as love, marriage, business, law suits, wills, deeds, buried treasures, friends, enemies or rivals, speculations and transactions of all kinds. In fact, no matter what may be your hope, fear or ambition, come to me this very day and I can lift you out of your sorrow and trouble and start you on the path of happiness and prosperity. There is no heart so sad, or home so dreary that I cannot bring sunshine and success to. You should not buy, sell or enter into any undertaking or make any serious changes without first consulting this wonderful medium, as one hour spent consulting him may save you great financial loss and years of perplexities and unhappiness.

HE HAS HELPED OTHERS—AND POSITIVELY CAN HELP YOU.

QUESTIONS YOU MAY WISH TO KNOW:

Who and when shall I marry?
Is husband, wife or sweetheart true or false?
Will I win my law suit?
Should I make a change; if so, how soon?
Should I sell my property and how can I get a buyer?
What am I best adapted for?
How can I have success in love and gain my heart's desire?
How can I overcome enemies and rivals?
Should I make a change in business soon.
How can I gain success in money matters soon?
How can I influence those that I am interested in?

Positively No Fortune Telling I am not a fortune teller nor do I enter to the superstitions of the ignorant. But am an ordained spiritualistic medium, offering my services to those that are in doubt or trouble, worried or dissatisfied. I will guide you with a golden hand to the path of success.

Located No. 29 Kimball St. Half Block from Georgian Terrace. Second Residence off Peachtree Street.

Hours 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily. Monday and Thursday evenings until 8 p. m.
LOOK FOR NAME IN WINDOW CLOSED ALL DAY CHRISTMAS.

AMUSEMENTS

"Experience."

(Coming to Atlanta Theater.)

A very thoughtful selection for a Christmas attraction is that of "Experience," George V. Hobart's sparkling comedy drama of today, which comes to the Atlanta theater on Christmas day for a five nights' engagement, opening with a matinee Christmas afternoon, Tuesday, December 25. There will be a popular matinee Wednesday. "Experience" is a play that flows from comedy to tragedy, with all known elements of stage appeal contributed. It is a joyous combination of the new type of sunshine play and melodrama without a dull moment in it. William Elliott, F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest, the producers, send to Atlanta a permanent "Experience" organization, having a cast of eighty-two noted players. Seats for the engagement are now on sale.

"Wail of an Eskimo."

(At B. F. Keith's Lyric.)

Harry Girard is headliner at B. F. Keith's Lyric today, Friday and Saturday in his own thumbnail musical comedy of the far north, "The Wail of an Eskimo." In his support is the gifted singer, Agnes Cain-Brown. Ed Morton will be another feature with his songs, the talking machine records of which have made him far-famed. Other attractions, in addition to the Hearst-Pathe news pictures and Burton Holmes travelogue, will be the Three Daring Sisters, aerial thrillers; the Saxo Quintette, and John T. Ray and company, in a fast singing and dancing episode under the title of "Check Your Hat."

New Show Thursday.

(At Loew's Grand Theater.)

Comedy and laughter is the predominating note of the vaudeville bill which plays at Loew's Grand theater, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Tommy Hayden, famous English comedian, is one of the laughsmiths of the bill, and a very capable one, offering character impersonations. He is assisted by a charming young lady, who is an exceptional violiniste. Hopkins-Axtel company will appear in their laughable comedy skit, "Traveling," the basis of which is the experience of a newly-married couple making their first trip by rail at night. Daisy Harcourt, singing comedienne, will offer a number of new and funny songs. The Ruth Howell Trio have an acrobatic novelty. Henry and Adelaide offer musical comedy hits. The photoplay is George Walsh in "The Pride of New York," in addition to which Loew's Universal Current Events and comedy reels will also be shown.

Vivian Martin.

Frances Hodgson Burnett, the clever author, not only of many "grown-up" stories, but also of such famous child classics as "Little Lord Fauntleroy," "The Little Princess," and others, has now become a full-fledged screen author. "The Fair Barbarian," one of the most popular of her stories, has been adapted for the screen by Edith M. Kennedy with Vivian Martin as the star and Robert Thornby as the Paramount director. The story deals with an American girl who visits a small English town—with the soothing effect of a small-sized cyclone. How she wins over the crusty English spinster aunt, with whom she lives, and manages to bring, not only her own romance, but those of several others, to a successful climax, makes an exceptionally attractive screen story. It will be seen at the Vaudette today.

Geraldine Farrar.

(At the Forsyth.)

When Robert Judson, an expert in criminology, begins to unravel the mystery of "The Devil Stone," in Geraldine Farrar's Artcraft production of that title, he undertakes his investigation with an apparent disinterest in the persons whom he is interviewing while he seems to be deeply absorbed in the scrutiny of a miniature ivory idol on his desk. After a few minutes contemplation, Judson startles his interviewers with an almost uncanny disclosure of circumstances in the investigation which have been revolving in his mind. The ivory trinket is owned by Cecil DeMille, director general of the Lasky forces, and producer of the picture, who values it at $1,000. "The Devil Stone" will be the attraction at the Forsyth theater today. The management will also offer the Halifax horror views, the official Battle of the Aisne picture and a comedy, "That Night."

Sessue Hayakawa.

(At the Rialto.)

A romance that started at the University of Chicago and reached its culmination in a rose-covered cottage at Hollywood, California, is that of Sessue Hayakawa and his demure little actress-wife, Tsuru Aoki. Both were studying English literature and drama and both had been on the stage in Japan before coming to this country. Later both accepted engagements to appear in Paramount pictures at Hollywood, where they were married and went to live in one of the most artistic bungalows of the actors' colony at Hollywood. Both are seen in the "Call of the East," which is to be shown today at the Rialto theater.

Mae Marsh.

(At the Strand.)

Mae Marsh, who is appearing in her third Goldwyn starring vehicle, "The Cinderella Man," from the famous stage success of the same name by Edward Childs Carpenter, at the Strand theater, enjoys the distinction of being the one motion picture artist who is so versatile that critics have been unable to find a phrase describing her in all of her plays. She has been called, among other nicknames, "the whim girl of the screen, "the girl of a thousand faces," "the quaint actress," "the girl who has everything," "a song without words," "the chameleon of the screen," "the goddess behind the mist," "the Bernhardt of the screen," and "Ellen Terry at 17."

Dorothy Phillips.

(At the Odeon.)

The strange effects of heredity in the case of two sisters is clearly brought out in "The Girl in the Checked Coat," in which Dorothy Phillips will be seen today at the Odeon theater. One sister has been brought up under proper circumstances. Her life is clean. The other has not been so fortunate as to conditions surrounding her upbringing and she has fallen into evil ways. Finally the sisters meet again under dramatic conditions after a long separation. Then the real story begins.

Double Bill.

(At Alamo No. 2.)

Alamo No. 2 offers for today and Friday a double bill—Bryant Washburn and Virginia Valli in "The Fibbers" and William S. Hart in "The Come Back." "The Fibbers" in a screen version of "The Good Samaritan," written by James W. Adams, the noted author. It depicts the trouble that arises when a struggling young architect, played by Mr. Washburn, and his wife, in which role Miss Valli appears, begin to fib. One of the most elegant homes in Chicago, now in course of construction, was leased by Essanay for a day during the filming of "The Fibbers." It is the background of a scene where Bryant Washburn appears in the role of architect.

"Aladdin—Wonderful Lamp."

(At the Criterion.)

The glory of the East and all the progress that has been accomplished in the west in the newest Fox kiddies feature, "Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp," presented at the Criterian today, Friday and Saturday. It is a thing of beauty beyond the power of the imagination to describe and without regard to whether they are big or little those who act in it set a standard of excellence that few grown-up actors can surpass. There are some elements of intense realism in "Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp," but the mystic element of the East is always discernible. The lamp that has its magical powers to give the one who rubs it his wish is dominant throughout the story. It is a play of magic and a genie takes the place of the fairy of our western land. This genie is something new in moving pictures. He has something of the element of the giant of "Jack and the Beanstalk" in that he represents the things that all children conjure up in their minds. "Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp" is bound to appeal in a most wonderful way to the young. However, older people will dispute with the children as to which will get the most enjoyment out of this glorious Fox Kiddies Feature.

"By Right of Possession."

(At the Alpha.)

Antonio Moreno and Mary Anderson will be seen at the Alpha today in a great play of the far west. "By Right of Possession" is a story of love and politics in which there is a thrilling mine cave-in, a terrific reservoir catastrophe and a real cattle stampede. A woman mine owner, runs her property like a man, is elected sheriff of the county, beating the man who has asked her to be his wife and even arrests the man later on when she is told he has pulled off some crooked electioneering. This proves false, however, and finally with the aid of old "Bella," engineer of the mine hoist, the ex-sheriff makes her his wife.

$25,000 LOOT SECURED BY TWO HIGHWAYMEN

Gary, Ind., December 19.—After killing William McCarty, a negro, and seriously injuring Michael Binzen, a saloonkeeper, two highwaymen, using sawed-off shotguns, escaped with $25,000 in cash which the pair were taking from the bank to pay steel mill checks. The affair took place on one of the main streets.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

J. R. Smith and J. H. Ewing have bought from Mrs. P. W. Darby the residence property at No. 175 Spring street for a consideration of $8,725, practically all cash, the remainder being a small loan on the property.

A. H. Bailey's new ten-room brick residence in Druid Hills was recently sold to B. F. Bell, by John S. Scott, the real estate man, for the sum of $22,500. A lot, 100 by 50 feet, was included with the residence. Mr. Bailey accepted as part payment for his home a lot valued at $2,500 on North Jackson street in the burned area, upon which formerly was Mr. Bell's home. It is understood that Mr. Bailey plans to build a bungalow upon this lot at once.

An additional sale of a new seven-room brick bungalow on Virginia avenue, near Highland avenue, for Edgar Morris, is announced by Mr. Scott. The second sale netted $7,000, with no exchange features.

Other sales made by Mr. Scott recently are a Briarcliff road lot, near Mayor Candler's home, owned by the Metropolitan Land company, which netted $2,150, and upon which a brick residence is to be erected during the coming spring, and a vacant lot on Hilliard street, in the burned area, upon which three houses for colored people will be built.

FULTON COUNTW TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$500—W. R. Rosser to J. W. Rosser, lot south side Moore's Mill road at intersection of west line of land lot 182, Seventeenth district, 70x820 feet. November 10, 1917.

$1,600—Z. T. and Mrs. L. C. Minton to W. H. Underwood, lot northeast corner Exposition street and Highland avenue, 56x100 feet. October 9, 1916.

$550—S. F. Cronheim to George Gordon, lot southeast corner Doane and McDonough streets, 50x100 feet. September 28, 1910.

$500—W. R. Whitaker to Dorsey & McMullan, lot northwest corner Kirkwood avenue and Walthall street, 40x121 feet. December 11, 1917.

$500—Interstate Land company to Whitten E. Reeves, lot west side Terrace drive, being lot 14, block B, Peachtree terrace subdivision, 40x193 feet. May 16, 1916.

$1,800—A. Finley to H. M. Quigley, lot northwest corner Jonesboro road and Harte drive, 60x200 feet. December 18, 1917.

$10—Interstate Land company to Gus Goodman, lot 433 Highland avenue, 33x124 feet, to secure purchase money notes. December 17, 1917.

$500—H. C. Morgan to Mrs. Mary C. Smith, No. 162 Lindsay street, 46x130. December 17, 1917.

$10,000—W. S. and G. A. Wight to Mrs. E. W. Smith, No. 509 Ponce de Leon avenue, 50x200 feet. December 12, 1917.

$10 and Other Consideration—Mrs. Margaret D. Mahoney to Harold O. Rogers, lot northeast corner Williams and West Fifth streets, 60x190 feet. November 28, 1917.

$10 and Other Consideration—Mrs. Margaret D. Mahoney to Harold O. Rogers, lot northeast corner Williams and West Fifth streets, 60x190 feet. November 28, 1917.

$10 and Other Consideration—Harold O. Rogers to Mrs. Annie D. Rogers, same property. December 1, 1917.

$2,500—W. H. Allen to Louise Cathings lot 9 of Piedmont subdivision, south side Rock Springs road, 75x508 feet. January 7, 1914.

$200—Mrs. Laura G. Irby to Mrs. J. F. Banks, west half of lot 4, block 38S, section 20, Oakland Cemetery. November 12, 1917.

$1,250—West End Park company to Homer C. Smith, lot south side South Gordon street, 150 feet west of Ontario street, 50x180. December 18, 1917.

$4,600—B. Frank Bell to Albert H. Bailey, half interest in No. 76 Armstrong street, 33x100 feet; also half interest in No. 86 Armstrong street, 33x100 feet. December 18, 1917.

$2,400—Same to same, lot west side Jackson street, 375 feet north of Highland avenue, 48x275 feet. December 18, 1917.

$200—H. T. Adams to Z. T. Adams, lot west side Helena avenue, 535 feet north of Greensferry avenue, 50x157 feet; also lot west side Helena street, 1,135 feet north of Greensferry avenue, 50x157 feet. November 8, 1917.

$2,103—McKenzie Trust company to W. R. Brown, lot south side Fourth street, 125 feet east of Bedford place, 44x182 feet side. November 8, 1917.

$1,350—M. L. Rauchenberg to Central Bank and Trust corporation, lot east side West Ontario avenue, 510 feet south of Gordon street, 50x218 feet. March 10, 1916.

$1,200—J. S. Drake to Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan company, lot southeast corner North Boulevard and Seal place, 50x150. December 18, 1917.

$540—Trust Company of Georgia to J. Low Zachry, lot east side Lovejoy street, 98 feet south of Merritts avenue, 45x157. December 18, 1917.

$3,250—Frank Adair to Avery L. Quinn, lot south side Brookline street, 46 feet west of Maryland avenue, 54x200. December 18, 1917.

Loan Deeds.

$1,250—W. E. Harwell to Emory university, Nos. 255-257 Mayson and Turner road, 95x398, five years at 8 per cent. December 17, 1917.

$300—Peter S. Williams to Ben Dorsey, Jr., No. 272-B Ashby street, 40x140, one year. December 14, 1917.

$1,750—Avery Lee Quinn to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, No. 82 Brookline street, 54x200. December 1, 1917.

$120—Lonnie Rivers et al. to Merchants and Mercrants' Banking and Loan company, lot west side Randolph street, 125 feet south of Houston street, 25x100. Twelve notes. December 17, 1917.

$1,800—Mrs. E. W. Smith to W. S. and G. A. Wight, No. 509 Ponce de Leon avenue, 50x200. Twelve notes. December 13, 1917.

$2,750—Joseph E. Bettis to Louis Regenstein, No. 163 Walker street, 45x188. Five years at 7 per cent. December 17, 1917.

$800—H. M. Quigley to Charles and David Stern, lot northwest corner Jonesboro road and Harte drive, 60x200. Five years at 7 per cent. December 18, 1917.

$300—Mrs. Mary G. Garden to estate Joseph Spiro, No. 82 East Sixth street, 50x110. Three years at 6½ per cent. December 18, 1917.

$5,000 — Green, Tilson & McKinney to D. A. Finlayson, lot southeast corner Confederate Soldiers' Home property, on south side Entrenchment creek, 68.48 acres. Three years at 8 per cent. December 10, 1917.

$300—J. W. Rosser to Mrs. E. Anthony, lot south side Norcross Mill road, at intersection of west line of land lot 182, Seventeenth district, 70x330. Three years at 8 per cent. December 15, 1917.

Use Constitution Want Ads

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each Issue
Three times	$1-3c a line	
Seven times	7c a line	
Thirty times	6c a line	
Ninety times	5c a line	

Above rate for consecutive insertions only.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interest as well as ours.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened, for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found, often they are stolen with no chance of recovery; but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST.

BIRD DOG—Setter, female, strayed from 138 Wellington st. West End; white with black ears; very poor. Reward. W. 1923-J.

BIRD DOG—Setter, female, strayed from 138 Wellington st., West End; white with black ears; very poor. Reward W. 1923-J.

BLOUSE—Lost, white silk crepe de chine blouse, unfinished, at postoffice. Call Ivy 3010; reward.

LOST AND FOUND

BONDS—LOST in New York city on December 7, ten $1,000 bonds, 4 per cent U. S. government, second Liberty bond No. 18516 to No. 18525, inclusive. Liberal reward will be paid for their return or for information resulting in their recovery. Address P-302, Constitution.

CARD CASE—Sterling silver and coin purse, Sue Hill engraved on face, 1915 on back. Call Ivy 6364 or Ivy 3031. Reward.

DOG—Airedale, male dog, about 1 year old; answers to name of "Mike;" wears license tag No. 758 on wide brass studded collar. Return to G. H. Rosenbusch, 72 Dixie ave., and receive reward. Ivy 7403.

DOG—Lost or strayed from 328 Stewart ave., one setter dog, white and black ticked. Will pay liberal reward any information that will lead to his recovery. Call Ivy 1296.

GLASSES—Lost, on East Fifth street, Jackson street or Woodward ave. car, 1 pair nose glasses with chain. Phone Ivy 7925-J.

PIN—Lost in shopping district bar pin, platinum set with diamonds. Liberal reward will be given. W. E. Austin, Jr., Main 3241 or Hemlock 2319-J.

RING—Lost, one solitaire diamond ring. Phone Ivy 1851-J. Reward.

STRAYED from 96 Westminster drive, two Jersey milk cows, one with horns, one without. Return to above address. Reward. Hemlock 889-J.

LOST—Near Alabama and Whitehall, a purse containing an Elgin watch. Finder please notify Ivy 2616. Reward.

MUFF—Brown mink, lost on Hunter or Capitol ave. Reward. Main 1016.

PACKAGE—Containing gray silk muffler, lost High's or Regenstein's. Return 22 Elbert. W. 1547. Miss Wilbanks.

PURSE—Lost, on Buckhead car containing money and a bank book marked "Mrs. Scott Mathews." Finder phone Hemlock 1446. Reward.

WATCH—Lost (lady's), between 70 N. Broad and Childs' restaurant. Ivy 2956. Reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—Several greenback bills in business section. Describe denominations, about where lost. Address P-314, Const.

PERSONAL

CLAIRVOYANT & PALMIST MME. PARKS

WHY despair when you can attain your desire? Why give up when all is within your grasp? She tells all, everything, the very things you wish to know, concerning yourself and those you are interested in though many miles away. If you are in doubt or in trouble concerning business, sales, chases, courtship, love, marriage, separations, divorce, estrangement, in a word—no matter what may be your desires or ambitions, consult Mme. Parks and receive advice. Let this gifted seeress advise and direct you to the road of success and happiness. She has helped thousands and will help you. You have but to consult her to be convinced of her remarkable powers. No. 10 Essie avenue. Take Soldiers' Home car and get off at Essie avenue. Hours 10 a. m. to 7 p. m.

CLAIRVOYANT—PALMIST MADAME MALONE

GUARANTEES to read your entire life, telling you anything you want to know and find out, no matter what. One visit will pay you for disappointments in others. She is gifted and can help you. Tells name, age and occupation and what step to take to better yourself. Explains love and family affairs. Reading daily 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. 506 Lakewood avenue. Take Lakewood car to Owens.

MADAME DE LYLE

MENTAL SCIENTIST, SPIRITUAL ADVISER, will give advice on law, love and marriage. 19 Simpson street. Ivy 8215.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike; limited number patients cared for. Homes provided infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 22 Windsor St.

RANDOLPH BEAUTY PARLORS, 58½ Whitehall St. Best work in all lines.

SMOKE EE-M Tobacco for catarrh, bronchial troubles and asthma sufferers. Your druggist or EE-M CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TO FORMER students Georgia-Alabama Business College: Eugene Anderson's new textbook on the famous G. A. B. shorthand is now ready for sale to former students. Anderson's Phrases and Shortcuts will soon come from the press. Send $2.10 to cover cost and postage. Georgia-Alabama Business College, Macon, Ga.

McDUFFIE BUYS old false teeth. 148 Peachtree street.

SPECIAL NOTICE

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PURCHASERS of Choctaw timber lands in southeastern Oklahoma, recently sold by the government: We are engineers and now have party in the field surveying these lands. If you have purchased now is the time to get it surveyed. Our blue prints show rivers, creeks, valleys, mountains, number acres tillable land, estimate of timber. Have surveyed more than four hundred thousand acres of this land and will furnish preliminary report and map showing the mineral resources of this area free. Choctaw Engineering Company, Poteau, Oklahoma.

HELP WANTED

HELP WANTED—Male

AUDITOR—A good auditor wanted by a firm of accountants. P. O. Box 369.

BOY—About 14 or 15 years old. Will pay $5 per week. Prudential Blue Print Co., Grant building.

BOY—16 years old or over, industrious and willing to do his part. Apply Towel Supply Department, Trio Laundry, 100 Hilliard st.

CARPENTERS, 75
WANTED BY ARTHUR TUFTS AT THE ATLANTA WAREHOUSE. APPLY OFFICE ON MURPHY AVE. C. R. JUSTI, SUPT.

COOK—A second cook wanted, with reference. Apply 18 Marietta st.

LABORERS—100 WANTED BY ARTHUR TUFTS AT THE ATLANTA WAREHOUSE. APPLY OFFICE ON MURPHY AVE. C. R. JUSTI, SUPT.

WANTED—25 boys to work after school each afternoon, also on Saturdays. Good pay. Ages 12 to 17. Call at 78 Luckie St.

SALESMAN—With auto tire knowledge. Call for Mr. Leslie, Kimball house, 3 to 8 p. m.

HELP WANTED—Male

TWO (2) first-class automobile mechanics, good pay and steady positions. Apply giving experience and references to the Palatka Automobile and Supply Company, Palatka, Fla.

WANTED—First-class shoe repairer; must be fast on jack and capable of doing any kind of repairing, including turn soles. No other need apply. Steady job, $20 per week. R. R. fare refunded. Write or wire. D. B. James Shoe Hospital, Jackson, Tenn.

WANTED—A man for a retail milk route. Apply with references, 765 N. Boulevard.

WANTED—Man or boy that can milk at once; good pay. McCoy Dairy, 574 Capitol avenue.

WANTED—At once, white man as combination steward and service manager for first-class quick lunch room doing a rush business with soldiers. Good salary. Wire Horseshoe Lunch Room, or phone E. L. Ayers, Greenville, S. C.

WANTED—An experienced shoe salesman; local man preferred. Globe Shoe Co., 62 Peachtree st.

WANTED—Man with experience as foreman feed mill; must be thoroughly familiar grinding velvet beans, etc., into feed and meal and other details. Address P. O. Box 575, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—An Italian to work on truck farm, 20 acres. Write for particulars; state whether married or single. Address William Fraser, Jr., Bryant building, Charlotte, N. C.

YOUNG MAN as news agent on railroad trains; long runs; good pay. Union News Company, 36 Madison avenue.

HELP WANTED—Female

EXPERIENCED DICTAPHONE OPERATOR AND BILLING CLERK, 1018 ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BLDG.

MAID—Wanted, an experienced white maid to look after house; good position for capable person; reference required. Apply 702 The Grand.

OPERATOR—Wanted, first-class dictaphone operator, some clerical work, including splendid opportunity. Phone Ivy 915.

OPERATOR—Wanted, telephone operator by large local company to handle private branch; must be fully competent. Reply, giving details of experience and if at present employed state name of employer. Address P-310, Constitution.

SALESLADIES—Wanted (four), good salary. Apply 319 Empire building.

SALESWOMAN—Wanted, one more thoroughly good experienced saleswoman. Watson's Bargain Store, Pryor and Decatur streets.

WHITE SERVANT—Will pay good wages to competent and reliable white woman or girl to do general housework and assist in care of two young children. Hemlock 675-L.

WANTED—A middle-aged white woman who can milk and look after butter, do general house work; board in the family. Must give reference as to character and industry. R. F. D. 2, Box 94, Norcross, Ga.

WANTED—Earn big salary as government stenographer-typist-bookkeeper-clerk. We prepare quickly. Write Bryant & Stratton College, 512 Walnut, Louisville, Ky.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

CHRISTIAN WORKERS wanted, male or female. Apply 306 Central building.

LAUNDRESS, chef, cook, waiter, butler, maid, nurse, porter, janitor. 705 Silvey building.

WANTED—A few good families of spinners and spoolers for our Payne Mill. Best of wages paid, cheap house rent in our own village. Address W. R. Moody, Supt., Crumps Park, Macon, Georgia.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS

SALESMAN—Wanted, with a record and acquaintance with manufacturers and jobbers handling sheets and light plates. State age, experience, salary desired. Give references. We have an established trade and require capable representatives. Address Ohio Manufacturer, care Atlanta Constitution.

WANTED—Several competent middle-aged men to sell nursery stock for five firm all year round. Commission paid every week. Brown Brothers' Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN—Traveling to present manufacturer of baby bonnets and hats, side line, 10 per cent commission basis. Ashenheim Bros., 30 West Fifteenth street, New York City.

SALESMAN—Experienced in selling to auto accessory dealers; lucrative position open. See Mr. Leslie, Kimball house, 3 to 8 p. m.

SALESMAN—For city. Call room 531 Kimball house, from 3 to 8 p. m.

FOUR GOOD SALESMEN WANTED; GOOD POSITION; COMMISSION WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT. APPLY 319 EMPIRE BLDG.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED—Reliable southern corporation, well known throughout Georgia, wants several good men to market Preferred Stock with Common Stock bonus. Going concern. Will bear closest inspection. Address, with references, "Stock," care Massengale Advertising Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS

AGENTS for the New Ford Starter. Ford Starter Specialty Co., 82 N. Forsyth st.

COLORED AGENTS—Everywhere, to sell face whitener, hairdressing, etc. Address P-200, care Constitution.

WANTED—Colored agents everywhere, sell Royal Hair Pomade, 25 cents. Royal Hair Pomade Co., 228 Houston St., Atlanta.

WANTED—Teachers

TEACHERS for grades, $50 to $65; high school work, $60 to $125; principals, $75 to $150. Foster's Teachers' Agency, 505 Grant building, Atlanta. Ivy 8812-L.

PRINCIPAL for high school at once; salary $110; prompt action necessary. South Atlantic Teachers' Agency, 306 Walton building, Atlanta, Ga.

THE ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY—Unique methods, best service, most liberal terms. Ivy 7095. 1233 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED

SITUATION WANTED—Male

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, position as assistant bookkeeper; just moved to Atlanta; exempt from army. Ad. P-315, Const.

CASHIER—Country bank, several years' experience, open for position. Not subject to draft. Address P-302, Constitution.

DENTAL STUDENT WOULD LIKE TO GET A POSITION FOR ABOUT TWO WEEKS TO START AT ONCE, NIGHTS OR DAYS. ADDRESS P-316, CONSTITUTION.

OFFICE MAN—Experienced, wants work. Will take assistant bookkeeper's place to learn the city. Address P-309, Constitution.

PHOTOGRAPHER, experienced in studio and kodak finishing, wants position; city or out of town. Address P-303, Constitution.

WANTED—Experienced tobacco farmer wants place in Georgia or Florida to plant and cure tobacco. G., care Constitution.

MUSIC AND DANCING

LANE'S 217½ PEACHTREE ST., private and class lessons day and night, at the studio or your home. Phone Ivy 5786.

COURTNEY'S 44½ EAST HUNTER street. Main 1074-J. Dancing Tuesday and Saturday night. Collins' orchestra. Lessons daily, 3 to 6 and 8 to 10 p. m.

WEST END DANCING ACADEMY, 218 Lee street. Dancing Thurs. and Sats.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

DRUM and Bugle Corps instruments. Melody Bells, Marimbas, Xylophones. Southern Drum Co., Atlanta Theater Bldg.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS

ALL KINDS, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented; non-visible, 3 months for $5; visible, 3 months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-75. American Writing Machine Co., 13 North Pryor street, Atlan

THE KATZIES : : : : : : Der Captain Begins a Perfect Day

IF YOU HAVE AN OLD SEWING MACHINE, OR SOME OLD FURNITURE, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU. TRY OUR "FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS" COLUMN

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping car on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 88 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 2845; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42 West Pt..	8:35 am	35 New Or..	5:50 am
18 Columb's	10:55 am	19 Columbus	7:10 am
38 New Or.	11:45 am	33 Montgo'y	8:55 am
40 New Or.	2:15 pm	39 New Or..	2:00 pm
34 Montgo'y	7:00 pm	17 Columbus	4:05 pm
20 Columbus	7:55 pm	37 New Or..	6:50 pm
36 New Or.	12:05 am	41 West Pt.	5:45 pm

City Ticket Office, 80 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway. "The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah...	6:15 am	Savannah...	8:00 am
Thomasville.	6:15 am	Albany...	8:00 am
Albany.....	6:15 am	Macon.....	12:30 pm
Macon.....	6:15 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville.	6:53 am	Jacksonville.	8:25 pm
Jacksonville.	7:40 am	Valdosta....	8:25 pm
Macon.....	10:45 am	Savannah..	10:15 pm
Macon.....	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah...	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:50 pm
Albany.....	8:10 pm	Albany.....	11:50 pm

City ticket office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Ivy 141; Atlanta phone 55.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives	From—	Departs For—	Arrives	From—	Departs For—
6:30 a	New York	12:30 a	1:40 p	New York	2:45 p
11:10 p	Chicago	6:35 a	8:25 p	Chatta.	3:00 p
9:35 p	Kan. City	6:10 a	8:10 a	Toccoa	4:45 p
10:35 a	Chatta.	6:50 a	11:40 a	Cincinnati	5:25 p
1:40 p	Richmond	6:30 a	10:55 a	Columbus	5:10 p
10:10 p	Columbus	7:20 a	11:15 a	Memphis	5:15 p
7:50 p	Bruns'k	7:50 a	10:50 a	Ft. Valley	5:20 p
6:15 p	New York	12:00 n	10:30 a	Macon	5:30 p
5:40 p	Charlotte	6:20 a	5:45 a	Jaxville	10:05 p
6:10 p	Jaxville	11:50 a	7:25 a	Charlotte	10:40 p
2:30 p	Bir'ham	1:55 p	6:25 a	Jaxville	11:20 p
9:00 p	Greenville	12:15 p	7:45 a	Shrevep't	11:30 p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. "The Progressive Railway of the South."

Effective November 18, 1917.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11 N. Y.	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm.	6:30 am
11 Norfolk..	6:20 am	30 Monroe..	6:40 am
11 Washin'n.	6:20 am	6 N. Y.	12:40 pm
11 Portsm'h.	6:20 am	6 Washi'n.	12:40 pm
17 Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk.	12:40 pm
6 Memphis.	12:30 pm	6 Portsm'h	12:40 pm
6 Birmi'm.	12:30 pm	6 Richm'd.	12:40 pm
22 Pied't,Ala.	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala.	3:50 pm
5 N. Y.	4:40 pm	5 Birmin'm.	4:50 pm
5 Washi'n..	4:40 pm	5 Memphis..	4:50 pm
5 Norfolk..	4:40 pm	18 Abbe.S.C.	4:00 pm
5 Portsm'h.	4:40 pm	12 N. Y.	8:20 pm
12 Birmin'm.	8:00 pm	12 Norfolk..	8:20 pm
29 Monroe..	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h.	8:20 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St. Telephone—Ivy 2845.

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad. *Daily Except Sunday.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
2 Charles'n	7:00 am	2 Augusta and East....	6:45 am
2 Wilmin'n	7:00 am	6 Augusta	11:45 am
*11 Conyers.	7:35 am	8 Augusta	3:25 pm
*18 Union Pt.	9:40 am	*14 Union Pt.	6:10 pm
1 Augusta	1:15 pm	4 Charles'n	8:10 pm
5 Augusta and East	5:00 pm	4 Wilmin'n	8:10 pm
7 New York and Aug.	8:20 pm		

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville.... Chicago and Northwest.	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville..	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge..	7:25 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Blue Ridge accommodation.	3:40 pm	10:35 am

The 9:55 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3 Nashville.	6:25 am	94 Chicago..	8:15 am
73 Rome....	10:25 am	2 Nashville.	8:30 am
93 Memphis.	11:55 am	92 Memphis.	4:55 pm
1 Nashville.	6:35 pm	72 Rome....	5:15 pm
95 Chicago..	8:05 pm	4 Nashville.	8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS BELLE ISLE
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE. IVY 5190.

TAXICABS EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
I. 1548 — 12 LUCKIE — I. 322

COFER BROS., TAXICABS
MAIN 1034. 20 Marietta. MAIN 1035.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

A COUPLE in passage in this city, having a long and perfect experience in restaurant keeping, are looking to buy or rent a good (lunch room) place in first-class location. J. Bernstam, Hotel Piedmont.

$1,000 SECURES established business with control of seven states. Best opportunity in south for man and wife, especially if she has some dressmaking experience. Selling on account of health. References exchanged. Act at once if you are interested. Address P-301, Constitution.

COMPLETELY furnished boarding house, filled with boarders, near-in; excellent location. A. Z., Box P-287, care Constitution.

UNLICENSED DRUGGIST
WE help you to easily pass the state board. For particulars write Dr. H. B. Stanley, 611-12 Silvey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

RANGES, CHINAWARE, DISHES, ETC.
USED in Billy Sunday lunch rooms will be sold to highest bidder. Equipment may be inspected any day between 9 a. m. and 12 m. Bids must be delivered to lunch room, Jackson street show grounds, before Friday, 21st, at 5 p. m.

FOR COLORED
HAIRDRESSERS are making the biggest money. I teach you how. Have an easy payment plan. No-Break School of Hairdressing, 465 W. Hunter st. Main 2303.

PARTNER WANTED—A young man, in manufacturing business; opportunity of a lifetime; no competition; $1,500 required. Don't answer this unless you have the money and mean business. P. O. Box 612.

FOR REAL business opportunities, see Lightfoot's, Peters Bldg. Phone Main 517.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

BUSINESS CARDS

ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.
J. I. LINLER CLOCK SPECIALIST. 35 South Broad St.

BICYCLES AND SUPPLIES.
SOUTHERN CYCLE AND SUPPLY CO., 64 North Pryor. Repairing. Ivy 3572.

BUILDING MATERIAL.
INVESTIGATE OUR PLAN. Murphy Door Bed Co., 311 Trust Co. of Ga. building.

CONTRACTORS AND REPAIRS.
CONTRACTING, building, repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk, 910 Austell building. Main 4247.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.
CITY HALL Dry Cleaning Co. Suits pressed, 35c. Opposite Gas building. Main 1627-L.

PEOPLE'S CLEANING AND PRESSING CLUB. Main 994-L. 186 E. Georgia ave.

DENTAL WORK.
DR. H. JENSEN, Expert Dentist. Painless extraction. 78½ Whitehall street.

ENGRAVING.
ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery. 53 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga. WIRING DEPARTMENT. Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5006. SHOP DEPARTMENT. Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING.
STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON
Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

GENERAL HOUSE REPAIRING.
JONES REPAIRS all kinds; two years' guarantee; reasonable. M. 4094.

HATS MADE TO ORDER.
ALSO trimmed hats, $1.50 to $3; untrimmed, shapes, $1. Mrs. Goodman, 98 Capitol.

HAT CLEANING.
OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

JEWELRY REPAIRING.
McDUFFIE WATCH, clock, jewelry repairing. 148 Peachtree.

KEY TAGS.
ARE your keys worth a quarter? Then send 25c for silver key tag, with your name and address on it. Razor Shop, 55 Peachtree St.

KEYS, LOCKS, SAFES, GUNS.
C. C. DOWNS Expert, 13 W. Alabama. Main 2146, Atlanta 4922.

G. N. BISHOP, 13½ S. Broad, M. 885, expert gun, key, locksmith. Motorcycle service.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.
ATLANTA MATTRESS CO.
OUR work is above the average. 174 Piedmont Ave. Ivy 3847, Atlanta 4847.

SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta street. Main 993, Atlanta 1727.

OPTICIAN.
EYES tested and glasses correctly fitted. E. A. Morgan, 10 E. Hunter. Main 1312.

Eyes correctly fitted, lenses accurately ground. Silveus Optical Co., 19 S. Broad. Main 601.

PAINTING AND TINTING.
PAINTING CHEAP—Rooms tinted $2.50 up; leaks stopped. 6:30-7:30 p. m. W. 620-J.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES.
PICTURES framed to order; factory prices; we do it for less. Binder Picture Frame Mfg. Co., 86 North Pryor St. Ivy 8978.

Printing and Engraving (Plateless).
CARDS VISITING, business, Christmas. The Card Shop, 91 Peachtree St.

ROOFING.
FLEX A TILE WE carry all styles asphalt shingles and roll roofing. Call us for prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company. 56 West Mitchell Street. Main 681.

ROOF REPAIRING.
Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 mos. guarantee. Reas'ble. Hem. 1056.

SCALE REPAIRING EXPERT.
R. JACKSON, 174 Gilmore street, scale and cotton beam man. Main 3987.

SHOE REPAIRING.
Shoe Reunry WORK called for and delivered. 2 Auburn. Ivy 2310, Atlanta 1493. 815 Peachtree.

SHOES HALF-SOLED SEWED. 50c UP
GWINN'S Rubber heels, 35c up. 6 Luckie street, 2 South Pryor street. While you wait 10 minutes.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES REPAIRED.
ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET. Phone—Bell Main 1576.

WALL PAPER
QUICK WALL PAPER COMPANY, 51 Carnegie Way. Ivy 6733.

WASHING AND LAUNDERING.
LAUNDERING neatly done, expert work; satisfaction guaranteed; references. 168 W. Hunter St.

Use Constitution Want Ads

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

GEORGIA RYE, bu.	$2.50
Fulghum Oats, bu.	1.75
Appler Oats, bu.	1.50
Seed Wheat, bu.	3.25

EVERETT SEED CO., ATLANTA.

LIVE STOCK

COWS.
TWO Jersey cows, fresh in milk. 10 Racine street. West 1651.

CATTLE.
HIGH-CLASS CATTLE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.
TWO registered white face bulls, one registered Jersey bull, one grade Black Angus bull, six registered Holstein cows, some with calves, others fresh in few weeks. All these high-class and must be sold at once. A. L. Suttles & Co., Miller-Union Stock Yards, Atlanta, Ga.

SEVERAL fine registered Shorthorn bred cows and calves. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—30 mules, prices from $50 up, large pair $150; small pair $75. This stock must be sold regardless of prices. Vittur's Stables, 127 Walton st.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON is the only system of shorthand taught in the public schools of Atlanta. We teach Paragon. Night and day classes at the school. Mail instructions for those who cannot come. Write us or phone Main 4445. Simplex Shorthand School, 236 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

Use Constitution Want Ads

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076

SURETY LOAN COMPANY LOANS.
408 Flatiron Building.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY FOR ALL. EASY PAYMENTS. DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. HUDSON & CO., 313-314 PETERS BLDG. MAIN 4842.

MONEY for salaried people on their own name. 805 Silvey building, City.

LOANS MADE TO salaried men and others in amounts of $25 to $200 on indorsements or other security. E. W. Greenway & Co., 316-317 Empire Bldg. Tel. Ivy 1654.

MONEY—On Personal Property

LOANS ON FURNITURE $25 UPWARD
AT LOW LAWFUL RATES.

By a new system of rates, a policy of giving SERVICE has established the Citizens' Loan Company's business on a broader plane of usefulness; making personal loans in sums of $25 upward on short notice and without publicity.

The CITIZENS' LOAN COMPANY has gained the respect, confidence and favorable consideration of the public through a conscientious endeavor to render SERVICE satisfactory to the community by higher standards and by inspirations to be helpful and keep abreast of the times.

Easy Payments
$ 25 Loan Pay $2 Per Mo. and Interest
$ 50 Loan Pay $4 Per Mo. and Interest
$100 Loan Pay $8 Per Mo. and Interest

Our service is always at your command. We want you to feel free to come here for advice and help with your money troubles. We can help you.

CITIZENS' LOAN CO.
401 PETERS BLDG.
MAIN 3771. ATLANTA 677

MONEY—On Real Estate

LOANS
Atlanta Real Estate, or well improved Farms anywhere, Small town property Made promptly.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
CANDLER BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

WE LOAN MONEY to rebuild in the burned district. Thomas J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

FUNDS on hand for loans at current rates; also for purchase money notes. Milton Liebman, with A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

QUICK LOANS
$2,000 TO $50,000 OR MORE
MADE on Atlanta property at lowest current rates. Loan agents of the
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF VIRGINIA
Have local funds in bank for small loans.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5678.

6 AND 7 per cent money in any amts.; quick action. Fitzhugh Knox, 1207 Candler Bldg.

MONEY
TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 1216 Empire Bldg. I. 8369.

LOANS MADE ON CITY PROPERTY AND FARM LANDS. SEE OR WRITE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NAT'L BANK BUILDING.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

$500, $700, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES.
On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points. Quick Action. Write for Application. Mortgage Loan Department. PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO., 1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention. TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG.

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY ON FARM LANDS WRITE OR SEE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

FIRST and second mortgage loans made promptly. A. G. Smith, 311-312 Connally building. Main 2940.

LOANS made. ———— NOTES bought.
TIME saved.
Eiseman & Weil Inv. Co.
313 Atlanta Nat'l Bank. Phone M. 3010.

MONEY—On Real Estate

MONEY on hand for first mortgage in amounts of $1,000.00 and up.
W. O. ALSTON
1203 Third National Bank Bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes or business property at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Bldg.
Broad and Marietta Streets

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

INVESTMENTS.

SOPRINCO FOR INVESTMENTS. Box 1147, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

STUDEBAKER USED CAR DEPARTMENT
IVY 1694.
245-247 PEACHTREE ST.

1 Series 16-4 Studebaker panel delivery	$ 550
1 Series 15-6 Studebaker 5-passenger touring	600
1 Series 18-6 Studebaker demonstrator	1,150
1 Series 15-4 Studebaker touring	450
1 1915 Paige touring	450
1 Series 14-6 Studebaker touring	500
1 Series 17-4 Studebaker 7-passenger touring	650
1 Series 16-6 Studebaker touring	550
1 1917 Ford touring	375
1 Cadillac 5-passenger touring	300
2 16-passenger jitney buses, each	1,350
1 Case 5-passenger touring	300
1 1916 Chevrolet 5-passenger touring	350
1 Flanders 20 4-passenger touring	150

Terms may be arranged. Railroad fares refunded to purchasers of used cars within a radius of 100 miles of Atlanta.

STUDEBAKER USED CAR DEPARTMENT
IVY 1694
245-247—PEACHTREE ST.

APPERSON—Roadster, newly painted, new top, splendid condition; almost good as new. Velie, 5-passenger, newly painted, good condition. Cadillac, 1912, good condition, new tires. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree street.

KELLY CONVERTIBLE AUTO TRUCK
SELF-DRIVE, no chains, $385, and a Ford makes a better guaranteed 1½-ton truck. Get the best, it costs no more. J. M. Shearer, agent, 249 Marietta st. Main 1140. We make all kinds of repairs.

USED CARS
Willys-Knight, 5-passenger.
Buick roadster.
Hupmobile, Model K, 5-passenger.
1,000-Pound delivery car.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc
USED CAR DEPT.
236 PEACHTREE ST.

FORD touring car, in good condition, new seat covers and top. See E. W. Newsom, Stutz Co. of Georgia, 224 Peachtree st.

USED CARS SPECIAL bargains. Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

FORD touring car, good as new, for quick sale. Call Mr. Jones. Ivy 1624.

STUDEBAKER—Will sacrifice my 1917 Studebaker 6 touring car, 7-passenger; driven 7,000 miles, condition guaranteed. First $650 cash takes it. Apply by letter. P. O. Box 80. Demonstration if desired.

ENGER—1917, 12-cylinder, 5-passenger touring car; only run 1,800 miles; in perfect condition. Cost $1,380. Bought as an investment and will sell for $575 cash. C. Y. Smith, 608 Walton bldg.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO.—Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

DODGES—(2) Late 1917 model, touring cars. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree street.

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO.
Authorized Ford Dealers,
169-171 Marietta Street.
FORD CARS, parts and accessories, painting and upholstering; radiator work a specialty.
Commercial Bodies, Any Style.
Main 1123-2245. Atlanta 1426.

WHY NOT SAVE MONEY ON THE FOLLOWING CARS:
9—1917 Ford touring cars.
1—1917 Clover Leaf Ford roadster.
1—1916 Ford touring.
1—1917 Overland touring.
1—1917 Buick touring.
ATLANTA AUTO EXCHANGE
40 WALTON ST. MAIN 3185.

FORDS
AUTHORIZED SALES AND SERVICE
Prichard-Orr Sales Co.
West End: Gordon and Lee. Phones West 95.
East Point: Main Street, East Point 133.

BELLE ISLE
AGENT
FORD CARS
CASH OR TERMS.
IVY 166. IVY 2772. IVY 393.

BUICK—6-cylinder roadster, overhauled and newly painted; new Goodrich tires all around. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree street.

FIVE-PASSENGER FORD, $225; 1917 Maxwell, $300; 1917 Ford roadster, $350; practically new. J. R. Buice Garage, 309 Marietta street.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 131 Peachtree. Ivy 5164.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

USED FORD TOURING CARS AND ROADSTERS
1917-1918 Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
These Cars Will Sell on Sight.
PRICHARD-ORR SALES COMPANY
EAST POINT, GA.
East Point 133. West 95.

HUBBELL-OAKES MOTOR CO.—Selden trucks and Fruehauf trailers. 1513 Candler building.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 245-247 Peachtree St.

FORD—1916, 5-passenger, newly-painted, $298; also Ford truck, $200; Chevrolet, 5-passenger, self-starter, $285. See at 137 Marietta street.

WANTED.

WILL pay cash for 25 Ford cars. 40 Walton street. Main 3185.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES

REPAIRING.

W. J. MILAM
REPAIRING fenders, bodies, lamps, all metal parts of car. 117 Piedmont Ave. Ivy 993.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. Magnetos sold, exchanged and repaired; all kinds of magnetos and electric starting repaired; all work guaranteed. E. H. Odom Bros. Company, 43 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 900, Bell phone Main 1622.

FORD SPECIALISTS.
REPAIRING All work guaranteed. Phone us and we will pull in cars.
137 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 3800.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

WELDING.

YOUR broken castings welded, good as new; gear teeth built up also. The Metal Welding Company, 130 South Forsyth. M. 3013.

VULCANIZING.

FOR the BEST vulcanizing at the most moderate price; also new and used tires, see TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn avenue. Ivy 2238.

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD AND ROOM

CHRISTMAS DINNER 50c
Best Christmas Dinner in Atlanta. Served All Day.
Menu
Cream Tomato or Turkey Giblet Soup.
Roast Young Turkey, Country Style Dressing
Cranberry Sauce.
Candied Yams. Creamed Potatoes.
Green Peas. Celery.
Home-made Pies—Pumpkin and Mince.
Coffee, Tea or Milk.
Nuts. Candies.
FOLSOM'S HOTEL, 16½ MARIETTA ST.
DINING ROOM ON SECOND FLOOR.

PEACHTREE, 710—Room and board. Ivy 4562.

NICELY furnished rooms, excellent table, home cooking; permanent or transient, $7 per week up. Folsom's Hotel, 16½ Marietta st., second floor. Ivy 4855.

PONCE DE LEON, 342—From January 1, room and board, private family, all conveniences, steam heat; references. Phone Hemlock 1525-J.

EXCELLENT meals, large front room, walking dist. 32 Ponce de Leon. I. 8556-L.

PIEDMONT AVE., 595—For couple, one elegant room with private bath; one large room with stationary washstand, in home with all conveniences; excellent meals; dinner evenings. Ivy 3322-J.

PEACHTREE, 220—The Wilton; steam heat; excel. table; quick service I. 5796.

PEACHTREE, 513—Rooms, first floor, all conveniences. Call Ivy 6133-J.

ROOM and board for 2 gentlemen or a young man roommate. 534 Ponce de Leon avenue. Hemlock 1358-J.

STEAM-HEATED rooms, board, connecting bath, close in; business people. I. 8889-J.

FIRST-CLASS room and board, walking distance; references exchanged. M. 3449-J.

FINE location, new home, furnace heat, best board, refined family. Owner, W. 1507-J.

PEACHTREE, 362—Two single rooms for ladies. Wanted, roommate for gentleman. Excellent table board. Ivy 3148-L.

WANTED—Board and Room

REFINED couple desires board and private bath in private home, where there are no other boarders, north side. Address P-313, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

ONE NICE HEATED ROOM, ONE BLOCK OF GEORGIAN TERRACE. PRIVATE HOME. IVY 2543.

ONE fur. room for business men; walking distance, hot water, electricity. Ivy 9455.

HEATED ROOMS ATTRACTIVE, clean and cheerful; 2 blocks from Georgian Terrace; board convenient. 481 Spring st. Ivy 7720X1.

PEACHTREE INN
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, 50 CENTS TO $1 PER DAY, $3 TO $5 PER WEEK. 391 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 67.

ADOLF 10½ East Harris; bachelor rooms; cool, quiet; reasonable; every convenience de luxe. Ivy 3071-J.

PEACHTREE, 795—Lovely rooms, conve.; pri. family, garage; references. Hem. 1393.

Peachtree, 358 Desirable rooms, quiet, refined. Ivy 7352-J.

VIADUCT HOTEL
4½ S. BROAD, is under new management. Right in the heart of the city; nice, clean rooms. 50c, 75c, $1. Rates by the week.

THE MARTINIQUE
(ELLIS AND IVY)
OPERATED under the best management. Each room connected with bath and kept in excellent condition. Hotel service $1 per day.

DESIRABLE room, between the Peachtrees, near Georgian Terrace, fur. heat. I. 6819-L.

EAST CAIN, 21—Three nicely furnished upstairs rooms. Ivy 4834.

PEACHTREE ST., 391—Nicely fur. rms., $2 per week and up. Phone Ivy 67.

FOR RENT—Rooms

UNFURNISHED.

WEST BAKER, 21 JUST off Peachtree, two rooms, with kitchenette, walking distance. Ivy 2362.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

S. PRYOR ST., 194—Four connecting rooms, first floor. Reasonable.

TWO large, light, airy rooms, very comfortable, modern; reasonable. Ivy 8412-X2.

WANTED—Rooms

FURNISHED

ROOM and kitchenette with modern conveniences wanted by couple, north side preferred. Refer W. Allen, H-750, Const.

WANTED—To rent or subrent 3 or 4-room apartment; north side preferred; not over $65. Must be steam heated. Call W. 977.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED.

TWO large rooms, furnished for housekeeping, modern conveniences. West 729-L.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

2 ROOMS—Private bath, kitchenette, private entrance, fine locality. Hem. 492-J.

UNFURNISHED.

IVY ST., 164—Six rooms and bath, $25. Call Ivy 2948.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOUR rooms, sun parlor, near Peachtree, fur. or unfur. Address P-312, Const.

WANTED—Room Mate

YOUNG MAN roommate, near-in, home comforts; excellent meals. Ivy 8556-L.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED

ST. CHARLES AVE. bungalow, furnished, six rooms, bath, furnace. Rent party no children January to April 1. Telephone Hemlock 1874.

FURNISHED suburban home, ten rooms, two baths, hot water heat, electric lights, January 3 to August 3. Adults only. Phone Decatur 853.

COMPLETELY furnished 5-room bungalow, electric lights, hot water; immediate possession. For particulars address Bungalow, P. O. Box 1047; also give phone number.

FLORIDA.
FLORIDA—Five-room bungalow, completely furnished, accomodating five, immediate ocupancy; boathouse, garage, delightful location, all sports, health, $150 entire season. Owner. Address P-297, care Constitution.

UNFURNISHED.

23 VEDADO WAY 7-room bungalow with furnace heat, and all modern conveniences. Shades furnished. $45.

43 AVERY DRIVE Ansley Park, 7-room bungalow with furnace heat, servant's quarters, etc. $45.

315 LUCILE AVE. 7-room modern bungalow, partly furnished. $40.

306 E. FIFTH ST. 2-story house with 2 baths, furnace heat and garage. $45.

BURDETT REALTY CO.
Ivy 31

FOR RENT—7-room residence, north side; good neighborhood. Hemlock 929.

ANSLEY PARK bungalow, 6 rooms, garage, furnace, $40. Hemlock 622.

80 HURT ST., INMAN PARK, 9-ROOM HOUSE, STEAM HEAT, HARDWOOD FLOORS, THREE BATHS, LARGE CORNER LOT. WILL MAKE A YEAR'S LEASE.
FITZHUGH KNOX,
1208 CANDLER BUILDING.

PRETTY BUNGALOW—Conveniences, in good neighborhood, handy to Fort McPherson; possession January 1. In office hours call Ivy 5562, or see R. P. S., 1017 Third National Bank building.

WHITEHALL ST., 233—For rent, 2-story, 8-room house, close in, $35 per month. Owner. Ivy 5678.

Consult Our Rent Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

CALL FOR OUR RENT BULLETIN.
BENJ. D. WATKINS & CO.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

IF YOU have a bungalow or apartment for rent on north side see us at once. We have a tenant. Burdett Realty Company, 116 Candler building.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

DESK SPACE and use of telephone. 1409 Candler Bldg., Ivy 1733.

FOR RENT—Offices

CENTRAL BUILDING—Offices for rent. Corner Alabama and Pryor sts. Main 585.

CANDLER BUILDING, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Desirable offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all-night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 3970. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

WE SELL AND RENT REAL ESTATE.
B. M. GRANT-A. S. ADAMS CO.
Grant Bldg. Ivy 4335.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

HOUSTON STREET LOT—Between Jackson and Hilliard streets, I offer a fine vacant lot for $1,200 cash, worth $2,000. Be quick for this pick-up. E. L. Harling, 815 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 1287.

SOUTH SIDE.

THREE adjoining lots on Stewart avenue, 5 miles from Five Points. Will take $250 for the 3 if party will take care of loan of $343 not due for two years. Main 5033.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAMILTON-WOOD CO., 207 Candler Bldg. Ivy 9. Builders of homes and apartments. Terms when desired.

M. L. THROWER has a few bargains in nice homes for sale.

WANTED TO RENT—Farms

FARM WANTED
100 to 200 acres, within 20 miles of Atlanta. Party will pay cash. See us. Wight Real Estate Co., Empire Bldg.

ONE-HORSE farm near Atlanta. Farm, 142 W. Peachtree, Atlanta. Phone Ivy 1554-L.

FARM LANDS

FOR SALE.

60 FARMS near Atlanta. New 1918 Bulletin just completed. Will send on request. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone East Point 416.

$60 ACRE FIFTY ACRES, 4 miles north of Druid Hills. A. Graves, 12½ Wall street.

WE have farms for all purposes; improved and unimproved; stock, grain, cotton and truck. Shewmake Bros. Company, 1317 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone M. 4231.

58 ACRES on car line, automobile highway, with a railroad station and side track close by; nice 5-room bungalow, large barn, tenant house, good orchard, 12 acres in bermuda pasture; a big 1-horse crop under cultivation, in high state. Ideal for suburban home, dairy, hogs, fruit and berries, with a surrounding neighborhood that is first-class. Price, $150 per acre. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone E. P. 416.

20 ACRES in Riverdale, 15 miles from center of Atlanta; automobile road, 5-room cottage and some outbuildings; 17 acres of level strong land under cultivation, balance in pasture and woodland, spring branch. This tract is surrounded by high-class homes and is quite a compromise between the city and the country. Price $2,750. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone East Point 416.

WANTED.

FARM WANTED
100 to 200 acres, within 20 miles of Atlanta. Party will pay cash. See us. Wight Real Estate Co., Empire Bldg.

FARM LAND—NEW YORK. FOR SALE.

CHOICE farm, outside New York city limits; profitable farming or investment; pleasant surroundings; favorable terms. Apply Box 163, Tryon, N. C.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

CHOICE HOME BARGAINS.

$15,000 BUYS one of the very best homes on Ponce de Leon avenue; 10-room brick-veneer; 2 tile baths, mahogany finish, steam heat; servant room and garage. This place cost owner more money, but he has no use for it now. Can arrange terms. Assume loan, $7,500 at 5 per cent, runs 4 years, $2,500 cash, balance to suit you. This is a real bargain.

$6,500 BUYS one of the most attractive bungalows on St. Charles avenue, corner lot. There are 6 nice, large rooms and sleeping porch; hardwood floors, furnace, tile bath; in fact, it was built for a home. So, if you want to buy a little home in best section, see us.

3rd Natl. Bank Bldg. MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO. Ivy 1276

JUNIPER STREET HOME SACRIFICE, $8,250

HOUSE WORTH	$ 6,000.00
Corner lot, 50x190	$ 4,000.00
2-room servants' house and stable	$ 500.00
TOTAL VALUE	$10,500.00
Yours for	$ 8,250.00
YOU MAKE	$ 2,250.00

TWO-STORY, 8 rooms, every convenience. This price good only for a few days. Call at office or phone for engagement.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
203 EMPIRE BUILDING.

CITY ACREAGE BARGAIN
JUST THINK OF IT—Four big acres of beautiful, original forest land, fronting over 400 feet on Williams street, south of 14th street, and right at West Peachtree and some of Atlanta's finest homes, for $11,000. We have it, and can make prompt delivery, too.
A. J. & H. F. WEST,
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

AMUSEMENTS

ATLANTA THEATER
Christmas Mat. and Night
And ALL WEEK MATS. WED. AND SAT.
William Elliott
F. Ray Comstock
and Morris Gest
Present THE MOST WONDERFUL PLAY IN AMERICA

By George V. Hobart
9 Months in New York
7 Months in Chicago
5 Months in Boston
10 BIG SCENES COMPANY OF 82
A Love Story of Youth, His Trials and Temptations
PLEASURE
PRICES—NIGHTS, TUES. & SAT. MATS. 50c to $2. Wed. Mat., Special, 50c to $1.50.

LOEW'S GRAND
Continuous .....1 to 11 p. m.
Vaudeville .....8:30, 7 and 9 p. m.
Afternoons 10, 15c; Nights, 10, 20, 30c (Including War Tax.)
DAISY HARCOURT
New Songs and Gorgeous Gowns.
HENRY & ADELAIDE
Melody and Classy Steps.
5-Big Vaudeville Acts-5
GEORGE WALSH
In Photo-play, "Pride of New York."

ALAMO No. 2
TODAY AND FRIDAY
Big Double Program
Bryant Washburn
—In—
"The Fibbers"
Also
WILLIAM S. HART,
—In—
"THE COME-BACK"

ATLANTA'S LEADING AND MOST POPULAR PICTURE PLAY THEATERS
SHOWS FOR TODAY.
ODEON Usual Exhibitions Adults 10c, Children 5c
TODAY ONLY
DOROTHY PHILLIPS
Magnetic Picture Star in
"THE GIRL IN THE CHECKED COAT"
A study in heredity—the strange story of two sisters raised under different circumstances, and the result of chance.
RIALTO Open 11 to 11 O'Clock Adults 10c, Children 5c
Orient's Greatest Player
SESSUE HAYAKAWA
Reverts to Type in
"The Call of The East"
"It's a wonderful bit of acting"—That is the comment of every critic who has seen this photoplay.
Also—An Alice Howell Comedy.
FORSYTH Open 11 to 11 O'Clock Adults 15c, Children 10c
GERALDINE FARRAR
Universal Favorite in
"The Devil-Stone"
HALIFAX HORROR — "THAT NIGHT"
STRAND REGULAR SHOWINGS Adults 15c Children 10c
MAE MARSH
Versatility Itself in
"The Cinderella Man"
VAUDETTE Usual Exhibitions Adults 10c, Children 5c
VIVIAN MARTIN
Wakes English Relatives Up in
"The Fair Barbarian"

MARGARET WOODROW WILSON
(The President's Daughter)
CONCERT SOPRANO.
Auditorium, Sat. Night
Prices, 50 cents to $1.50; Soldiers, 25 cents.
Sale now on at
CABLE PIANO CO.

DISEASE ON INCREASE AMONG DRAFTED MEN

But Health Conditions Are Reported Better in the Guard Camps.

Washington, December 19.—General improvement in health conditions in the national guard divisions for the week ending December 14 was reported today by the division of field sanitation. In the national army, however, there was an increase in the total cases of pneumonia, measles and meningitis due to renewed outbreak in a few of the divisions.

"With the exception of the 34th, 35th and 40th divisions," said the report, "but few new cases of measles are reported from the national guard camps. Pneumonia following measles is also rapidly decreasing in all but three of the divisions in which measles has been epidemic." Those three divisions are the 30th, 34th and 39th. Meningitis has increased in only the 30th and 35th divisions.

Marked increase in measles is reported in the 37th and 90th national army divisions with a slight increase in the 89th. Pneumonia conditions in all divisions except the 90th improved during the week, but 77 new cases were reported in that division, an increase of 36 over last week. There has been a marked increase in meningitis in the 81st division, but the epidemic in the 89th division continues to decline.

Deaths for the week in the guard divisions totalled 165 against 190 the week previous and those in the national army 87 against 74 the week bfore. Of the guardsmen dying, 143 succumbed to pneumonia and 12 to meningitis. In the national army there were 69 deaths from peumonia and 18 from meningitis.

There was a decrease of 128 cases of pneumonia in the guard camps, the total for the week being 295 as against 423 the week previous. Cases of measles decreased from 2,632 the previous week to 1,058 and meningitis from 42 to 30.

In the national army there was an increase of 124 cases of pneumonia with 294 this week against 170 the week before. There were 2,251 cases of measles this week against 1,369 the previous week, while meningitis cases were 61 against 35 last week.

CREDIT
ASKIN AND MARINE
ATLANTA'S LEADING CREDIT CLOTHIERS
78 WHITEHALL
W. A. DAY, MGR.

Objectors to the Draft For Conscience's Sake Get Ten Years in Prison

San Francisco, December 19.—Ten years in a military prison will be the sentence imposed hereafter upon "conscientious objectors to the draft," according to an announcement today by Major General Arthur Murray, commanding the western department of the army.

Alfred Bloss, Jr., and Wallford E. Maher, both of Seattle, Wash., who expressed scruples against draft service, were sentenced each to ten years by a court-martial at Fort Worden, Wash.

Commerce Draft Man Reports Triplets Born On Very Day of His Call

Commerce, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Carl Frady, a young man 21 years of age, of this county, came to town today to fill the blanks in the questionnaire. In designating his dependence he named his young bride of less than one year and her triplets, three bouncing fine boys, born this morning just before he left home. The kaiser would pay a gold premium for mothers of this type, members of the exemption board declared.

AMUSEMENTS

B. F. Keith's
LYRIC
Supreme Vaudeville
2:30—7:30—9:15. 10c—20c—30c
Thursday, Friday, Saturday
HARRY GIRARD & CO.
in a Thumbnail Musical Comedy
"The Wail of an Eskimo"
ED. MORTON
The Singer You Know
JOHN T. RAY & CO.
A Singing and Dancing Episode
"Check Your Hat"
THREE DARING SISTERS
Aerial Thrills
SAXO QUINTETTE
Melody and Merriment
Burton Holmes Travelogues
Hearst-Pathe News

Mary Anderson
and
Antonio Moreno
in
"By Right of Possession"
If you don't believe a woman would make a good sheriff and you don't believe the West is still "wild and woolly," you come to the
ALPHA THEATER
TODAY
and be convinced by a woman who handles a riot, escapes from a wrecked mine, a blown-up reservoir and a cattle stampede, beats a man for the sheriff's badge and then marries the man.

A Treat for the Children
ALADDIN AND THE WONDERFUL LAMP
With
Virginia Lee Corbin
and
Francis Carpenter
(Stars "Jack and the Beanstalk")
THE CRITERION
THREE DAYS, COMMENCING TODAY

TABERNACLE BUILDING FOR SALE

Sealed bids will be received until noon Wednesday, December 27th, for the tabernacle as it stands. Delivery early in January. Equity only in plumbing and wiring.

Separate bids received for chairs and stoves.

State purpose for which it will be used. Address bids or inquiries to

H. Y. McCord,
Chairman Building Committee,
Sunday Headquarters, Y. M. C. A. Building.

REPORTER GOT GRAFT FOR CHIEF OF POLICE

Costello Was Such a Good Collector He Turned Over $13,900 to Healey.

Chicago, December 19.—Thomas Costello, once a police reporter, today testified for the state in the trial of former Chief of Police Charles Healey, accused of graft while in office, that he virtually was business manager for Healey during the latter's administration.

In the opinion of the prosecuting attorney, the trial, which has lasted three months, has brought out no more interesting evidence than Costello's testimony that, from the spasmodic picking up of a little "stray money," the former chief was put on such a paying basis that in fifteen months he received from Costello $13,900 as the price paid for the protection of vice, gambling and for the restoration of saloon licenses.

The promotion of police was another department that he handled successfully, Costello said.

He told that he was the power behind the throne that had policemen transferred, arranged for their promotion at a set price and built up a splendid business, all cash, from saloonkeepers who wanted to stray just outside the law.

Healey, William Skidmore, a politician, and Stephen Barry, senior detective sergeant at the West Lake street station, the center of the West Side vice district, were indicted last February as the result of a raid by the state's attorney men on Costello's office, where a great quantity of documentary evidence was obtained. Police Lieutenant Augustus White, in charge of the West Lake street station, was involved in the record, it was said. He turned state's evidence and his testimony was of much the same nature as Costello's, except that he did not directly accuse the former chief of receiving the cash collected. Saloon and resort keepers who admitted they had paid Costello retaining fees running up in the hundreds of dollars also have testified in the present trial, which is now in its third month.

Healey resigned soon after he was indicted, and was restored to his former standing as a police captain.

More than 2,000 tapped telephone calls have been introduced, stenographic records of conversation between the chief and Costello, Skidmore and others.

Costello is expected to conclude his direct testimony tomorrow, after which he will be cross-examined. The case is expected to reach the jury about January 15.

HOW ABOUT THAT CHRISTMAS DINNER?

Hundreds of Atlanta People Will Enjoy Christmas Dinner This Year More Than Ever.

VITONA LETS THEM EAT ALL THEY WANT—NO AFTER EFFECTS.

Christmas will be a memorable day to hundreds of Atlanta folks who have heretofore not been able to enjoy it to its fullest extent. People who have suffered for years and years with indigestion and stomach troubles and now are "shouting happy," because Vitona has freed them from this terrible condition, and they can now join in at the Xmas dinner with no dread or fear of results.

Of course, we do not consider that the "eats" are all there is to Xmas. Nor is it by any means the greatest part—but to be able to get away with your share of this feature of it—eat as much as you want with no ill effects, sure puts a fellow in a better frame of mind to enjoy the other and greater part.

VITONA will do that very thing.

If you are a dyspeptic, TRY IT. If you are subject to having your meals "go back on you," TRY VITONA.

If there ever is a season when all people should be happy it is Xmas, and if ever a fellow gets that "joy spreading" feeling on him, it should be Xmas times. It's a wonderful thing to be alive to celebrate the birth of the greatest Man ever born, Him who holds this old world of turmoil in the palm of His hands. And from the same hand, deals out the blessings of life to us all.

Good health, good digestion and good appetite will qualify you to get the very best out of this week of celebration. So, "take a tip" and go right to Cone's and get a bottle of Vitona and get yourself in shape. A dose after each meal will work wonders for you.

Vitona is on sale exclusively at E. H. Cone's Drug Stores, Atlanta.—(adv.)

MORTUARY

Mrs. G. H. Carmichael.

Newnan, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—Mrs. Florrie R. Carmichael, aged 77 years, wife of George Hunter Carmichael, died Tuesday night at 11 o'clock, at her home in Newnan, after a brief illness of pneumonia. The funeral will be held Thursday morning at the Central Baptist church at Newnan.

Mrs. C. G. Mills, Griffin.

Griffin, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Mrs. Charles G. Mills, Jr., wife of one of Griffin's most prominent young lawyers, died at her home on South Hill street, Tuesday afternoon following an illness of several days. Mrs. Mills was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Blakely. She is survived by her husband, her parents and two children.

W. P. Walker, Griffin.

Griffin, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—W. P. Walker, one of Spalding county's wealthiest and most prominent citizens, died suddenly at the local hospital Monday night of heart trouble. He was stricken while uptown and died in the afternoon. Mr. Walker was 61 years of age, and is survived by his widow, one son and one daughter, besides a number of brothers and sisters. He was widely known and had a large family connection. He was buried from Union Baptist church today.

Miss Lillian Harrell.

Miss Lillian Harrell, 35 years old, died in Atlanta at 5 o'clock Wednesday morning. Miss Harrell is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Harrell, and her sister, Emily.

Mrs. E. E. Edwards.

Mrs. E. E. Edwards, 60 years old, died Wednesday. She is survived by her son, D. P. Edwards, 68 Forrest avenue.

Mrs. E. C. Cobb.

Mrs. Estelle C. Cobb, 38 years old, wife of C. C. Cobb, died in Atlanta Wednesday morning. Besides her husband she is survived by her brother, Shelby Corbett, and her niece, Miss Gladys Corbett, who live at 241 Courtland street. Four sisters also survive the deceased. They are Mrs. Joe Brasell and Misses Della, Lillie and Maggie Campton.

Charles T. Burton.

The body of Charles T. Burton, who died in Atlanta Tuesday, was sent to Campton, Ga., Wednesday afternoon. The deceased is survived by his wife and one little child; his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Burton, and two brothers, H. W. Burton and G. H. Burton.

Turks Stole Treasure Of the Holy Sepulchre And Mistreated Priests

Washington, December 19.—An official dispatch received here today from France says that the Turks before surrendering Jerusalem to the British, brutally mistreated Christian priests, carried off the famous treasure of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, valued at millions of dollars, and sent to Berlin the church's celebrated Ostensory of Brilliants.

Monsignor Camassel, the patriarch of Jerusalem, is said to have been deposed from his office, and Father Piccardo, an Italian priest, to have died from the effects of Turkish brutalities.

The Church of the Holy Sepulchre had remained unmolested heretofore during the centuries of Moslem occupation of Jerusalem.

The same dispatch told of indignation among Mussulmen of Asia Minor over the action of a German general in establishing staff headquarters in the great mosques of the City of Alepo, near the Syrian border.

FINAL DRAWING ROOM MEET AT MAYOR'S HOME

The last of the Billy Sunday drawing room meetings in Atlanta will be held today at the home of Mayor Asa G. Candler, in Druid Hills. About five hundred people have been invited to meet the evangelist and members of his party at the Candler home, and Mr. Sunday will deliver one of his characteristic talks to the assemblage.

Another interesting fact is that the first drawing room meeting in this city was held in the mansion of the governor of the state, while the last is in the home of the mayor of the city.

TRIBE OF BEN HUR EXPRESSES THANKS

The Tribe of Ben Hur society desire to express their high appreciation of the courtesies and advantages afforded them by the Billy Sunday management at the tabernacle. The special reservation of seats was of the utmost advantage to the society and their friends and the sermon was so effective that many of the members were seen wending their way down the trail when Billy signalled to come. They want to say, "Billy, we thank you."

FIRST BIG HAUL OF CHRISTMAS BOOZE IS MADE IN MACON

Macon, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) The city detectives made their first big haul of Christmas liquor this afternoon when they seized five trunks filled with bottle goods at the baggage room at the Macon Terminal station. The detectives at first tried to enter the baggage car when it arrived under the train sheds, but the baggagemaster refused to permit them to do so. They later went to the baggage room and attempted to take the trunks, but the station master refused to let hem have them without a warrant. Finally after lawyers had been called in by both sides, it was agreed that the detectives should give a receipt for the property and agree to stand good for all damages. No clue has been obtained as to whom the whisky belonged.

Nineteen From Laurens.

Dublin, Ga., December 19.—(Special.) Nineteen men left here early this morning for Camp Gordon to join the national army, being the last of the certified white men in Laurens county's first quota of 301 men.

Draft questionaires are being sent out daily by the local board here, and the work of classifying the 3,000 registered men who remain in the county is well under way.

For Sale—A Tabernacle.

The Billy Sunday tabernacle is for sale.

This announcement was made by H. Y. McCord, chairman of the building committee, who will receive bids for the building at the headquarters in the Y. M. C. A. building until December 27.

The advertisement for bids asks that those who would purchase the big building state for what purpose they would use it, and it is believed that no one would be allowed to buy the building who would devote it to what might be looked upon as harmful amusements or sports.

The tabernacle will be ready for delivery to purchaser early in January.

Two Held for Larceny.

County Policemen Cates and Lyles early Wednesday morning captured Tom Johnson and Steve Hacklin, two young white men, on the Marietta road, and recovered a box of hosiery and a large sack of coffee the officers allege the men took from a freight car at the Inman yards. The men were locked in the Tower on the charge of larceny.

GAINESVILLE WORKING FOR 500 NEW MEMBERS

Gainesville, Ga., December 19.—(Special.)—A vigorous, concerted effort is being made by the local Red Cross chapter, and by the Brenau unit, to enroll 500 new members in the American Red Cross during the week of the Christmas campaign for 10,000,000 new members. Every effort will be made to enroll this many new names on the honor roll in Gainesville during this week.

Fourteen Go to Camp.

Local exemption board No. 2 sent fourteen more young Atlantans to Camp Gordon Wednesday, thereby practically completing the quota of this board under the first call. The young men were: C. C. McGehee, J. H. Sands, C. O. Lambert, A. W. Norrell, C. G. McKinney, J. F. Price, Jr., P. L. Sherman, T. W. Jones, R. P. Englett, D. H. Aken, D. E. Beaton, C. L. Whitehead, C. A. Jones and E. H. Adams.

Growing Value of Good Credit

Credit is constantly becoming a more and more important factor in the conduct of good business. More than ever must it be preserved and strengthened.

There is no more valuable factor in this strengthening process than a certified accountant's audit.

A correct audit not only shows, but it establishes your business strength as nothing else can do it. Give the exact facts, and your bank will go the limit for you. Let us figure with you.

Alonzo Richardson & Company
Certified Public Accountants
Empire Bldg., - - Atlanta, Ga.

ADAIR OFFERS A DRUID HILLS HOME

Most of the builders in Druid Hills are permanent home owners; occasionally for special reasons a home is put on the market for sale.

Such is the dwelling No. 34 Fairview Road, on the corner of Springdale Road. The lot is 125x266; the house was planned and built with great care and taste.

Price, $19,500, a figure far less than cost of duplication in these days of high-priced material and scarce labor. Terms very reasonable.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

Mortgage loans on Atlanta Real Estate at lowest rates of interest. It will pay you to get our figures before trading elsewhere.
Est. 1890
WEYMAN & CONNORS
Trust Company of Ga. Bldg.
S. T. WEYMAN
Fayne Gibson A. B. Chapman

Greeting Cards
Beautifully designed and appropriately worded cards for Christmas and New Year's.
Prepared especially for business men, these cards are well suited to the season.
They are ready for mailing. Come in and make your selections.
Foote & Davies Co.
Edgewood at Pryor Phone Ivy 4600

Keep Your Money at Work
Now is the time to make every dollar earn as much as possible without sacrificing the security. Safeguard your savings
And Get 8%
SECURED BY A FIRST MORTGAGE LOAN ON ATLANTA REAL ESTATE
Consult Us for a Loan on Your Real Estate
Call or Write Us for Details
T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc.
MORTGAGE LOAN BANKERS
Thirteenth Floor Empire Bldg.
ATLANTA
Loan Correspondents
Mortage Loan Company
The Calvert Mortgage Company
The Volunteer State Life Insurance Company

First Class Real Estate Loans
Made at 5%, 6% and 7% Interest
Real Estate Sales and Business Leases Negotiated
E. W. Alfriend E. W. ALFRIEND Winter Alfriend
Alfriend Building

Kryptok Bifocals
are a combination of far and near seeing glasses in one solid glass, doing away with the needless trouble of two pairs of glasses, or if you only need a reading glass they can be ground in such a way when you look up or at a distance it will not be necessary for you to look over or take off your glasses. There are no seams, lines or blisters to annoy you or attract the attention of others—absolutely invisible while on the face. These glasses, when made by us, combined with our perfect workmanship and careful face measurements of each individual case, have proven a revelation to those who want perfect eyesight and appreciate neatness of appearance. We can do all that can be done for you in an optical house. If you need the attention of an oculist we will tell you so plainly and refuse to sell you glasses at any price. We are opticians pure and simple—not oculists. Ask any of our patients how we conduct our business.
Walter Ballard Optical Co.

LODGE NOTICES

The 69th annual communication of Fulton Lodge, No. 216, F. & A. M., will be held in Masonic Temple this (Thursday) evening, December 20, 1917, at 7:30 o'clock. Reports of the committees will be read and the election of officers for the ensuing year will be held. A full attendance of the membership is urgently requested. All qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of P. L. T. BEAVERS, W. M.
J. H. LEAVITT, Secretary.

A special communication of John R. Wilkinson Lodge, No. 432, F. & A. M., will be held in their temple this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting brethren invited to meet with us. C. A. PITTS, W. M.
O. N. M'ELROY, Secretary.

A regular communication of John Rooler Lodge, No. 608, F. & A. M., will be held in their temple, corner of Hemphill avenue and West Tenth street, this (Thursday) evening, December 20, at 7:30 o'clock. Election of officers will be held and report of finance committee will be made. All members are requested to attend. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited to attend.
SAM NORTON, W. M.
CLAUDE E. MARSH, Secretary.

The seventy-third regular annual communication of Pythagoras Lodge, No. 41, F. & A. M., for the election of officers will be held in Masonic Temple, Decatur, Ga., this (Thursday) evening, December 20, 1917, at 7:30 o'clock. Brethren duly qualified cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order
DENNIS LINDSEY, W. M.
E. H. MASON, Secretary.

B. P. O. of Elks—Initiation. A regular session of Atlanta Lodge, No. 78, B. P. O. of Elks will be held this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to meet with us. Fraternally,
R. E. CHURCH, Exalted Ruler.
THEO. MAST, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

BROWN—The friends of Mrs. Cora Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Rolader and family and Mrs. Joseph Brown and family are invited to attend the funeral of Byron, the little son of Mrs. Cora Brown, at Sardis church this morning at 11 o'clock. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

TURNER—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Turner and family, Messrs. O. T., W. A., F. J. and C. A. Sewell, Miss Terry Sewell, Mrs. A. R. Saffold, Mrs. E. H. Turner and Mrs. A. Gann are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. J. A. Turner from the residence, 100 Jones avenue, at 1 o'clock today. Interment at Mt. Harmony. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

ALLEN—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Allen, Mrs. Elizabeth Allen, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Allen, Mr. T. P. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Durham and Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Durham are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. E. W. Allen this (Thursday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, 61 Strong street. Interment at Oakland. Hunter & Hemperley, funeral directors in charge.

COBB—The remains of Mrs. Estelle C. Cobb, 38 years of age, who died Wednesday morning at a local hospital, was taken Wednesday afternoon to Huntsville, Ala., for interment. A short funeral service was held at 4 o'clock at Awtry & Lowndes' chapel, Rev. H. W. Quillian officiating. Mrs. Cobb is survived by her husband, C. C. Cobb, and one brother, Shelby E. Corbitt, of Electric, N. C.

WOODS—The friends and relatives of Mrs. Carrie B. Woods, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Woods, Mr. Edwin Woods, Mrs. Eva Woods, Mrs. M. A. Grant, Judge J. J. Hunt and Mr. and Mrs. Barnard Hunt are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Carrie B. Woods today at 3 p. m. from the residence, 72 Cherokee avenue. Rev. Thomas Johnson will officiate. Interment, West View. Limousines will leave the funeral parlors of A. O. & Roy Donehoo at 1:15 p. m.

ORME—Friends and relatives of Mrs. Aquilla J. Orme, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Orme, Miss Evelyn Orme, Mrs. Mary H. Randall, Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Harman, are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Aquilla J. Orme, Sr., this (Thursday) afternoon, December 20, 1917, at 3 p. m. from the residence of her son, Mr. A. J. Orme, 915 Peachtree street, corner Peachtree and Thirteenth streets. Rev. Charles W. Daniel will officiate. Interment in Oakland cemetery. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. M. Patterson & Son at 2:30 o'clock: Mr. Bolling H. Jones, Mr. Spencer R. Atkinson, Mr. Allen F. Johnson, Mr. H. H. Cabaniss, Mr. W. D. Ellis, Sr., Mr. John M. Green, Mr. H. R. Durant and Mr. Walter T. Cochran.

$50 Reward
will be paid for the arrest of Ernest Jones, assigned to contractor Rockdale county. Color, white; age, 20; county, Habersham; crime, burglary; term, 12 years; state received 9—9—13; height, 6-2; weight, 180; color hair, light; color eyes, gray. Remarks: Rifle-ball scar on left leg. Escaped at night between 10 and 12 o'clock. A reward of $50.00 will be paid by Rockdale county. Notify Chairman Nix, Chairman Rockdale County, Conyers, Ga.

Excess Profits Tax
is based upon the proportion of profits made to capital invested. It applies to all corporations, partnerships and individuals doing business. Hence it is as important to determine the actual invested capital (not capital stock) as it is to ascertain the net income. Consult us.
Business Counsellors
JOEL HUNTER & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
ATLANTA

PROFESSIONAL CARDS
F. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr. Arthur Heyman.
Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 2022, 2024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. J. T. GAULT
SPECIALIST
22-24 INMAN BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

Holidays for Agnes Scott.

Christmas holidays for Agnes Scott college began yesterday at 1:20 and will extend through 3 o'clock January 2. Besides several members of the faculty, there were nearly two hundred and fifty young women who returned to their homes in southern, northern and western states.